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Date: 2/7/72

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR (100-442529)

FROM: SAC, JACKSON (100-57) (P)

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS (CIRM)
IS - C

Re Jackson airtel to Bureau dated 11/3/71.

This letter being submitted in lieu of report or LHM in view of the fact that there has been no information developed concerning communist strategy tactics or penetration and influence in racial and other organizations.

LEADS:JACKSONAT JACKSON (HINDS COUNTY), MISS.

Will be alert to information developed concerning possible communist involvement in racial matters in the State of Miss.

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2-Bureau (RM)
2-Jackson
CS:sh
(4)

REC-56/100-442529-3474

7 FEB 11 1972

EXT. INT. SEC.

Approved: 60 FEB 22 1972

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE LOS ANGELES	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 2/2/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 1/5-31/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS <i>Extra: 15</i>		REPORT MADE BY CHARLES C. WILSON	TYPED BY yfs
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCES: Los Angeles report of SA CHARLES C. WILSON dated 11/1/71.
Los Angeles report of SA BRENDAN O. CLEARY dated 1/13/72 and entitled "BLACK PANTHER PARTY - CLEAVER FACTION; EM - BPP".

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ADMINISTRATIVE

Copies of this report are being furnished to New York as Office of Origin, San Diego and San Francisco for information in view of their interest in communist influence in racial matters in California. Info

100-442529-3475

Case has been: Pending over one year ☐ Yes ☐ No; Pending prosecution over six months ☐ Yes ☐ No

APPROVED <i>[Signature]</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE: 9 - Bureau (100-442529) (RM) 1 - New York (100-153735) (Info) (RM) 1 - San Diego (100-13259) (Info) (RM) 1 - San Francisco (100-53902) (Info) (RM) 1 - Los Angeles (100-66078)		<i>100-442529-2462</i>	REC-22
		FEB 7 1972	EX-104
Dissemination Record of Attached Report		Notations	
Agency <i>ICC</i>	<i>DSO</i>	<i>SS</i>	
Request Recd.			
Date Fwd.			
How Fwd.			
By	<i>CEC/ci</i>		

FEB 24 1972

100-66078

LA 100-66078

Information furnished by sources contained in this report is classified ~~Confidential~~ because the unauthorized disclosure could be prejudicial to national defense interests by compromising LA T-1 through LA T-4, informants of continuing value.

INFORMANTS

<u>SOURCE</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>
LA T-1 [REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
LA T-2 [REDACTED]	
LA T-3 [REDACTED]	
LA T-4 [REDACTED]	

b3
b7D
b7E

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to:

Report of: CHARLES C. WILSON
Date: 2/2/72

Office: Los Angeles, California

Field Office File #: 100-66078

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopsis: The Southern California District Communist Party (SCDCP) continues to actively support the defense of ANGELA DAVIS and has attempted to link the peace movement and the end of war in Vietnam movement with her defense. The Black Liberation Commission (BLC) of the SCDCP had planned before the end of 1971 to have a joint black conference of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA) to be held in San Francisco, California, and featuring CHARLENE MITCHELL of New York who is the National CPUSA Chairman of the National BLC, CPUSA. DOROTHY HEALEY, former Chairman of the SCDCP, reportedly met with [REDACTED] of the Black Panther Party - Cleaver Faction during October 1971 concerning the defense of ANGELA DAVIS.

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DETAILS:

All meetings, unless otherwise indicated, were held in the Los Angeles, California area.

The Southern California District Communist Party and the Communist Party, USA will herein after be referred to as the SCDCP and the CPUSA respectively.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

LA 100-66078

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA DISTRICT
COMMUNIST PARTY -
STRATEGY AND INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS

LA T-1 (9/12-14/71)

At a special committee meeting of the SCDCP on September 8, 1971, the freedom of ANGELA DAVIS from jail was discussed and it was mentioned that a weakness existed in the leadership of the National United Committee to Free Angela Davis (NUCFAD).

NUCFAD was founded by the CPUSA to free ANGELA YVONNE DAVIS, self-admitted member of the SCDCP, who faces murder-kidnaping charges at Marin County, California. The SCDCP controls NUCFAD by use of CPUSA members in key positions. Headquarters are located at San Francisco, California.

The SCDCP clubs were requested to send people to work in the office for the ANGELA DAVIS Defense Committee at the volunteer rate of at least two hours per person in order to keep the office open. The discussion in this committee meeting attempted to organize a small SCDCP body to meet bi-weekly, as a part of other committees for ANGELA DAVIS and more committees must be set up in various areas such as Long Beach, East Los Angeles and other areas in Los Angeles.

On September 9, 1971, at a meeting of the Black Liberation Commission (BLC) of the SCDCP, the first point discussed was a potential joint black conference of the CPUSA which was proposed to be held in San Francisco, California. This conference would be attended by Northern and Southern California Black Commission CPUSA members. The purpose of such a Black Commission CPUSA conference would be to discuss the problems of the

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Black Liberation Movement and building the CPUSA. Two points to be discussed at this conference would be the freedom of ANGELA DAVIS and the 1972 political elections and black participation in that election. The proposal of this Black Commission Conference was unanimously adopted. It was agreed that CHARLENE MITCHELL, the National CPUSA Chairman of the National BLC, CPUSA, would be contacted in New York in order to set a date for the conference in San Francisco.

It was further mentioned at this meeting that there would be national action to get a "Church Sunday" around ANGELA DAVIS and the actions to free her.

It was further announced that a conference would be held on racism and nationalism and sponsored by the Congress on Racial Equality (CORE) in the near future. The BLC was invited to join in with this conference.

On September 11, 1971, at a meeting of the District Committee, SCDCP, it was mentioned that the clubs of the SCDCP should meet weekly until the District and National Conventions of the SCDCP and CPUSA respectively are held. It was proposed that there should be reports on the commissions of the SCDCP, such as the Black Commission and the Chicano Commission. It was further proposed that two or three sessions of the SCDCP Convention be devoted to the resolutions in terms of the areas of work in the Black and Chicano Commissions.

On September 13, 1971, at a meeting of the Cyril Briggs Club of the SCDCP, all members present were urged to circulate petitions to free ANGELA DAVIS and to support the October 13, 1971 Moratorium in city-wide demonstration at the Federal Building, 300 North Los Angeles Street. This demonstration was planned to protest the war in Southeast Asia and this would be linked to the petitions circulated for ANGELA DAVIS' defense.

LA T-2 (9/18-21/71)

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On September 15, 1971, at a meeting of the South Central Club of the SCDGP, about 45 minutes were spent in a general discussion held to discuss the safety of ANGELA DAVIS in light of the deaths at San Quentin Prison in California during August 1971 and at the Attica, New York Prison during September 1971. On September 18, 1971, at a meeting of the Southern California Regional Committee of the NUCFAD, it was mentioned that the American imperialist power or the big bosses in America allowed lynch mobs to organize against blacks and other minorities. The speakers at this meeting further advocated that guns might be used to force and obtain a fair trial and justice for ANGELA DAVIS.

LA T-1 (9/26-29/71)

On September 23, 1971, at a meeting of the SCDGP Peace Commission, it was mentioned that the CPUSA would have to relate to the issues of prison revolts, the question of school busing to achieve integration, and the freedom of ANGELA DAVIS. It was further announced that a simulated court hearing would be held for ANGELA DAVIS and all political prisoners on Saturday, October 16, 1971 at Exposition Park in Los Angeles. Efforts were being made to include church ministers as speakers and to link the peace movement with the freedom of ANGELA DAVIS.

On September 27, 1971, at a meeting of the Cyril Briggs Club, SCDGP, the members discussed the linking of the anti-war in Vietnam issue and the freedom for ANGELA DAVIS and discussed the report of GUS HALL, National CPUSA Executive Secretary, which is entitled "Out of Indochina! Freedom for Angela Davis! Our Goals for 1971 and Out to Win Them".

On September 28, 1971, at a meeting of the SCDGP, it was announced that all members of the SCDGP should support the simulated trial for ANGELA DAVIS and all political prisoners to be held on October 16, 1971 at Exposition Park in Los Angeles.

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LA T-3 (9/30/71 - 10/2/71)

On September 28, 1971, at a meeting of the District Board, SCDCP, it was mentioned that special attention would be given to resolutions for the American Indians, the blacks and the browns of America at the National CPUSA Convention.

On September 29, 1971, at a meeting of the South Central Club of the SCDCP, there was discussion concerning the defense of BILLY D. SMITH, a Negro soldier in the U.S. Army who is accused of the murder of an Army officer. It was decided that a CPUSA member would be working with the family of this black soldier to help with details such as writing the petitions and trying to get help from other sources. It was further decided that this matter should be taken up at the next meeting of the BLC, SCDCP, at which time some plans of action should be discussed.

LA T-1 (10/15/71 - 11/7/71)

On October 14, 1971, at a meeting of the BLC, SCDCP, the first point to be discussed was a vote on the Chicano and Black Liberation Commissions of the SCDCP and the relationship of each of these two commissions to each other. The problem of division in the black and Chicano communities was also discussed. Responsibility for this problem was placed on the Black Liberation and Chicano Commissions of the SCDCP. These Commissions should begin to discuss the reason for the problem of division in these two major minority communities and publicly expose the cause for this kind of division. The division was planned by the U.S. power structure which divides in order to rule. It was proposed that a sub-committee of the BLC prepare a resolution on this problem of division among minority groups, particularly by the black and Chicano peoples. This resolution would be submitted to the National Convention, CPUSA, in 1972. This proposal for preparing this resolution was unanimously adopted. A proposal for a joint California State Black Conference of CPUSA members to be held before the end of

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1971 in San Francisco, California was also adopted. This conference would be centered around the freedom of ANGELA DAVIS. It was further proposed that if this conference would not be held, the BLC of the SCDGP should check to have CHARLENE MITCHELL, National Chairman of the BLC, CPUSA, participate in a special meeting with the BLC of the SCDGP.

It was further mentioned at this meeting that Sunday, November 14, 1971, had been set for a special call to all churches to fight for bail for ANGELA DAVIS. It was mentioned further that the CPUSA should attempt to transfer ANGELA DAVIS' case from the communist movement into broader movements. The SCDGP also planned to help in the case of the defense of BILLY D. SMITH (supra).

On October 17, 1971, at the 15th annual "People's World" banquet, one of the speakers was MARGARET ~~BURNHAM~~, a lawyer and close friend of ANGELA DAVIS. She spoke on the freedom for ANGELA DAVIS and detailed the aspects of ANGELA DAVIS' failing health in prison as one of the CALIF important reasons she must get out of prison on bail.

The "People's World" (PW) is a west coast weekly communist newspaper.

On October 25, 1971, at a meeting of the Cyril Briggs Club, SCDGP, it was stressed that the liberation of oppressed people must be stressed in terms of black, Chicano, Puerto Rican, and Indian people and special emphasis must be placed on the freedom for ANGELA DAVIS. It was further pointed out that ANGELA DAVIS' health is failing fast and the need to get her out of prison is very urgent. A proposal was made that the Cyril Briggs Club members go out in a body as soon as possible in the community to get petitions filled out to free ANGELA DAVIS. This proposal was excepted.

On November 5, 1971, at a special committee meeting of the Moranda Smith Section, SCDGP, it was

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discussed that the defense of ANGELA DAVIS should be a project of all the clubs of the SCDGP. The three clubs of the Moranda Smith Section agreed to participate in the office work at the headquarters of the Southern California office of the NUCFAD. It was further agreed that a statement should be sent to the leaders of the SCDGP to request the cooperation of all SCDGP members to give free time and work at the office for ANGELA DAVIS' defense in Los Angeles. The Che Lumumba Club, SCDGP, currently is the SCDGP club actively supporting NUCFAD. It was further proposed that a basic fact sheet on ANGELA DAVIS with pictures of the SCDGP point of view concerning the reason ANGELA DAVIS is being prosecuted be printed up and distributed by the SCDGP. Further, it was proposed that three television sets be raffled off on December 23, 1971 at the Southern California headquarters for the NUCFAD. The raffle tickets will be sold at \$1.00 each to raise funds for ANGELA's defense.

LA T-2 (11/14/71)

On November 10, 1971, at a meeting of the South Central Club, SCDGP, the discussion centered on the defense of ANGELA DAVIS. It was mentioned that a poll had been taken around San Jose, California and it turned out to show that it is impossible for ANGELA DAVIS to receive a fair trial in San Jose. The trial site should be moved again. It was proposed and adopted by the membership at this meeting that the defense of ANGELA DAVIS should be the top priority business of the SCDGP. It was further proposed that this club petition the leadership of the SCDGP to draw up and print half a million leaflets in the name of the CPUSA and distribute them throughout Southern California in defense of ANGELA DAVIS.

On November 11, 1971, at a BLC, SCDGP, meeting, the raffle of two television sets to raise money for the defense of ANGELA DAVIS was discussed. Each member of the South Central and Cyril Briggs Club, SCDGP, would receive ten tickets to sell for this raffle. The BLC also advocated the appeal to the churches to support the defense of ANGELA DAVIS.

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LA T-1 (11/29/71)

On November 15, 1971, at a pre-convention discussion of the Cyril Briggs Club, SCDCP, it was pointed out that neither the CPUSA nor the peace movements are about to move the majority of black people in mass demonstrations and that the CPUSA needs to take a new approach to influence masses of black people to demonstrate against the war in Southeast Asia. It was proposed that the National Convention of the CPUSA adopt a new and better approach for reaching the black communities. Also, it was proposed that the CPUSA should find a better way in trying to work with black churches where the majority of the black community has its basic roots.

LA T-2 (11/19/71)

On November 17, 1971, at a meeting of the South Central Club, SCDCP, there was a short discussion on the defense of ANGELA DAVIS and it was proposed that two or three members from each of the three clubs in the Moranda Smith Section of the SCDCP should make up the staff of the Southern California office of the NUCFAD.

LA T-1 (11/18/71)

On November 18, 1971, at a meeting of the Peace Commission, SCDCP, it was mentioned that there is not much black participation in the peace movement, which means that the CPUSA has failed to reach black people in terms of the peace movement in this country.

LA T-2 (11/27/71)

On November 24, 1971, at a meeting of the South Central Club, SCDCP, it was mentioned that a concert for the benefit of the NUCFAD would be held on December 5, 1971 at the Shrine Auditorium in Los Angeles.

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On February 26, 1972, a similar benefit concert would be held in San Francisco, California for the NUCFAD. It was mentioned that newspaper articles had accused the CPUSA of using a big portion of the defense money for ANGELA DAVIS for the CPUSA's personal use. This accusation came from one of ANGELA DAVIS' defense attorneys. It was reported the CPUSA has had to add money to ANGELA DAVIS' defense all along and if it were not for ANGELA DAVIS' defense, the CPUSA would not have to use money that is needed for other things. It was further stated that as soon as said replacement could be found that the attorney making this accusation would be replaced.

LA T-3 (11/27/71)

On November 26, 1971, at a meeting of the BLC, SCDGP, a report was made concerning the struggle in the CPUSA around the fight for unity in the black and Chicano community. A special report was also given on the continued fight for bail for ANGELA DAVIS.

LA T-4 (10/28/71)

On October 21, 1971, [redacted] of ELDRIDGE CLEAVER, visited in Los Angeles and conferred with DOROTHY HEALEY, former Chairwoman of the SCDGP.

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ELDRIDGE CLEAVER is the former Black Panther Party (BPP)(infra) Minister of Information, currently in exile in Algeria in view of his status as a federal fugitive.

The BPP is a black extremist organization started in Oakland, California, in December 1966. It advocates the use of guns and guerilla tactics to bring about the overthrow of the United States Government.

CLEAVER wanted to know about the situation with the ANGELA DAVIS defense committee and why funds and support were not given to RUCHELLE MC GEE and the Soledad Brothers. HEALEY indicated the DAVIS committee was short

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on funds as they had to pay for DAVIS' attorneys and family moving to Los Angeles. HEALEY said DAVIS' trial was costing the committee \$10,000.00 per month.

RUCHELLE ~~X~~ MC GEE is presently incarcerated at Marin County, California on charges stemming from the same incident in which ANGELA DAVIS was involved

The Soledad Brothers were three Negro prisoners accused of the January 17, 1970 slaying of a guard in Soledad Prison, California. GEORGE JACKSON, one of these three, was killed August 21, 1971 in an escape attempt from San Quentin Prison, California.

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In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Los Angeles, California
February 2, 1972

Title COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
 RACIAL MATTERS

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reference Report of SA CHARLES C. WILSON
 dated and captioned as above at
 Los Angeles.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE DETROIT	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 3/2/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 12/6/71 - 3/2/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY SA DELMAR EUGENE WARD	TYPED BY jms
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCE: Report of SA JOHN A. WOODSIDE at Detroit, 8/25/69.

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LEAD

DETROIT

AT DETROIT, MICHIGAN

Will follow and report communist influence in racial matters on a quarterly basis.

ADMINISTRATIVE

One copy of this report furnished New York as office of origin in this matter.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						☐ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			
APPROVED <i>[Signature]</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE							DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE: 6 - Bureau (100-442529) (RM) 1 - New York (100-153735) (Info) (RM) 1 - Detroit (100-32457)							100-442529-3476 REC 20 12 MAR 6 1972	
Dissemination Record of Attached Report							Notations	
Agency	2cc ISB 1cc SS 1cc 6/80						EXC-101-SEC <i>[Signature]</i>	
Request Recd.								
Date Fwd.	3/10/72 <i>[Signature]</i>							
How Fwd.	by R/S <i>[Signature]</i>							
By	CEH/MP <i>[Signature]</i> 1 cc Destroyed							

COVER PAGE

DE 100-32457

This report is classified ~~confidential~~ to protect the identities of DE T-1 through DE T-6, the disclosure of whom could be prejudicial to the defense interests of the nation.

All persons mentioned as members of the CPUSA who reside in the Detroit Office territory are on ADEX or under current investigation by the Detroit Office.

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source

Location

DE T-1 is

DE T-2 is

DE T-3 is

DE T-4 is

DE T-5 is

DE T-6 is

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: SA DELMAR EUGENE WARD Office: Detroit, Michigan
Date: 3/2/72
Field Office File #: 100-32457 Bureau File #: 100-442529
Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopsis: CPUSA, Michigan District (MDCP), continues to maintain active interest in "Black Liberation Movement." Recruitment of blacks is a major problem of MDCP. MDCP considering placing members near leaders of other organizations in an effort to influence them.

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DETAILS:

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

A. COMMUNIST PARTY, USA (CPUSA)

1. Plans, Strategy, Party Line and Similar Directives
Made at National Meetings, Including Expressions by National
and Local Functionaries.

DE T-1 advised that on Sunday, October 19, 1969, at a meeting of the CPUSA Black Liberation Commission held in Chicago, Illinois, ART MC PHAUL⁵⁴, a member of the Michigan District Communist Party (MDCP), gave a report on the Detroit situation and the very important and crucial election in Detroit. He said there is a black mayoralty candidate and six black councilmen out of 18, of which nine are to be elected. He said there is a split between the trade union movement and the black community. He said there is a coalition of black trade union leaders and the black community. He said he feels it is now possible to elect AUSTIN, the black candidate, as mayor. He said the Detroit Police are now openly moving into political work.

Concerning black caucuses in unions in Detroit, MC PHAUL said there are eight elected black presidents of Detroit locals. He said they want to build a national black caucus organization nation-wide and not just in the United Auto Workers (UAW).

MC PHAUL said that there is a defense committee being formed for ROBERT WILLIAMS⁵⁴. He said this includes all organizations from the white community as well as the Black Panther Party (BPP). He said the national office of the BPP has been closed in Detroit by the national organization, but there is still grass roots panther work being done.

The BPP is a black extremist organization started in Oakland, California, in December, 1966. It advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics to bring about the overthrow of the U. S. Government.

° MC PHAUL reported that WILLIAMS is planning to move to Detroit. He said WILLIAMS has said that he had worked for Ford Motor Company there, but they cannot find a record of his having ever worked there. MC PHAUL said there is some suspicion of WILLIAMS. MC PHAUL said they question why he had selected Detroit to live and work.

MC PHAUL said he would like to see someone from the national level of the CPUSA move into Detroit for an extended period of time to help the League of Revolutionary Black Workers (LRBW) develop. He said he would like to see someone specifically move there from the Black Liberation Commission.

° The LRBW is a black extremist labor organization whose goal is to oust UAW as bargaining representatives for black workers in Detroit area automobile plants.

Numerous questions were brought up for discussion. MC PHAUL answered some of them, saying that there has been a long struggle to get more black carpenters; the welfare struggle has been getting wide support, there was a petition drive against the police political work, the "TULC" is part of the establishment, and there is still a W.E.B. DuBois Club in Detroit.

The Detroit club of the W.E.B. DuBois Clubs of America (DCA) was affiliated with the DCA and was a Marxist oriented youth organization aimed at recruiting youth for the CPUSA. It is now defunct.

DE T-1 also advised that CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT,⁵¹ national CPUSA member, reported and discussed the following:

The Detroit political lesson must be used in other places. The UAW is now joining the black community in politics. Independent political action should be initiated in the name of the Party. Chicago must develop a black communist candidate.

in the near future. A lesson was learned from new politics which is that black equality can never be gotten on a one man, one vote situation. The Party is more advanced in city governments than in the trade union movement. The Detroit movement came out for structural changes in the UAW.

The Party must develop a cadre of four or five young black CPUSA members for leadership.

WILLIAM PATTERSON advised the following:

The Party should develop an active, militant struggle against the white police movement in Detroit.

2. Plans, Strategy, Party Line and Similar Directives
Made at the District and Lower Level Meetings

DE T-2 advised on December 4, 1969, that on November 30, 1969, a meeting was called and held at 143 Hazelwood, Detroit, Michigan. The main purpose of this meeting was to reorganize the MDCP's Negro commission, which had been in existence for about three months, but had held no meetings. The secondary purpose of this meeting and basic point of discussion was lengthy. Discussion concerned the MDCP's ability to enhance the "black cause" through work regarding the trade unions. It was emphatically stated that the CPUSA must push and must utilize all of its resources available to develop black leadership in the UAW and then attempt to recruit these blacks into the CPUSA.

DE T-3 advised that on December 17, 1970, a State Committee meeting was held at the "Glos Ludowy" office in Detroit. The sole topic of discussion was the question concerning the CPUSA's inability to recruit blacks. TOMMY DENNIS, Chairman of the MDCP, became infuriated when he asked the State Committee members to explain the lack of black recruits and no one was able to provide a satisfactory answer.

The "Glos Ludowy" is a Polish language newspaper published in Detroit whose leaders are avowed members of the CPUSA, and whose purpose is the glorification of the Soviet Union.

DE T-5 advised that the MDCP sponsored an open forum directed toward non-party people concerning the aims of "black liberation movement and the ANGELA DAVIS case." Guest speaker at this local MDCP meeting was ISMAEL FLORY of Chicago. The entire gist of FLORY's speech was based on the premise that ANGELA DAVIS was framed because she is black and a communist. 714

B. OTHER COMMUNIST GROUPS, SUCH AS THE SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY (SWP), PROGRESSIVE LABOR PARTY (PLP), ETC.

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The PLP was founded in 1962 by individuals expelled from the CPUSA for following the Chinese communist line. Its objective is the establishment of a militant working-class movement based on Marxism-Leninism and MAO Tse-tung thought.

No information developed.

II. INFORMATION ON CPUSA DIRECTION AND INFLUENCE IN DEMONSTRATIONS AND DISTURBANCES

No information develops.

III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND INFLUENCE IN RACIAL AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

A. CONTROL, CONFLICT AND CHANGE (CCC)

CCC is a group consisting primarily of white extremists from the Motor City Labor League (MCLL) and a few black extremists from the International Black Workers Congress (IBWC) that meet once a month for the purpose of pooling and sharing ideas. A main speaker who follows their revolutionary pattern is featured.

MCLL is a group of white extremists in the Detroit area interested in labor problems and operating under the National Lawyers Guild (NLG) in Detroit.

The Manifesto of the IBWC, also known as Black Workers Congress (BWC), reflects that "The International Black Workers Congress is an organization of black workers and students who have joined together to further the revolutionary struggle in the United States and other parts of the world, to consolidate many existing organizations, and to build unity among the revolutionary Third World Forces." The leader and executive secretary of the IBWC is JAMES FORMAN.

NLG is a communist front organization of lawyers and law students dedicated to CPUSA and New Left ideals for radical change of the social, economic, and judicial systems in the United States.

DE T-6 advised on November 12, 1971, that on November 9, 1971, CCC sponsored a meeting held at Central United Methodist Church, Detroit. The featured speakers at this meeting were two members of the Quebec Liberation Front (FLQ). In attendance at this meeting was STANLEY NOWAK, a member of the MDCP and chief functionary of the "Glos Ludowy."

B. INTERNATIONAL BLACK WORKERS CONGRESS (IBWC)

DE T-4 advised that the CPUSA feels that revolutionaries such as JOHN WATSON² of the IBWC claimed to be Marxist but in actuality they are not since they receive money from sources such as the Ford Foundation. DE T-4 advised that the CPUSA is interested in placing Negro CPUSA members in a position near WATSON and others in an attempt to influence them.

KENNETH JOHN WATSON is a member of the IBWC and is treasurer of the Black Star Publishing Company and president of Black Star Productions. Until August, 1971, he was a member of the central staff of the LRBW.

The Black Star Publishing Company is the printing facility of the LRBW.

C. MICHIGAN COMMITTEE TO FREE ANGELA DAVIS (MCFAD)

MCFAD is an affiliate of the National United Committee to Free ANGELA DAVIS (NUCFAD).

NUCFAD was founded by the CPUSA to free ANGELA YVONNE DAVIS, self-admitted member of the Southern California District, CPUSA (SCDCP), who faces murder-kidnaping charges at Marin County, California. The SCDCP controls NUCFAD by use of CPUSA members in key positions. Headquarters are located at San Francisco, California.

DE T-3 advised on March 2, 1972, that since the inception of the New York Committee to Free ANGELA DAVIS in October, 1970, the MDCP has joined in a world-wide effort to raise funds for the freedom of ANGELA DAVIS. MCFAD has attempted to rally support, both moral and financial, from

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DE 100-32457

all facets of Detroit society. The CPUSA has used the fact that ANGELA DAVIS is black to full advantage in an attempt to formulate committees in labor unions, factories, on high school and university campuses, in the ghetto and the white suburbs. Generally speaking, they had attempted to raise funds by any means possible with their rallying point being that ANGELA DAVIS is a black woman and more important, a black first and a woman second.

- 8* -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Detroit, Michigan
March 2, 1972

*In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.*

Title Communist Influence in Racial Matters

Character Security Matter - C

Reference Report at Detroit, dated
 and captioned as above

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

1 - Mr. A. Rosen
1 - Mr. E. S. Miller

SAC, Albany

March 2, 1972

Director, FBI (100-442529)

1 - Mr. G. C. Moore
1 - Mr. A. Gray
1 - Mr. C. E. Glass

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
IS - C

A number of offices in the last quarterly communications submitted in this investigation changed the title to "Communist Influence in Extremist Matters, IS - C," apparently because of the recent change in character to "Extremist Matters." The title of this case has not been changed and should continue to be carried as before. This investigation, as indicated in the original instructions in Bureau letter to all offices dated 8/28/64 captioned "Communist Party, USA, Negro Question, Communist Influence in Racial Matters, IS - C," is to follow the efforts of the Communist Party and other communist groups to influence racial groups through participation in demonstrations, the activities of legitimate civil rights groups, and similar activities. Our interest in this influence is not limited to the influence in extremist groups but does include such influence. The Manual of Instructions, Section 87B, page 16, also indicates that this investigation is not limited to reporting communist influence in extremist matters.

REC-1

A review of the information submitted in this investigation indicates that many offices are either not taking positive steps to obtain the necessary information or are not reporting all information developed. Many offices are reporting that the CP is active in supporting the defense of Angela Davis. However, no information is being included as to the reason for this support. Davis is an admitted CP member and it is to be expected that the CP would support her cause for that reason. For the purpose of this investigation, information should be developed as to whether or not the CP is using the Davis issue to influence, exploit and seek support in the black community since Davis is black.

2 - All Offices

CEG:ckw (124)

19 MAR 6 1972

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

GCM

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Felt _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Bishop _____
Mr. Miller, E.S. _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. Dalbey _____
Mr. Cleveland _____
Mr. Ponder _____
Mr. Bates _____
Mr. Waikart _____
Mr. Walters _____
Mr. Soyars _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Letter to SAC, Albany
RE: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
100-442529

Prior to each quarterly report or letter, each office should contact its communist informants who are in a position to furnish information regarding policy decisions of the communist groups for a definitive statement as to the designs, intent, tactics, and policy of the CP or other communist group with regard to racial matters. If the sources report that communist groups in a certain area have no interest in racial matters, this should be reported. If there are plans by subversives to exploit the explosive racial situation and foment unrest, the details of these plans should be promptly reported.

The instructions in this letter are not new instructions but are a reiteration of instructions previously issued. Each office should review the original instructions in the above-mentioned Bureau letter to all offices dated 8/28/64 for detailed instructions on what should be reported and how it should be reported in this investigation.

NOTE:

See memorandum G. C. Moore to Mr. E. S. Miller dated 2/29/72, captioned as above, prepared by CEG:ekw.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. E. S. MILLER *4/1/74*

FROM : MR. G. C. MOORE *GCM*

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS
IS - C

1 - Mr. A. Rosen
1 - Mr. E. S. Miller

DATE: February 29, 1972

1 - Mr. G. C. Moore
1 - Mr. A. Gray
1 - Mr. C. E. Glass

Tolson _____
Felt _____
Rosen _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Miller, *4/1/74*
Callahan *4/1/74*
Casper _____
Conrad _____
Dalbey _____
Cleveland _____
Ponder _____
Bates _____
Waikart _____
Walters _____
Soyars _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

To recommend that the field be instructed to tighten up this investigation and take positive steps to develop the required information.

This investigation is for the purpose of reporting the attempts of the communist movement - Soviet, Trotskyite, Maoist, and all others - to influence and exploit organizations active in civil rights and other racial issues. Some offices, including New York, the office of origin, have changed the title of their investigations to "Communist Influence in Extremist Matters - IS - C," apparently because of a recent change in character of extremist cases from "Racial Matters" to "Extremist Matters." We, of course, do not want to limit this investigation to communist influences in only extremist organizations and the title should remain as before to include that influence in all organizations active in racial matters.

The field seems to have lost sight of the objectives in this investigation. The majority of offices are not reporting positive attempts to elicit information regarding captioned investigation. Many are reporting only Communist Party (CP) activities to aid in the defense of Angela Davis, the admitted CP member on trial in California for murder, kidnapping, and conspiracy. Although this is of interest, more information should be included as to whether this support is for the purpose of the CP gaining support in the black community because Davis is black, or if it is merely because she is a CP member. Sources are not being closely questioned as to the reasons, intent, policy and tactics behind certain communist activity.

REC-30 100-442529-3478
The explosive racial climate in this country demands that we have all available information regarding attempts by subversives to exploit the racial situation and insidiously foment unrest which could result in violence as we have witnessed in the past.

ACTION: That the attached letter be sent to all offices instructing that this investigation be tightened up to report all available significant information.

100-442529

Enclosure

CEG:ekw

(6)

62 MAR 15 1972

CEG 3-2-72
AK 3/30

V. DEM

5-62285
EM OK 2 AD A
re: 3/30/72

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442429)

DATE: February 16, 1972

FROM : SAC, BALTIMORE (100-23443) (P)

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS
IS-C
OO: New York

Re Baltimore letter to Director dated 11-26-71.

Since date of referenced letter, Baltimore has maintained contact with confidential sources familiar with phases of Communist Party (CP) activities and with sources familiar with racial and extremist matters within the Baltimore Division. Contacts with these sources has failed to develop any significant information indicating communist influence in racial matters within the Baltimore Division.

The following sources are in a position to provide information concerning communist influence in racial matters.



[Redacted] is in an excellent position to furnish information on all local Communist Party activities in the metropolitan Baltimore, Maryland area.

Baltimore will continue to maintain contact with the above sources and appropriately report any information concerning Communist influence in racial matter.

EX-112

REC-14

FEB 22 1972

- 2 - Bureau (RM)
- 2 - New York (100-153735) (RM)
- 2 - Baltimore

CDF:dlk
(6)

MAR 15 1972



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 4/17/72

FROM : SAC, ALEXANDRIA (100-31)(RUC)

SUBJECT: CIRM
TS - C
(OO: NY)

Re Alexandria letter to the Bureau, 1/17/72.

There is no information available bearing upon
communist influence in racial matters in the Alexandria
Division.

100-618940
2-Bureau (By Courier)
2-New York (RM)
1-Alexandria
WWH:lld
(5)

EX-100

REC-50

100-442529-3480

3 APR 17 1972

EXT. INT. SEC.



5010-108

APR 21 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)
FROM : SAC, NORFOLK (100-5921) (P*)

DATE: 4/20/72

SUBJECT: CIRM
IS - C

(OO: NEW YORK)

Re Norfolk letter to Bureau, 1/28/72.

Norfolk will not submit a report for the period 1/1/72 to 4/1/72 because no information has been received which would logically be included in Categories I-V.

Norfolk will continue to be alert for any information concerning captioned matter.

- 1446159 MP
- ② - Bureau
 - 1 - New York (100-153735)
 - 2 - Norfolk (1 - 100-5921)
(1 - 100-6728, CPUSA)

LWK:lld
(5)

REC-71

ST-112

8 APR 24 1972

Extremist Intell
noted INT. SEC. As
618

61 APR 28 1972

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE SAN ANTONIO	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 4/19/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 1/1 - 3/31/72
TITLE OF CASE <u>COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS</u>		REPORT MADE BY SA B. E. DEFFENBAUGH, JR.	TYPED BY al
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCE: San Antonio report of SA B. E. DEFFENBAUGH, JR.,
1/24/72;
Bureau letter to Albany, 3/2/72.

- P -

LEADS

SAN ANTONIO

AT SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS. Will follow and report
evidence of communist influence. Z

ADMINISTRATIVE

All persons mentioned in this report as being
members of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), or Student
National Coordinating Committee (SNCC), who reside within

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						☐ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			

APPROVED

SPECIAL AGENT
IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

COPIES MADE:

40-9 - Bureau (100-442529)

1 - New York

2 - San Antonio (100-9845)

100-442529-3482 REC 99

APR 24 1972

EX-100

Dissemination Record of Attached Report

Agency	2cc ISD K-SS		
Request Recd.			
Date Fwd.	4/27/72		
How Fwd.	RIS		
By	CEB/c		

Notations

EX-100
APR 24 1972
[Handwritten signatures and stamps]

70 APR 27 1972

COVER PAGE

SA 100-9845

the San Antonio Division were listed on the old Security Index and/or are now being processed for ADEX, or are sources and informants.

INFORMANTS

Identity

Where Located

SA T-1

[Redacted]

SA T-2

[Redacted]

SA T-3

[Redacted]

SA T-4

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

b3
b7D
b7E

CLASSIFICATION

Report classified "~~CONFIDENTIAL~~" because of SA T-1 through SA T-4, confidential informants of continuing value, the unauthorized disclosure of which could reasonably result in the compromise of informants and adversely affect the national defense.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to:

Report of: B. E. DEFFENBAUGH, JR.
Date: April 19, 1972

Office: San Antonio, Texas

Field Office File #: 100-9845

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopsis: JOHN STANFORD, Communist Party leader in Texas and other CPUSA members have been active with members of Student National Coordinating Committee in the San Antonio Committee to Free Angela Davis.

- P -

GROUP I
EXCLUDED FROM AUTOMATIC
DOWNGRADING AND DECLASSIFICATION~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SA 100-9845

DETAILS: AT SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

Unless otherwise noted, all activity took place in San Antonio, Texas.

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

SA T-1 (1/10/72 - 3/31/72)

From the period January 3, 1972, through March 29, 1972, the San Antonio Committee to Free Angela Davis (SACFAD), has met almost weekly. CARLOS RICHARDSON, a member of the Student National Coordinating Committee (SNCC), who is Chairman of SACFAD; MARIO SALAS, member of SNCC, and Secretary of SACFAD; and JOHN STANFORD have attended some or all of these meetings during which time, they have taken an active part in the proceedings.

SA T-2 (1/13/72 - 3/16/72)

SA T-3 (2/10/72 - 3/9/72)

SA T-4 (2/18/72 - 3/29/72)

These three sources can substantiate in part information furnished immediately above by SA T-1.

In addition, SA T-2 advised that JOHN STANFORD, Organizational Secretary, CPUSA - Texas, member of the National Council, CPUSA, and who is the dominant figure of the CPUSA in Texas, and other CPUSA members have not only attended some or all of these meetings, but they have assisted in SACFAD activities in expanding SACFAD's influence, raising money for SACFAD, and helped to distribute petitions and other literature on behalf of SACFAD. There has not been any policy decisions, discussions in CP Club meetings regarding racial matters during this period. In addition, while there has not been any specific statements made by STANFORD as to why the CPUSA in Texas is working on behalf of ANGELA DAVIS, it is obvious that the CPUSA in Texas is doing so because DAVIS is a fellow CPUSA member, a woman, and a black.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SAN ANTONIO COMMITTEE TO FREE
ANGELA DAVIS (SACFAD)

SACFAD was organized in San Antonio, Texas, on December 27, 1970, under the guidance of communist leaders. Its objective is to make the need to free Angela Davis a live proposition since Davis, as a woman, a black, and a communist, has not received fair treatment in the hands of the law, according to SACFAD newsletter.

STUDENT NATIONAL COORDINATING COMMITTEE
(SNCC)

The SNCC was formerly known as the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee and was founded in 1960 during the period of civil rights activity in the South. The organization advocates the use of force to achieve revolutionary goals and the destruction of the capitalistic system of government in the United States.

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

No information developed.

III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL ORGANIZATIONS

No information developed.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Antonio, Texas

April 19, 1972

*In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.*

Title	COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
Character	INTERNAL SECURITY - C
Reference	San Antonio report of B. E. DEFFENBAUGH, JR., dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE PHILADELPHIA	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 4/21/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 1/6-4/17/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS (CIRM)		REPORT MADE BY CHARLES J. WYLAND	TYPED BY CMK
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCE

Philadelphia letter to the Bureau, 11/1/71.

- P* -

LEADS

NEW YORK (INFORMATION)

One copy of this report is being designated for New York pursuant to Bureau instructions.

PHILADELPHIA:

AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Will follow and report activities in this matter.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED					☐ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES		
APPROVED COPIES MADE: 4d 9 - Bureau (100-442529 (RM) 1 - OSI, Philadelphia (RM) 1 - NISO, Philadelphia (RM) 1 - MI, Philadelphia (RM) 1 - New York (100-153735) INFO 2 - Philadelphia (100-47672)						SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW 100-442529 348 REC-47 8 APR 25 1972 EX-100	
Dissemination Record of Attached Report						Notations	
Agency	Recd.	ISD	100	SS		NOT RECORDED GLASS	
Request Recd.							
Date Fwd.	4/28/72						
How Fwd.	215						
By	CEB/CC						

54 MAY 2 1972

COVER PAGE

PH 100-47672

ADMINISTRATIVE

This report is classified ~~confidential~~ since the data furnished by PH T-1 if revealed could reasonably result in the identification of a confidential informant of continuing value and compromise the future effectiveness thereof. Also, it could adversely affect national defense interests.

All persons identified as members of the Communist Party and residing in the Philadelphia area are listed on the Administrative Index.

INFORMANT

PH T-1
[redacted]

[redacted]

b3
b7D
b7E

B*
COVER PAGE

~~*CONFIDENTIAL*~~UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to: 1 - OSI, Philadelphia (RM)
1 - NISO, Philadelphia (RM)
1 - MI, Philadelphia (RM)

Report of: CHARLES J. WYLAND
Date: April 21, 1972

Office: PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

Field Office File #: 100-47672

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS (CIRM)

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Synopsis: THIS REPORT COVERS THE PERIOD 1/1/72 - 3/31/72.
The campaign supporting ANGELA DAVIS has been used to rebuild the Communist Party. At the District Convention, CPUSA, EPD, in January 1972, it was reported the peace movement in Philadelphia has suffered due to its failure to understand the parallel between the fight for peace and the struggle for black liberation. Party clubs were instructed to help build the ANGELA DAVIS Committees. "The Party of Angela Davis" was used to obtain signatures on the petition campaign in Philadelphia.

- P* -

DETAILS: I. COMMUNIST STRATEGYCommunist Party, USA (CPUSA)

- A. Plans, strategy, Party line and the like made at national meetings, including expressions by national and other functionaries.

~~GROUP I~~

~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification.~~

~~*CONFIDENTIAL*~~

PH 100-47672

The twentieth National Convention of the CPUSA was a very successful one inasmuch as the spirit and morale were very high. Unity was reflected in every decision. Among the subject matters discussed was that of ANGELA DAVIS, a self-admitted CP member. The campaign undertaken by the Communist Party supporting ANGELA DAVIS in her fight for bail and freedom has been turned into a bonanza for the Party and has become a lever for further rebuilding. As a result of this campaign Party literature sales have tripled, the "Daily World", an east coast Communist publication, has been made available to more people than ever and it is being read by more and more people. This campaign has given the Party an opportunity for widespread exposure and full advantage is being taken of this situation.

PH T-1, 2/25/72

- B. Plans, strategy, Party line and the like,
made at district and local level meetings
including expressions by local leaders
and rank-and-file members.

At the District Convention of the CPUSA, EPD, held in Philadelphia, Pa., on January 7-9, 1972, SONDR "SANDY" PATRINOS, District Organization Secretary, stated the peace movement in Philadelphia and Pennsylvania is facing serious problems. Despite the upswing of anti-war sentiment, the Peoples Coalition for Peace and Justice has dissolved in Philadelphia. This is the result of their failure to understand the unity of interest between the fight for peace and the struggle for black liberation and economic security. How to build the peace movement remains a central question for the Communist Party. In many ways the problems of the movement for black liberation in Philadelphia parallel the problems of the peace movement.

PH 100-47672

PATRINOS also stated that the fight for Angela Davis must be strengthened. The CPUSA, EPD has raised over \$2,000 in funds for her defense. The Party clubs have been instructed to help build the Philadelphia Angela Davis Defense Committee. One of the resolutions passed at the District Convention was that the Party theses deal more with the question of black liberation.

PH T-1, 1/28/72

The Philadelphia ANGELA DAVIS Defense Committee was established by the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA) of Eastern Pennsylvania and Delaware (CPEPD) in January 1971, to seek support and funds for the defense of ANGELA DAVIS who is in custody on kidnapping-murder charges. This committee is under the control and guidance of the CPEPD.

The Peoples Coalition for Peace and Justice (PCPJ) has described itself as being headquartered at 1029 Vermont Avenue, Northwest, Washington, D. C., and as consisting of over 100 organizations which are using massive civil disobedience to combat racism, poverty, repression, and war.

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

A National Black Political Convention was to be held in Gary, Ind., from March 10-12, 1972. ROSCOE PROCTOR, a member of the Central Committee CPUSA, had contacted a leader of the CPUSA, EPD, and made the request that perhaps a busload of individuals from Philadelphia could attend this convention. It was mentioned that not many CP members would be present but the CPUSA was making an effort to get as many Communists as possible to attend; however, due to the late notice and the fact that the District of Eastern Pennsylvania and Delaware was busily engaged in obtaining signatures for the petition campaign to place the CP Candidates on the Pennsylvania ballot, no one from Philadelphia was encouraged to attend this convention. *Pa.*

PH T-1, 3/22/72

PH 100-47672

The signature petition campaign undertaken by the CPUSA,EPD to obtain a minimum of 36,000 signatures to place the CP candidates on the ballot in Pennsylvania began in earnest on February 16, 1972. Teams of two to four persons were sent out to subway exits, supermarkets, and into the ghettos to obtain signatures. One of the methods used to obtain signatures was the approach of requesting the person to sign the petition to help "Angela Davis' Party" get on the ballot. People, particularly the blacks, signed freely when they heard ANGELA DAVIS' name mentioned.

PH T-1, 2/25/72



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

April 21, 1972

Title	COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS (CIRM)
Character	INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST
Reference	Report of SA CHARLES J. WYLAND dated and captioned as above at Philadelphia, Pa.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

*

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

OTJ
CM
TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 4/21/72

FROM : SAC, ALBANY (100-19249) (P*)

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
IS - C

Re Albany letter to Bureau dated 1/26/72.

Inasmuch as no pertinent information has been developed relative to captioned matter since submission of referenced letter, this letter is being submitted in lieu of a report.

ALBANY

AT ALBANY, N.Y.

Will submit letter or report to Bureau by 8/1/72.

2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - Albany
GCH/rvm
(3)
14618900

REC-117/100-442529-3484

20 APR 27 1972

EXT INT. SEC
GLA

57 MAY 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM : SAC, COLUMBIA (100-22) (P*)

SUBJECT: CIRM
IS - C

DATE: 4/24/72

Re Columbia letter to Bureau, 1/31/72.

There is no Communist Party (CP) organization and/or activity in South Carolina at the present time. Neither is there any indication that the CP outside of South Carolina is attempting to influence racial groups in South Carolina.

In view of the foregoing and since there is no pertinent information to report, this letter is being submitted in lieu of a quarterly report.

2

EX-117

REC-45

100-442529-3485

20 MAY 1 1972

14618940
② - Bureau (RM)
1 - Columbia

CGS:dkj
(3)



57 MAY 8 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

INT. SEC.
J. Edgar Hoover

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 4/28/72

FROM : SAC, TAMPA (100-636) (P)

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS
IS - C
(OO: NEW YORK)

Re Tampa letter to the Bureau, 1/31/72.

Tampa has no information to report for the
quarter ending 4/30/72.

② - Bureau
1 - New York (100-153735)
2 - Tampa
RJH:far
(5)

Bo

REC-100

100-442529-3486

22 MAY 1 1972

INT. SEC.
Hester



7 MAY 8 1972 U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (100-442529)

FROM : SAC, New Orleans (100-17122) (P)

SUBJECT: CIRM
IS - C

DATE: 4/26/72

ReBulet to Albany 8/28/64 and New Orleans letter
to Bureau 1/27/72.

Informants and sources of this office have again
been canvassed and could furnish no information regarding
captioned matter during the past quarter and, accordingly,
no report is being submitted.

Z

100-442529-3487

2 - Bureau
1 - New Orleans
SMC:bs
(3)

EX-116
REC 98

100-442529-3487

22 MAY 1 1972



57 MAY 8 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : *RGK* DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 4/28/72

FROM : SAC, WFO (100-43710) (P*)

SUBJECT: "CIRM"
IS - C
(OO:NY)

ReWFOlet, 10/22/71.

Since re letter, WFO has uncovered no information, after a canvass of logical informants and sources, that the Communist Party in the Washington, D.C., area has made any attempts to become involved in racial matters.

In view of the above, WFO is submitting no semi-annual report in this matter.

REC-36

EX-114

100-442529-3488
16 MAY 1 1972

- 100-442529-3488*
② - Bureau
1 - New York (Info)
2 - WFO
(1 - 100-421) (CPUSA)

ECR:dco
(5)



5010-108

6 MAY 8 1972

RGK
1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

NOT NEW
INTERNAL SECURITY
EX-114 Sec.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

REPORTING OFFICE KANSAS CITY	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 4/28/72	INVESTIGATION PERIOD 1/5 - 4/26/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY SA HUBERT K. JOHNSON	TYPED BY ms
		CHARACTER OF CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - C ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE	

REFERENCE: Bureau letters to Albany, with copies to all offices dated 8/28/64 and 3/2/72.

ADMINISTRATIVE

CLASS. & EXT. BY **-P*- SP-1 GSK/vp**
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2 (2)
DATE OF REVIEW **4/28/92 12-2-81**

Appropriate copies are being furnished to St. Louis for information, as several persons in the Kansas City Committee to Free Angela Davis (KCCFAD) are indicated to be from St. Louis and under the influence of the Free Angela Davis Committee of St. Louis.

[redacted] NF, apparently born [redacted] place not given, is the subject of recently opened [redacted] Background information as to [redacted] was requested from St. Louis on 4/6/72.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED					☐ NONE	ACQUIT-TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES		

APPROVED

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IN CHARGE

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48 (9) Bureau (100-442529) (RM)
11-Kansas City (100-11934)

SEE COVER PAGE B FOR COMPLETE COPIES

CLASS. BY **SP3 CJC/vp**
225,421
DATE OF REVIEW **QADR 12-6-82**

100 - 442529	3489
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Dissemination Record of Attached Report			
Agency	Request Recd.	Date Fwd.	How Fwd.
LCS	ISD	5/8/72	R/S
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Notations

~~EXT. SEC.~~
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100 6189 MAY 10 1972

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KC 100-11934

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9-Bureau (100-442529)

3-New York (RM)

4-St. Louis (RM)

(1 - 100-4843) (CPUSA)



(1 - 100-19352) (CIRM)

11-Kansas City

(2 - 100-11934)

(1 - 100-5222) (CPUSA - MO.)

(1 - 100-5223) (CPUSA - KANS.)



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KC 100-11934

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ADMINISTRATIVE

[redacted] is the subject
of an active investigation in Kansas City, Missouri.

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[redacted] possibly a NF, is the subject
of Kansas City investigation opened 3/29/72, [redacted]

This report is classified "~~Confidential~~" to protect
sources of continuing value, whose disclosure would have
an adverse effect upon national defense interests.

INFORMANTS

KC T-1 is [redacted]

KC T-2 is [redacted]

KC T-3 is [redacted]

KC T-4 is [redacted]

KC T-5 is [redacted]

(S)(U) KC T-6 is [redacted]

KC T-7 is [redacted]

KC T-8 is [redacted]

KC T-9 is [redacted]

KC T-10 is [redacted]

KC T-11 is [redacted]

KC T-12 is [redacted]

KC T-13 is [redacted]

KC T-14 is [redacted]

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(S)(U)

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KC 100-11934

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NON SYMBOL ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMANT DATA:

[KC T-5] is [redacted] (Protect at Request),
[redacted]
[KC T-7] is [redacted] (Protect at Request),
[redacted]
[KC T-8] is [redacted] (Protect at Request),
[redacted]
[KC T-13] is [redacted] (Protect at Request),
[redacted]
[KC T-14] is [redacted] (Protect at Request),
[redacted]

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

CLASS. & EXT. BY SP-1 GSK/UP
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2 (2)
DATE OF REVIEW 4/28/92
12-2-81

Copy to:

Report of: HUBERT K. JOHNSON
Date: 4/28/72

Office: KANSAS CITY

Field Office File #: KC 100-11934

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopsis:

COMMUNIST INFILTRATION AND INFLUENCE IN RACIAL
AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS IN KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI.

A small Kansas City Committee to Free ANGELA DAVIS (KCCFAD) apparently headed by [redacted] NF, age [redacted] from [redacted]

[redacted] began forming about January 1972 in Kansas City, Missouri; [redacted] residence, [redacted]

[redacted] indicated as being in contact with [redacted] (ph), NM, a member of CPUSA and described as regional coordinator for ANGELA DAVIS Committee both in St. Louis, Missouri. [redacted] WF, of Kansas City area, is self-described CPUSA member, has indicated interest in and support of KCCFAD. Various sources indicate KCCFAD has had insignificant impact upon and support by Negro community and groups in Kansas City, Missouri. Main activity of KCCFAD, to date, has been sponsorship of (1) speech by [redacted] of ANGELA DAVIS, 2/17/72 at University of Missouri, Kansas City, Missouri, and of (2) ANGELA DAVIS Tag Day, 4/1/72, selling tags for \$.25 each toward legal defense of ANGELA DAVIS; and co-sponsorship with several other groups of peaceful "March for Unity", 4/22/72 in Kansas City, Missouri, against the war in Vietnam and for support of ANGELA DAVIS.

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DETAILS:

AT KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

~~GROUP 1~~
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

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I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

No information developed.

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

No information developed.

III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND INFLUENCE
IN RACIAL AND/OR OTHER ORGANIZATIONS
IN KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

KANSAS CITY COMMITTEE TO FREE ANGELA
DAVIS (KCCFAD),
3847 Prospect,
Kansas City, Missouri,
Estimated membership - four to eight
so-called active members.

(A) Formation and Development of KCCFAD

[KC T-1] informed on January 5, 1972 that a KCCFAD meeting would be held in Kansas City, Missouri, on January 22, 1972, a [redacted] being the only person named as a member of the KCCFAD. [T-1] understood that KCCFAD was aligned with the National United Committee to Free ANGELA DAVIS.

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NUCFAD was founded by the Communist Party USA (CPUSA) to Free ANGELA YVONNE DAVIS, self-admitted member of the Southern California District, CPUSA, (SCDCP), who currently is being tried on state murder-kidnapping charges in California. The SCDCP controls NUCFAD by use of CPUSA members in key positions. Headquarters are located at San Francisco, California.

[redacted], white female, age [redacted] is a self-admitted member of the CPUSA, as reported in an interview by news reporter in the Kansas City Star, daily Kansas City, Missouri, newspaper, March 22, 1972; and is active in the Vietnam Veterans Against War (VVAW) movement in Kansas City, Missouri, (observed April 20, 1972 in a demonstration

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against war build up by VVAW at Federal Building, 601 East 12th, Kansas City, Missouri).

KC T-2 informed during February 1972 that one [redacted] (U) of Kansas City, Missouri, attended a CPUSA convention in Chicago, Illinois, January 28-30, 1972. At one meeting, the [redacted] from Kansas City, Missouri, described as [redacted] pounds, said she was proud to be a Communist and that Kansas City now has an ANGELA DAVIS committee. T-2 further informed that [redacted] of Kansas City attended a meeting of CPUSA in Chicago on February 16, 1972.

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KC T-3 informed on February 13, 1972 that HERSHELL WALKER, Chairman of the Missouri State CPUSA Committee at St. Louis, Missouri, was critical of MAT EUBANKS (ph), a St. Louis CPUSA member, as the leader of the St. Louis ANGELA DAVIS Committee. WALKER also indicated that one [redacted] of Kansas City, Missouri, who planned to attend the national CPUSA convention (in New York) had visited [redacted] (in Kansas City) but was met with hostility by [redacted] (U)

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The Topeka Daily Capital, daily Topeka, Kansas, newspaper, March 25, 1972, described [redacted] speaker at a Free ANGELA DAVIS black audience rally in Topeka the night of March 24, 1972, as regional director of the Free ANGELA DAVIS Committee from St. Louis, Missouri.

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KC T-4 informed on April 20, 1972 that possibly in February 1972 one [redacted] had contacted and informed, in Kansas City, Missouri, [redacted] (former head of a defunct CPUSA group in Kansas City, Missouri, then affiliated with the Missouri State headquarters of the CPUSA in St. Louis, Missouri) that HERSHELL WALKER, black CPUSA leader in St. Louis, Missouri, had reportedly suggested that [redacted] contact [redacted] apparently regarding activities of a CP group in Kansas City. However, [redacted] reaction to [redacted] approach was negative and cool, as the former and defunct CPUSA group in Kansas City ceased activity years ago to prevent embarrassment and harassment of its old time members. T-4 understands that no CPUSA group is now active and probably will not become active in the Kansas City area, despite a news item which appeared March 22, 1972 in the Kansas City Star, daily Kansas (U)

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City, Missouri, newspaper, indicating that [redacted] and [redacted] admitted recently enlisted members of the CPUSA, place not given, were interested in recruiting new CPUSA members. (S) (U)

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[redacted] KC T-5 informed on April 12, 1972 that [redacted] were all of the Caucasian race.

The Kansas City Star, during February 1972, in several news items named [redacted] as coordinator and spokesman for the new KCCFAD with offices at 3847 Prospect, Kansas City, Missouri.

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KC T-6 informed on March 15, 1972 that [redacted] (above), [redacted] has said that she came to Kansas City, Missouri, from St. Louis, Missouri, to help form the KCCFAD, and to align blacks and extremist groups with the KCCFAD; that [redacted] is in frequent contact with one [redacted] (ph), [redacted] (S) (U)

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[redacted] KC T-7 informed on March 30, 1972 that the KCCFAD maintained a small checking account at the Swope Parkway National Bank, Kansas City, Missouri, during March 1972, with no indicated large or other withdrawals to payees outside the State of Missouri. Signatories for the account are [redacted] (S) (U)

[redacted] T-7 informed on April 25, 1972 that a check for \$100, dated April 3, 1972, cleared on the KCCFAD account, payable to and deposited in the St. Louis Committee to Free ANGELA DAVIS account in the Gateway Bank, St. Louis, Missouri.

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(B) Activity of KCCFAD

(1) Sponsorship or speech by [redacted] or ANGELA DAVIS, night of February 17, 1972 at University of Missouri at Kansas City, Missouri, (publicized by various local news media).

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(2) Sponsorship of Tag Day, April 1, 1972.

The Kansas City Call, weekly Negro newspaper, Kansas

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City, Missouri, dated March 31, 1972, announced a KCCFAD sponsorship of a Tag Day on April 1, 1972 to sell tags to contributors at twenty-five cents each, to increase support of a fair trial for ANGELA DAVIS and for legal defense expenses of ANGELA DAVIS.

(3) Co-sponsorship of peaceful "March for Unity", April 22, 1972 at Kansas City, Missouri.

The Kansas City Call, dated April 21, 1972, named the following organizations as sponsoring the above march:

KCCFAD,

National Welfare Rights Organization,

Methodist Inner-City Parish, (MICP),

The Black Action Training Center, (MICP),

Vietnam Veterans Against the War,

American Farm Workers,

Chicano Youth Coalition,

and some unnamed college-based student groups.

[] The article concluded by giving a telephone number, [] for any interested readers to call. The news article indicated that the "March for Unity" was against the Vietnam war as well as in support of ANGELA DAVIS.

[] KC T-8 informed on April 25, 1972 that [] (S) (U) Kansas City, Missouri, telephone [] is unlisted but assigned to subscriber []

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[] KC T-9 informed on April 24, 1972 that [] (S) (U) the above described "March for Unity", peacefully occurred from 23rd and Euclid to Parade Park at 15th and Paseo, Kansas City, Missouri, on April 22, 1972. The marchers consisted of about 45 persons, a substantial number of whom were white, who were addressed by about five persons. None of the marchers or speakers were identified [by KC T-9.] (S) (U)

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IV. MISCELLANEOUS

EFFECT OR INFLUENCE OF KCCFAD
IN KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

The following sources have stated that the KCCFAD has had no impact upon or support by the Negro community or Negro organizations in Kansas City, Missouri:

KC T-10 on April 14, 1972,

KC T-11 on April 13, 1972,

KC T-12 on April 14, 1972,

KC T-13 on April 21, 1972,

KC T-14 on April 24, 1972.

(S) (U)

(S) (U)

[KC T-13 informed on April 21, 1972 that] only a few so-called active members exist in the KCCFAD; support of ANGELA DAVIS appears to have some general interest and sympathy, without organized support, among black students at the University of Missouri, Kansas City. [T-13 stated] (U) that the KCCFAD is not using 3847 Prospect Avenue as an office as the space is too small, and has no telephone as the telephone was disconnected due to non-payment of telephone bills. [T-13 said] it appears that KCCFAD will be unsuccessful as an active group in Kansas City, as leadership and community support are lacking.

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In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Kansas City, Missouri

April 28, 1972

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Title COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
 RACIAL MATTERS

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reference Report of SA HUBERT K. JOHNSON,
 dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

[KC T-5] ^(U) who was in a position to furnish accurate information.

[KC T-13] ^(U) who was in a position to furnish accurate information.

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This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE NEW YORK	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE APR 26 1972	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 1/1/72 - 3/31/72
TITLE OF CASE CHANGED COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY JAMES F. O'CONNELL	TYPED BY eps
		CHARACTER OF CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - C	

REFERENCES

Report of SA JAMES F. O'CONNELL, dated 1/25/72, at
NY.
Bulet to Albany and all offices, dated 3/2/72.

-P-

ADMINISTRATIVE

The title of this case is being marked "Changed" to reflect the proper designation of matters to be reported in this case as stated in Bulet of 3/2/72.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED					☐ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES		
APPROVED <i>JFM/RS</i>						SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	
COPIES MADE: 3 - Bureau (100-442529) (RM) 4 - 108th MI Group, NYC (RM) 1 - Second OSI District, USAF (RM) 1 - NISO, NYC (RM) 3 - New York (100-153735)						DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW 100-442529-3490 REC-37 8 MAY 1 1972 EX-100	
Dissemination Record of Attached Report						Notations	
Agency	Request Recd.	Date Fwd.	How Fwd.	By	EXT. SEC. <i>[Signature]</i>		
<i>per's</i>	<i>ESP</i>	<i>100 55</i>					
		<i>5/10/72</i>					
		<i>RS</i>					

54 MAY 10 1972

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NY 100-153735

ADMINISTRATIVE (Cont'd)

The CP officials mentioned in the report who reside in the New York area are on the Administrative Index of the New York Division.

INFORMANTS

The confidential sources mentioned in this report as being familiar with CP activities and personalities are as follows:



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The confidential sources mentioned in this report as being familiar with PLP activities and personalities are:



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NY 100-153735

INFORMANTS (Cont'd)

Identity of Source

File Number Where Located

NY T-1

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

NY T-2 Characterization of

[Redacted]

NY T-3

[Redacted]

Characterization of RASHEED STOREY,
ROSCOE PROCTOR, JAMES JACKSON

NY T-4

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

NY T-5

[Redacted]

NY T-6

[Redacted]

Instant Report

NY T-7

[Redacted]

Instant Report

LEAD

NEW YORK

AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK. Will continue to follow and report Communist plans and attempts to influence matters in the New York Division.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

4- 108 MI Group, NYC (RM)
1- Second OSI District, USAF (RM)
1 -NISO, NYC (RM)

Copy to:

Report of:

JAMES F. O'CONNELL

Office: New York, New York

Date:

APR 26 1972

Field Office File #:

100-153735

Bureau File #:

100-442529

Title:

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE
IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopsis:

In November, 1971, the Black Liberation Commission of the CP, USA issued a letter on the need for a survey of black liberation activities to be presented at the 20th National Convention of the Party and listed some steps that should be taken. The "Daily World", during February, 1972, reported on the Party's 20th National Conventions held during the period February 18 - 21, 1972, in Brooklyn, New York. It was reported that a 39 - point program to win black liberation was adopted which would require the spending of 120 billion dollars yearly. The March 18, 1972, issue of the "Daily World" listed 45 items in the Communist Program for curbing racism and obtaining more equality for black Americans. The speeches of HENRY WINSTON and [redacted] given at the Party's Convention were also reported on. WINSTON's address dealt with the ideological problems confronting the working class and the Party. [redacted] called for the Party to be in the forefront of the fight for black liberation and for the replacement of capitalism by socialism. WILLIAM PATTERSON, in December, 1971, was the author of a pamphlet which called for unity of the black liberation movement with the freedom struggles of the rest of mankind. In

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NY 100-153735

Synopsis (Cont'd):

January and February, 1972, "Political Affairs" contained articles by HENRY WINSTON and ROSCOE PROCTOR stressing the necessity of black and white unity in the liberation struggle. TED BASSETT was the author of an article in "Political Affairs" defending the role of the CP in the fight against white chauvinism. He accused BPP leaders ELDRIDGE CLEAVER and HUEY P. NEWTON of repeating anti-Communist slander in speeches and writings. The split in the SCLC involving JESSE JACKSON was discussed at a CPUSA Political Committee meeting in December, 1971. CP sources in NY have no information of CP influence in racial organizations in the New York area. Several sources advised that the CP is constantly striving to become involved in matters with racial overtones. Proposals of the Black Liberation Panel at the New York County CP Convention in January, 1972, set out. The NY State CP has discussed the formation of a black and Puerto Rican organization. The SWP has distributed a campaign pamphlet on the black community which states that the SWP believe the solution to the problems of African - Americans is black control of black communities.

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DETAILS:

-lb-

NY 100-153735

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

A. Plans, Strategy and Policy
of the Communist Party, USA,
(CPUSA) on a National Level

1. Twentieth National CPUSA Convention

The source made available a letter dated November 29, 1971, which bore the caption "The Black Liberation Movement" and which was issued over the names of CHARLENE MITCHELL, WILLIAM L. PATTERSON and CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT as the Secretary and Co-Chairmen of the National Black Liberation Commission (BLC) of the CP. This letter contained three general headings, Convention Needs, The Struggle Ahead, and Some Steps to be Taken. The letter noted that it was politically and organizationally important that the forthcoming National Convention of the Party be presented with a clear and definite survey of black liberation activities.

The letter suggested that if there is no BLC in a particular district and if there were no forces available to create one, some individual should be put in charge of the work of the BLC in the district. It suggested that the programming of black liberation work should be based on all other struggles begun by CP districts or progressive forces within the districts. It stated that the ideological struggle is one of the most dynamic and sharpest of the black liberation struggles. The letter stated that the "viability of a Defend Angela Davis Committee can not be overestimated..." The letter further stated that the press, both black and white, should be closely monitored and letters sent to the editors challenging all anti-Communist, racist and anti-labor sentiments.

NY T-1
December 10, 1971

ANGELA DAVIS is a self-admitted member of the CPUSA in Los Angeles, California, who was incarcerated in New York City, and subsequently extradited to California to answer murder and kidnapping charges.

The "Daily World", an east coast communist newspaper, in its issue of February 23, 1972, page three, commented on the completion of the CPUSA's 20th National Convention which was held at the Towers Hotel in Brooklyn, New York; during the period February 18 - 21, 1972. It stated that a thirty nine point program to win black liberation was unanimously adopted and that it demanded expenditures of one hundred twenty billion dollars a year, which equals the current spending for war and related purposes, to end poverty. It also adopted a resolution on Chicano liberation.

This issue also contained a account of the address of HENRY WINSTON, National Chairman of the CPUSA, given at the convention, which account is set out under the caption "Winston, Fight Racism, Unite Workers." The article stated that his address was devoted to the ideological problems which confront the working class and the Party and that WINSTON said that the winning of white masses and white workers to the struggle for democracy and to class unity was "unthinkable without mastering the problem of the oppressed peoples within the United States."

WINSTON, it said, depicted the role of racism in the union movement from the late 19th century and also discussed the role of the CP, since its founding in 1919; in the struggle against craft unionism; and in organizing basic industries.

WINSTON claimed that there is exploitation of workers, especially black workers who are the most oppressed, and said that State monopoly capital is aggravating the problems of the country, economically, politically, and socially.

NY 100-153735

The February 23, 1972, issue of the "Daily World", in its article on the 20th National Convention, stated that GUS HALL, General Secretary of the Party, said that, speaking on behalf of himself and HENRY WINSTON, he was placing the name of ANGELA DAVIS in nomination for membership in the Party's Central Committee, which is the highest leadership body of the Party. The article continued that DAVIS was elected to the Committee.

WINSTON, in his speech, called for the complete freedom of ANGELA DAVIS and described her as a symbol of the "racist, anti-communist drive" in the country.

The "Daily World" of February 24, 1972, page three, contained an article on the election platform adopted at the Party's 20th National Convention. The planks of this platform included one on ending racism and freedom for the black, Chicano and Puerto Rican, Asian, and Indian peoples. The Party platform in this regard called for full equality for all; for making racism, anti-semitism or any form of racial, national or religious bigotry, a federal crime; respect for the rights of all racial and national minorities; the honoring of the Indian and Mexican treaties; freedom for ANGELA DAVIS and all imprisoned victims of racism; the trying by juries of their peers of minority peoples accused of crimes; the transformation of the judicial process and penal system as they apply especially to working people and oppressed minorities; federal aid to minority small businessmen and farmers; and the achieving of quality school intergration.

The "Daily World", March 18, 1972, page M-5 sets forth the speech delivered by [redacted] CP candidate for the Vice Presidency which was delivered to the Party's 20th National Convention. In his speech, [redacted] said he spoke on behalf of the Black Liberation and Economic Commissions to present to the Convention a program aimed at ending tokenism in the fight for black liberation. He said that as a black communist he can see the necessity for the CP to be in the forefront of this fight and that it was especially necessary because of the ideological confusion and division among the people. b6 b7c

[] additional remarks included the following:

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The fight for equality and liberation can not be completely won as long as blacks live under capitalism which fosters racism and inequality. This complete liberation will be achieved only when the American people get rid of capitalism and replace the current system with socialism. This is the Party's fundamental strategic program.

However, important gains can be won before a socialist society is established. First and foremost there must be a fight to end the war in Southeast Asia. In addition the Party's election platform provides a program for the building of an anti-monopoly coalition which will nationalize many industries. The program is aimed at raising the economic and political power of black workers and seeks to direct the fight against the main oppressors of blacks, the monopolies that control the economy and social life in the United States. The program also will lay the basis for greater unity of black, white, Chicano, Puerto Rican, Indian and Asian peoples as well as a new unity of black people themselves.

The March 18, 1972, issue on page M-6 and M-7 contained 45 points of "The Communist Program Aimed at Curbing Racism and to Advance Black Americans to a More Equal Status in Our Country." The points of this program are set forth under the following captions:

- a. "To Satisfy the Vital Needs of Oppressed People for a Decent Life
- b. "To Assure Full and Equal Rights for Black Labor
- c. "To Ban Racism and Severely Penalize It
- d. "To Give Black Youth Every Opportunity for a Full and Happy Life
- e. "To End the Triple Oppression of Black Women
- f. "To Curb the Instruments of Racist Repression

g. "To Provide Political Equality and Full Representation

h. "To Change the Country's Foreign Policy To End Global Racist Aggression"

2. Plans and Policy
Indicated by Writings on
a National Level

The source made available a pamphlet "Significant Aspects of the Black Liberation Movement" by WILLIAM L. PATTERSON in which he maintains that "The unity of the black liberation movement with the freedom struggles of the rest of progressive mankind is an historical imperative." He states that there must be an alliance by all the oppressed because they have a mutual enemy; that the struggle for this unity must be featured in coming election struggles and the peace struggle; that the major responsibility rests with the working class; and that is the responsibility of black nationals to give leadership in the unity struggle.

NY T-1
January 3, 1972

The January, 1972, issue of "Political Affairs" contains an article by HENRY WINSTON "From the Anti-Slavery to the Anti-Monopoly Strategy." It is identified as being a chapter from a forthcoming book. The article claims that monopoly capitalism intends to stop the advance of the black liberation movement, to destroy organized labor and to suppress every struggle of the oppressed and exploited. It continues that monopoly capitalism is attempting to wipe out every advance made through "black and white struggle..." since the reconstruction period began.

WINSTON states that the history of slavery in this country shows that the class interests of white workers can

NY 100-153735

only be advanced in unity with black workers and as a part of the fight to end the oppression of black people. He adds that the main obstacle to black and white unity against the common enemy is the influence of racism on white workers.

"Political Affairs" is self-described as the theoretical journal of the CPUSA.

The January, 1972, issue of "Political Affairs" contains the first of a two-part article "Black Workers and the Class Struggle" by ROSCOE PROCTOR. PROCTOR, in this article, maintains that within the past generation there has been an increased militancy among black people in the United States which militancy has found expression in a growing number of all-black formations. He states that the most important of these forms has been the number of black formations in the trade union movement. He adds that the development of these caucuses in the trade union movement constitute a sharp attack on racism. The black caucuses are aimed at eliminating racial discrimination and oppression in industry, the unions, and the community. What is significant is that many of the participants in the caucuses are either open to or have accepted the idea that "fundamental, revolutionary change of the capitalist system is necessary for the achievement of total liberation for black people."

According to PROCTOR, some of the black formations are beginning to see the need to change the system as the ultimate solution to black oppression and shows the need to coordinate the all-black forms within the context of the class struggle.

PROCTOR discusses the increase in black workers in basic industries and racism in the trade unions. He states that racism is the most powerful means used by the ruling class to sow division in the ranks of the working class.

The second half of PROCTOR's article appears in the February, 1972, issue of "Political Affairs" and in it he makes the following observations:

ROSCOE PROCTOR was described in the "Daily World" of April 14, 1972, as a member of the Political Committee of the CPUSA.

A number of erroneous ideas have developed with the rise of the black caucus movements. Among the ideas are the belief that black and white workers should not be members of the same rank-and-file caucus, the idea that unions should at all times be revolutionary organizations, the idea that unions can never play a revolutionary role, the formation of separate all black unions where there are also white workers, and the failure to see a distinction between the leadership and membership in a union.

Black workers in the United States are not only part of the wage earners of the United States but of the world, the majority of whom are white. "This international working class has a common interest which unites us all - the overthrow of world capitalism and imperialism."

The idea which has been advanced of a black vanguard party is a classless concept. There cannot be a Marxist - Leninist Party whose membership is limited to workers of one race in a multi-racial country. However, the CP endorses the idea of an all-black political party for black people but not the idea of a separate black political party as an exclusive form of political organization for black people.

There is a need for a national black workers' coordinating body to coordinate the efforts and activities of black caucuses within unions and to bring its strength and experience to the struggle for freedom and equality in the black community. "The fight for equality must be linked more and more closely with the struggle against the monopolies and for the replacement of capitalism with socialism."

The February, 1972, issue of "Political Affairs" also contains an article "The Communist Party's Fight Against White Racism" by TED BASSETT which begins with the following paragraphs:

"For some time now the monopolist bourgeoisie and its ideologues have been spreading among the newly radicalized masses the slander that the Communist Party of the United States has ignored or at best has played little if any meaningful role in the fight for freedom and equality for the black people or for

NY 100-153735

that matter has been of any real, . . . consequence in the general working class struggle. The aim of this is to halt the movement of militant youth toward the Party.

"Joining in parroting this anti-Communist slander in speeches and writings have been Black Panther Party leaders ELDRIDGE CLEAVER and HUEY P. NEWTON...."

The Black Panther Party (BPP) is a black extremist organization started in Oakland, California, in December, 1966. It advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics to bring about the overthrow of the United States Government.

BASSETT asserts that because of this criticism it is necessary to publicize the history of the role of the CP in the fight against white chauvinism. He then goes on to briefly review the actions taken by the Party in this fight since the Party's inception.

TED BASSETT is a member of the Betty Gannett Club, Kings County, New York District, CPUSA.

NY T-2
March 13, 1972

NY 100-153735

3. Plans and Policy
Indicated by
National Meetings
and Speeches

The source made available a copy of the minutes of the meeting of the CPUSA Political Committee which was held on December 21, 1971. Among those present at this meeting were WILLIAM PATTERSON, RASHEED STOREY, JAMES JACKSON, ROSCOE PROCTOR and [REDACTED]

b6
b7C

The minutes reflect that the meeting discussed developments in the black liberation movement which discussion was opened by Comrade WILLIAM PATTERSON. This discussion showed that the division between JESSE JACKSON and the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) could develop into a major split in the liberation movement. The discussion further indicated that there is a danger that the SCLC will be considerably weakened as a result of JESSE JACKSON leaving the SCLC and launching his own organization.

The minutes reflect that WILLIAM PATTERSON stated that the position of the Party should be not to attack JESSE JACKSON but to oppose any splitting of the SCLC. He said they should be careful to do nothing to further the splitting or to appear to take sides on a personal basis.

The conclusion of the discussion on the subject, according to the minutes, was that a committee was formed consisting of CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT, JAMES JACKSON, ROSCOE PROCTOR, RASHEED STOREY, and [REDACTED] to examine more thoroughly the facts in the situation and then to organize a process of consultations.

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b7C

NY T-1
January 3, 1972

The Reverend JESSE JACKSON has been publicly identified as a former officer of the SCLC in Chicago, Illinois, where he had headed an SCLC project called "Operation Breadbasket."

NY 100-153735

RASHEED STOREY and ROSCOE PROCTOR
are members of the Central Committee
of CPUSA.

NY T-3
March 18, 1972

JAMES JACKSON is a member of the
Political Committee of the CPUSA.

NY T-3
March 15, 1972

The "Daily World", March 3, 1972, page nine, contained an article datelined March 2, 1972, at Syracuse, New York, which concerns a speech given by HENRY WINSTON at Syracuse University. The program was presented by the University Union and the Student Afro-American Society on the topic of the relationship of Pan-Africanism, Black Nationalism and Marxism.

The article stated that WINSTON talked about the major trends within Pan Africanist and Black Nationalist movements as well as in other black organizations. He noted that valuable contributions to the struggle for black liberation were being made by such organizations as the Black Panther Party, Operation Breadbasket, (the organization of SCLC) and the new organization of the Reverend JESSE JACKSON called "Operation PUSH" (People United to Save Humanity). WINSTON continued, however, that it was the growing militancy and consciousness of black workers which must emerge into the leadership of the black liberation struggle. He said that what was necessary to develop the type of united force capable of defeating monopoly and reaction was a multi-racial, class conscious vanguard party, to lead the struggle, and provide the direction and guidance that was necessary. He said that this party should be the CP.

NY 100-153735

B. Plans, Strategy and Policy Developed
On a State Level

On January 27, 1972, a meeting was held at the New York State CP Headquarters, New York City, of black and Puerto Rican CP leaders to discuss the setting up of a black and Puerto Rican workers organization, which meeting was called by ROSCOE PROCTOR. At this meeting there was a discussion as to what the organization should deal with and it was felt that it should deal with black and Puerto Rican problems concerned with the wage freeze and the working problems of blacks and Puerto Ricans. The possibility was discussed of getting leaders for the organization from outside the CP.

NY T-4
February 3, 1972

NY T-5
February 3, 1972

The source furnished copies of the proposals of the panels at the New York County CP Convention held January 21, 1972 through January 23, 1972. Included in these proposals was a set of proposals by the Panel on Black Liberation. These proposals are as follows:

1. "That the party take steps to re-establish our intermediary forms among Black rank and file workers based in the Black community - geared at waging the fight back against Nixon's economic offensive; a key point of its program should be the fight against unemployment as well as upgrading Black workers.

2. "That the fight for housing be viewed by us as an important aspect of the fight against racism and for Black liberation - that the incoming State Committee take speedy action to develop a theoretical and practical program on housing.

3. "That the whole Party be mobilized behind the Harlem Institute for Marxist Studies as a key aspect of its Harlem concentration approaching.

4. "That we intensify our efforts to build the local Angela Davis committees as intermediaries with a broad united front approach to involve every possible community organization in this fight.

5. "That the Brooklyn county single out Bedford-Stuyvesant as a concentration area. That efforts be made to establish a Bedford-Stuyvesant Community Center of an educational and cultural nature involving broad community participation. That Coney Island also be singled out for the establishment of such a center.

6. "That we welcome Chisholm's bid for presidential nomination of the Democratic Party as a means of laying ground work for a succesful bid for Black or Puerto Rican mayor in the 1972 mayoralty election.

7. "That the State Convention accept the thesis on Black Liberation.

8. "That a committee be established to launch a campaign on white chauvinism in our ranks by examining the reasons for the all-white character of many of our clubs, particularly industrial clubs where the struggle against racism is decisive."

NY T-4

January 25, 1972

C. Other Communist Groups

The Socialist Workers Party (SWP) has publicly distributed as part of its campaign literature for the election of their candidates for President and Vice President of the United States a pamphlet "The Black Community and the '72 Elections." These candidates are [redacted] a white female and [redacted] a black male. It states that these candidates believe that the solution to the problems of African - Americans is black control of the black community.

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b7c

The pamphlet describes the SWP platform for black liberation as including the following demands:

1. Total withdrawal of all United States forces from Southeast Asia and exemption of black youth from military service.
2. The ending of wage controls with preferential hiring and advancement of black workers.
3. The repeal of anti-abortion laws.
4. Black control of black education.
5. The freeing of all black political prisoners.
6. Full constitutional rights for inmates of prisons.
7. Community control of all institutions in the black community.
8. Organize a black political party.
9. A socialist society in the United States.

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

NY 100-153735

D. Miscellaneous

During March and April, 1972, a number of confidential sources who are familiar with CP activities and personalities in the New York City area were contacted and advised that they have no knowledge of CP influence in racial organizations in the New York area.

The source who has knowledge of CP Clubs in the New York area advised that he knows no special plans or tactics by CP Clubs concerning racial matters but did advise that the CPUSA is constantly striving to become involved in matters having racial overtones in order that the Party can obtain new recruits. This source stated that he has no knowledge of any specific organization in which the CP has any authority.

NY T-6
April 14, 1972

The CP seeks to have its members become involved in mass organizations and movements and is especially anxious to become involved in black and Puerto Rican endeavors. The Party hopes that it can obtain recruits to the Party from these ethnic groups. However, the source could furnish no information concerning any national organization or national mass movement in which the CP is a positive factor at the present time.

NY T-4
April 20, 1972

The source who has knowledge of the plans, activities, and personalities of the Black Panther Party in the New York area, advised that there is no CP activity or influence in the Black Panther Party in the New York area to his knowledge. This source further stated that he has no information concerning any CP plans or strategies with respect to the Black Panther Party in the New York area.

NY T-7
April 17, 1972

NY 100-153735

During March, 1972, a number of confidential sources, who are familiar with activities and personalities in the Progressive Labor Party (PLP) in the New York area advised that they have no knowledge of any PLP influence in national organizations in New York.

The PLP was founded in 1962 by individuals expelled from the Communist Party, USA, for following the Chinese communist line. Its objective is the establishment of a militant working class movement based on Marxism - Leninism and MAO Tse-tung thought.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York

APR 26 1972

In Reply, Please Refer to

File No. Bufile 100-442529

NYfile 100-153735

Title Communist Influence In Racial
Matters

Character Internal Security - C

Reference is made to the report of Special
Agent James F. O'Connell, dated and captioned as above at
New York.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE NEWARK	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 4/28/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 3/27/72 - 4/21/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY DENIS D. O'SULLIVAN	TYPED BY jah
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS-C	

REFERENCE: Newark report of SA DENIS D. O'SULLIVAN, 1/31/72.

-P*-

ADMINISTRATIVE

LEWIS MORRIS MOROZE and SCARLETT PATRICK DONNARUMMA
are on ADEX, Newark Division.

INFORMANTS

Identity

NK T-1
[REDACTED]

Location

[REDACTED]

b3
b7D
b7E

Used to characterize SCARLETT
PATRICK DONNARUMMA and

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						☐ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			

APPROVED

SPECIAL AGENT
IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

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- 1 - NISO, New York (RM)
- 1 - NISO, Philadelphia (RM)
- 1 - OSI, Mc Guire (RM)
- 2 - New York (100-153735)
- 1 - Newark (100-48052)

100-442529-3491
18 MAY 1 1972

REC-42
EX-100

EXT. SEC.

Dissemination Record of Attached Report

Agency	ICIS	ISD	ICC	SS
Request Recd.				
Date Fwd.		5/8/72		
How Fwd.		2/5		
By		5/8/72		

Notations

COVER PAGE

NK 100-48052

LEWIS MORRIS MOROZE.

LEAD

NEWARK

AT NEWARK, NEW JERSEY: Will follow and report extent of communist influence in racial matters.

This report is classified "~~confidential~~" because it contains information from NK T-1 who is of continuing value, the unauthorized disclosure of which could result in his identification which could be prejudicial to the defense interest of the Nation.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

2 - 109th Military Intelligence Group, Newark (RM)
1 - NISO, New York (RM)
1 - NISO, Philadelphia (RM)
1 - OSI, Mc Guire (RM)

Report of:

DENIS D. O'SULLIVAN

Office: Newark, New Jersey

Date:

April 28, 1972

Field Office File #:

100-48052

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title:

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

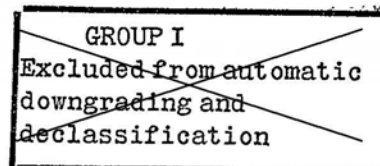
Synopsis:

Communist Strategy: NJD-CPUSA utilizing ANGELA DAVIS case as vehicle to recruit blacks, as a source of funds and also as a propaganda source; ANGELA DAVIS case can also be used by CPUSA to build itself up by taking advantage of its cause. Communist Tactics: LEW MOROZE said CPUSA should produce more literature on black situation.

-P*-

DETAILSI. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

The New Jersey District (NJD) - Communist Party, USA (CPUSA) is using the ANGELA DAVIS case as a means of recruiting among the blacks, and as a source of funds and also as a source of propaganda.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NK 100-48052

In recent weeks in the drive for signatures on CPUSA nominating petitions, mention is made to blacks that the CPUSA is the party of ANGELA DAVIS, and, therefore should be supported by the blacks. Responsive signers are asked for donations and contributions to the ANGELA DAVIS defense and for the CPUSA.

The reasons the CPUSA supports the ANGELA DAVIS defense are: 1. They believe her innocent; 2. she is being discriminated against because she is black; 3. she is a member of the CPUSA.

The goal of the CPUSA is to recruit many blacks into the CPUSA. The interest of the CPUSA in racial matters is evidenced by the preponderant amount of literature the CPUSA disseminates that deals with the black situation, for example: housing, unemployment, discrimination. The CPUSA will always exploit racial situations when they arise in order to take advantage of the publicity and to ingratiate themselves with the black population.

The interest of the CPUSA in racial matters is also evidenced by the preponderant amount of "lip service" given to the problems of the blacks, much more so than to the problems of the Puerto Ricans, the Chicanos and whites who have, or face, the same problems in employment, housing and discrimination.

NK T-1
3/30/72

ANGELA DAVIS is a publicly avowed member of the CPUSA and former University of California at Los Angeles (UCLA) philosophy instructor, who is on trial in California on charges of murder, kidnaping and conspiracy in a 1970 escape attempt at Marin County Courthouse in California in which four men, including a judge, were killed. She was not present during the escape attempt but is accused of providing the guns and helping plot the escape.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NK 100-48052

On January 16, 1972, the NJD-CPUSA held its State Convention in Newark, New Jersey. During the course of the convention SCARLETT PATRICK DONNARUMMA stated, in a talk, that the CPUSA can be built up by taking advantage of the ANGELA DAVIS cause.

NK T-1
1/18/72

SCARLETT PATRICK ✓ DONNARUMMA is Organization Secretary of the NJD-CPUSA.

NK T-1
1/18/72

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

On March 19, 1972, during a seminar sponsored by the NJD-CPUSA, LEW MOROZE stated that the CPUSA should produce more literature on the "black situation".

NK T-1
3/20/72

✓ LEWIS MORRIS MOROZE is a member of the NJD-CPUSA.

NK T-1
1/18/72

III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND INFLUENCE IN RACIAL AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

No information developed.

IV. MISCELLANEOUS

No information developed.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Newark, New Jersey
April 28, 1972

*In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.*

Title COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reference Newark report of Special Agent
 DENIS D. O'SULLIVAN, dated and
 captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 4/27/72

FROM : SAC, PHOENIX (100-5951)

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
IS - C

OO: NEW YORK

ReBulet, 8/28/64.

Contact with communist informants in the Phoenix Office who are in a position to furnish information regarding policy decisions of the communist group with regards to racial matters, fails to elicit that any interest or action has been taken by the Communist Party in the Phoenix Division during the last quarter.

- 100-442529-3492
- ② - Bureau (RM)
 - 1 - New York (Info) (RM)
 - 1 - Phoenix

CLC:lmb
(4)

EX-115
REC-50

100-442529-3492

MAY 1 1972

EXT. INFO SEC.
CC/CLC



MAY 9 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 4/27/72

FROM : *RRF* SAC, MOBILE (100-10-F) (P*)

SUBJECT: *0* CIRM
IS-C

Re Mobile letter to Bureau, 1/31/72.

No information concerning captioned matter was developed in this division during the quarter ending 4/30/72. As the Bureau has been separately informed there is no Communist Party group active in this division.

Accordingly, no report is being submitted at this time.

Lu

- 146189m*
- ② - Bureau (RM)
 - 1 - New York (100-153735) (info) (RM)
 - 1 - Mobile
- JTB:hgl
(4)

EX-100

REC-37

100-442529-3493
18 MAY 1 1972

EXT. SEC.
Alfred



263
MAY 9 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE BIRMINGHAM	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 4/28/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 1/1/72 - 3/31/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY SA W. LEON Sizemore	TYPED BY gas
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

nb
f
REFERENCE: Report of SA W. LEON Sizemore dated 1/25/72,
at Birmingham.

- P -

LEADSBIRMINGHAMAT BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA:

Will follow and report activity within the
Birmingham Division.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED					☒ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN:
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES		
							PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☒ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☒ NO
APPROVED <i>RMS</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE						DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE: 9 - Bureau (100-442529) (RM) 1 - NIS, Birmingham (RM) 1 - OSI, Birmingham (RM) 1 - 111th MIG, Birmingham (RM) 2 - New York (100-53739) (RM) 2 - Birmingham (100-5150)						100-442529-3494 1 MAY 1 1972 REC-71 EX-114	
Dissemination Record of Attached Report						Notations	
Agency	REC-71	ISD	ICISS			EXT. SEC. H. C. SEC.	
Request Recd.							
Date Fwd.	5/8/72						
How Fwd.	R/S						
By	REC-71	ISD	ICISS				

57 MAY 8 1972

COVER PAGE

BH 100-5150

ADMINISTRATIVE:

This report is being classified "~~Confidential~~" as it contains information from sources whose unauthorized disclosure would seriously hamper the investigation of the Communist Party, USA, and such impairment could have an adverse effect on the national defense interests of the United States.

INFORMANTS:

Identity of Source

BH T-1 is

File Where Located

b3
b6
b7C
b7D
b7E

BH T-2 is

B*
COVER PAGE

CONFIDENTIALUNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to: 1 - NIS, Birmingham (RM)
1 - OSI, Birmingham (RM)
1 - 111th MIG, Birmingham (RM)

Report of: SA W. LEON SIZEMORE
Date: 4/28/72

Office: BIRMINGHAM

Field Office File #: BH 100-5150

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Synopsis: YWLL and CP members joined together to obtain signatures for a petition to have the Communist Party placed on the ballot in Alabama. They concentrated mainly on black people and used ANGELA DAVIS' name to obtain the interest of persons to sign this petition.

- P -

CONFIDENTIAL

~~GROUP 1~~
~~Excluded from automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

When people were attempting to obtain signatures on the petition requesting the Communist Party be declared a legal political party in the State of Alabama, they concentrated almost entirely on black people. As planned, they would tell the black people that the Communist Party is ANGELA DAVIS' party and that people should help the party that helped her. They also told them that the Communist Party is still helping ANGELA DAVIS and in one sense their signature would help put her party on the Alabama ballot.

(BH T-1, 3/3/72)

ANGELA DAVIS was apprehended in New York City on October 13, 1970, for Unlawful Flight to Avoid Prosecution in California. A warrant had been issued charging her with kidnaping and murder. She is a self-admitted member of the CPUSA, who had been a teacher at the University of California at Los Angeles.

ALEX HURDER[✓] has been elected to a recently formed rank and file committee of the National Democratic Party of Alabama. The committee's goal is to be more active in local political affairs.

(BH T-1, 3/6/72)

ALEX HURDER was elected Chairman of the Alabama Communist Party Club on January 27, 1971.

(BH T-2, 2/1/71)

The "Birmingham News," a daily newspaper of general circulation published in Birmingham, Alabama, Edition of July 15, 1970, page 16, described the National Democratic Party of Alabama as a predominantly Negro political organization which split from the regular Democratic Party.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

BH 100-5150

II. COMMUNIST INFLUENCE

ALEX HURDER spoke at a meeting of the Public Employees Organizing Committee, a local group attempting to organize hospital workers, held on March 2, 1972, at the Tabernacle Baptist Church. There were several Communist Party and Young Workers Liberation League members and sympathizers present. Among those present who agreed to picket a local nursing home were [redacted]
[redacted]

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b7C

(BH T-1, 3/3/72)

The Young Workers Liberation League is a front organization of the Communist Party, USA. It was formed as a Marxist-Leninist youth group in February, 1970.

b6
b7C

(BH T-1, 2/25/72)

b6
b7C

(BH T-1, 3/1/72)

On Saturday night, March 4, 1972, [redacted] passed out "Daily World" in a black area of Birmingham. *ALA.*

b6
b7C

[redacted] is a reporter for the "Daily World" under the name [redacted] (BH T-1, 3/3/72)

The "Daily World" is a East Coast communist newspaper.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

*In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.*

Birmingham, Alabama
April 28, 1972

Title COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Reference Report of SA W. LEON SIZEMORE dated
April 28, 1972, at Birmingham,
Alabama.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 4/26/72

FROM: SAC, SACRAMENTO (100-138)

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE
IN EXTREMIST MATTERS
IS -C

ReSClet to Bureau, 1/25/72.

No information has been received subsequent to relet indicating any communist influence in extremist matters in the Sacramento Division.

100-442529-3495

MAY 1 1972

- 2 - Bureau (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-153735) (RM)
- 1 - Sacramento

GMS:epg
(4)



5010-108-02

6 MAY 8 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

EX-101-SEC
JFK

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (100-442529)

FROM : SAC, Savannah (100-5131) (P*)

SUBJECT: CIRM
IS - C
(OO: New York)

DATE: 4/27/72

Re Savannah letter to Bureau 1/28/72.

In the absence of any information developed in the Savannah Division regarding captioned matter during the past three months, this letter is being submitted in lieu of a report.

- 1 cc 6/8/72
- 2 - Bureau
 - 2 - New York (100-153735)
 - 2 - Savannah

CMO/dkm
(6)

Z

REC-71 100-442507-3496

EX-112

20 MAY 2 1972



MAY 8

1972

EXT. INT. SEC.
C. C. S.

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE CHICAGO	OFFICE OF ORIGIN CHICAGO	DATE APR 28 1972	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 4/12/72 - 4/25/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS CHICAGO DIVISION		REPORT MADE BY SA LELAND G. RICHIE	TYPED BY flk
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCE: Report of SA LELAND G. RICHIE dated 1/28/73, at Chicago.

- po -

LEAD

CHICAGO

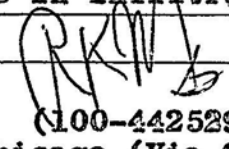
AT CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. Will continue to follow and report communist influence in racial matters in the Chicago Division.

ADMINISTRATIVE

All persons mentioned in this report warranting investigation by reason of Communist Party (CP) activities or membership are either on the Adex or under investigation.

[REDACTED] who are associated with the Chicago Branch of the Socialist Workers Party (CBSWP), and the Young Socialist Alliance, Chicago (YSA-C), have advised that these organizations at the present time have made no progress in infiltrating, directing, or in any way controlling

b7D

APPROVED 	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE: 3 ⑧ - Bureau (100-442529) (RM) 1 - OSI, Chicago (Via Courier) 1 - NISO, Chicago (RM) 1 - SAC, Department of the Army, Headquarters, Region 7, 112th MI Group, Building 105, Ft. Sheridan, Ill. 60037 (RM) 1 - New York (100-153735) (Info.) 3 - Chicago (100-41224)		100-442529-3497 REC-51 EX-114 8 MAY 3 1972	
Dissemination Record of Attached Report		Notations	
Agency Recd.	ISD	REC-55	
Request Recd.			
Date Fwd.	4/9/72		
How Fwd.	RS		
By	6 MAY 10 1972		

100-442529-3497

CG 100-41324

the civil rights movement in the Chicago area. [redacted]
a leading member of the Proletarian Party of America, has
advised that this organization has made no progress in
influencing policy matters within the civil rights movement
in the Chicago area.

b6
b7C

This report is classified ~~confidential~~ as the
unauthorized disclosure of information contained therein
from CG T-1 through CG T-6 could identify sources of
continuing value and thus prove prejudicial to the defense
interests of the United States.

INFORMANTS

Source

Location

CG T-1 is

[redacted]

CG T-2 is

[redacted]

CG T-3 is

[redacted]

CG T-4 is

[redacted]

CG T-5 is

[redacted]

CG T-6 is

[redacted]

[redacted]

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to: 1 - OSI, Chicago (Via Courier)
1 - NISO, Chicago (RM)
1 - SAC, Department of the Army, Headquarters, Region 7,
112th MI Group, Building 105, Ft. Sheridan, Ill. 60037 (RM)

Report of: SA LELAND G. RICHIE
Date: APR 23 1971

Office: Chicago

Field Office File #: 100-41324

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
CHICAGO DIVISION

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopsis: The Illinois District of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), continues its efforts to influence and direct the civil rights movement in the Chicago, Illinois, area. It continues to give support for defense of ANGELA DAVIS. Illinois District continues to exert little or no influence on policy matters in the civil rights movement in Chicago.

- P* -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~~~Group I~~~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading or
declassification~~DETAILS: AT CHICAGO, ILLINOISI. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

A. Illinois District of Communist Party, USA (CPUSA)
Plans, Strategy, and Meetings, Including Expressions
by Leaders of the Illinois District of the CPUSA

a. CPUSA National Industrial Conference

A CPUSA National Industrial Conference was held
on December 11 and 12, 1971, at Chicago.

✓
FRED GABOURY, a member of the Illinois District of the CPUSA, spoke and called for the CPUSA to support a movement to get more blacks in policy making positions in the labor unions because now blacks only hold minor positions in the labor union§.

(CG T-1, 12/13, 14/71)

b. Illinois District, State
Convention of CPUSA

The opening session of the Illinois District State Convention of the CPUSA was held on January 28, 1972, at Chicago.

✓
JACK KLING, State Secretary, Illinois District of the CPUSA, spoke concerning the ANGELA DAVIS case. He stated that the CPUSA would continue to support ANGELA DAVIS and they would also support the bail petition to have DAVIS removed from jail while awaiting trial. He added that birthday greetings were sent from the convention to DAVIS in order to show that they are continuing their efforts to support her in every regard.

KLING then spoke about conditions in the United States and said that the main attacks of monopoly and the ruling class are on black people and on the black and white working class because the ruling class desires to divide the working class of people.

(CG T-1, 1/31/72)

(CG T-2, 1/31/72)

(CG T-3, 2/1/72)

ANGELA DAVIS was apprehended in New York City on October 13, 1970, for unlawful flight to avoid prosecution in the State of California. DAVIS is accused of purchasing guns used in a San Rafael, California, courtroom escape attempt on August 7, 1970, which resulted in the death of four persons including a Superior Court Judge.

In a speech before an audience of 600 at Mills College, Oakland, California, in October, 1969, ANGELA DAVIS stated she had made no effort to conceal her CPUSA membership when asked by the University of California Board of Regents.

The following resolution was passed at the January 30, 1972, session of the Illinois District Convention of the CPUSA:

1. Resolution on ANGELA DAVIS

Whereas the imperialist NIXON-REAGAN clique has made frame-up charges against ANGELA DAVIS to silence her and others on the issues of repression, racism, peace and socialism, and

Whereas it is clear that the racist capitalist courts and the United States racist ruling class seeks to wreak punishment on Comrade DAVIS by denying her bail, while keeping her already more than a year in jail, to the detriment of her health and her own effective work in her own defense, and

Whereas our Party, from the start of the assault on Comrade DAVIS, joined immediately in rallying to her defense, realizing that the defense of ANGELA DAVIS, not only would strike a blow at pervasive and corrupting racism and repression, but also was vital to the defense of the rights of labor and trade unionism, of all true democrats, of the peace forces and movement, and of the growing forces uniting against Nixonism and the growing danger of fascism, and

Whereas the Illinois District of the Communist Party of the United States, dedicated to the victory of the working class and basing itself on the tested principles of Marxism-Leninism, met in Chicago, January 28 - 30, 1972, to discuss and estimate the world, national and Illinois situation, and to project actions and programs in the interest of the working class and democratic peoples everywhere that will bring an end to imperialism, repression and the Indochina War, therefore, be it

Resolved that the District Convention and delegates of the Illinois Communist Party go on record as follows:

1. That, in the face of the present situation of the defense of ANGELA and the immediate need for bail to her, the Convention pledges renewed effort and unceasing work that will win bond and freedom for Comrade ANGELA DAVIS.

2. That, in sending a copy of this resolution to Comrade ANGELA, with it goes an expression of love and respect from our Convention and from our whole Party in Illinois.

3. That copies of this resolution go to the National Convention of the Communist Party and to the press.

A. That copies of the resolution be sent to Governor RONALD REAGAN of California, United States Senators and United States President RICHARD M. NIXON.

B. That every Communist Party club should check up on their participation and work on the bail situation campaign and fund raising.
(CG T-2, 1/31/72)

c. Meeting of State Committee of the Illinois District of the CPUSA

A meeting of the State Committee of the Illinois District of the CPUSA was held on December 19, 1971, at Chicago.

TED PEARSON spoke and stated that the Illinois District of the CPUSA must have an all-out campaign to free ANGELA DAVIS from jail.

(CG T-1, 1/6/72)

d. Meeting of Illinois District
of the CPUSA

A meeting of the Illinois District of the CPUSA was held on December 8, 1971, at Chicago.

[redacted] a member of the State Committee of the Illinois District of the CPUSA, stated that there are a number of labor unions such as the building trade unions who will not admit any blacks to the union. Also some unions will not allow any young people to be admitted to the union. He stated that the above instances are an excellent opportunity for both the CPUSA and the Young Workers Liberation League (YWLL) to join in a struggle to help the youth and the blacks.

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(CG T-1, 12/8/71)

The YWLL is a front organization of the CPUSA. It was formed as a Marxist-Leninist youth group in February, 1970.

II. ILLINOIS DISTRICT OF CPUSA TACTICS

A. Chicago ANGELA DAVIS Defense
Committee (CADDCC)

The CPUSA set up committees for the defense of ANGELA DAVIS, a self-admitted CPUSA member, in October, 1970. The CPUSA in Illinois has consistently supported the Chicago ANGELA DAVIS Defense Committee and been instrumental in its direction.

A meeting of the CADDCC was held on December 7, 1971, at Chicago.

Several speakers urged those present to organize activities to raise funds for the defense of ANGELA DAVIS. They also called for everyone to sign petitions calling for the release of DAVIS from jail.

(CG T-4, 12/16/71)

The Illinois District of the CPUSA is attempting to use the ANGELA DAVIS issue to gain support in the black communities since DAVIS is black and the CPUSA believes that by openly supporting DAVIS they can influence black people by raising funds for the defense of DAVIS and thereby gain the confidence of the black people. The Illinois District of the CPUSA is continually attempting to exploit the DAVIS issue by claiming that DAVIS is being prosecuted because she is black and that this shows that racism continues to be practiced by the government of the United States. The CPUSA also believes that by interesting blacks in the DAVIS issue the CPUSA can also take advantage of this issue to recruit young black people into the CPUSA. The Illinois District of the CPUSA has had very limited success in raising funds for the defense of DAVIS and in gaining support for DAVIS in the black communities.

(CG T-5, 4/21/72)

**B. National Coordinating Committee for
Trade Union Action and Democracy (NCCTUAD)**

The NCCTUAD was founded in Chicago, Illinois, in June, 1970, at a conference held by the CPUSA, in an attempt to overcome a failure by the CPUSA to reach the labor movement. The NCCTUAD in March, 1971, maintained a National Headquarters at 343 South Dearborn Street, Chicago.

A meeting of the Steel Club of the Illinois District of the CPUSA was held on December 15, 1971, at Chicago. FRED GABOURY spoke and stated that he wanted to point out that the purpose of the NCCTUAD is to benefit all the workers and to strive to promote rank and file union members into leadership positions in the unions. He stated that many unions in the past have discriminated against blacks being placed in leadership positions and this must be changed. The blacks should be promoted in all levels of the trade union movement and they should be allowed to hold policy making positions.

(CG T-1, 1/6/72)

CONFIDENTIAL

III. ILLINOIS DISTRICT OF CPUSA PENETRATION
AND INFLUENCE IN RACIAL AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

The Illinois District of the CPUSA continues to exert little or no influence on policy matters in the civil rights movement. Civil rights organizations active in the Chicago area in which the Illinois District of the CPUSA endeavors to exert some influence are as follows:

Concerning the Chicago Urban League and the Congress of Racial Equality, the Illinois District of the CPUSA at the present time exercises no influence within these organizations.

The Negro-American Labor Council (NALC) apparently has ceased to function in the Chicago area and the Illinois District collective which formerly operated in the NALC is no longer functioning.

Concerning the Southern Christian Leadership Conference and the West Side Organization, at the present time, there are no CPUSA members in these organizations and the Illinois District of the CPUSA exercises no influence in these organizations.

The Illinois District of the CPUSA continues to attempt to establish a relationship with the Black Panther Party (BPP), however, this is quite difficult since the Illinois District has to date, been unable to influence the policies of the BPP and it is believed that the BPP will not take any orders from the CPUSA.

(CG T-6, 3/31/72)

The BPP is a black extremist organization started in Oakland, California, in December, 1966. It advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics to bring about the overthrow of the United States Government.

CONFIDENTIAL



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Chicago, Illinois

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

CG 100-41324

APR 28 1972

Title **COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL
MATTERS, CHICAGO DIVISION**

Character **INTERNAL SECURITY - C**

Reference **is made to Chicago report of
Special Agent Leland G. Richie
dated and captioned as above.**

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM : SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (100-2744) P*

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE
IN RACIAL MATTERS

DATE: 5/1/72

Remylet of 1/31/72.

Albuquerque's report for the current quarter is as follows:

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

A. COMMUNIST PARTY, USA

No information available.

B. OTHER COMMUNIST GROUPS

No information available.

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

No information available.

III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND INFLUENCE IN RACIAL AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

No information available.

The informants of the Albuquerque Office continue to advise that there is no formal organization of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA) currently functioning in New Mexico. These informants state that the members of the CP do meet on an intermittent basis in New Mexico, but there is no formal organizational structure operating on a permanent basis in this state. They state PAT BLAU BLAWIS, a member of the Central Committee of the CPUSA and the recognized leader of the Communist Party in New Mexico, has frequently stated during the past several years that she planned to create a functioning CPUSA organization in New Mexico, but that in their opinion she has never achieved this goal. These sources state that PAT BLAU BALWIS is

2 - Bureau (RAM)
1 - New York (100-15735) (RAM)
1 - Albuquerque

RJW:fd

(4)

REC-117

EXT. INT. SEC.



1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

AQ 100-2744

reportedly the only individual in New Mexico who is in contact with all of the other Party members in this state and that she makes contacts with these individuals on an intermittent basis. It is their opinion that she is the CPUSA organization in New Mexico.

[redacted] have individually advised in April, 1972, that in their opinions there are no serious racial problems in New Mexico, and representatives of the CP have not found racial matters in this state to be a fertile field for their exploitation.

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A review of the information available to the Albuquerque Office reflects there has been no indication of any communist influence in racial matters in New Mexico during the period covered by this letter.

Albuquerque informants have expressed their opinions that the action taken in connection with racial matters in New Mexico is on a legitimate basis.

The sources of the Albuquerque Office have been re-alerted to immediately report to this office any and all information coming to their attention concerning possible Communist Party or other subversive organizational influence in racial matters.

Albuquerque's investigation concerning this matter has been completely negative for the past three months, therefore, no report is being submitted. In view of this negative character of Albuquerque's investigation, no local dissemination has been made.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 5/1/72

FROM: SAC, NEW HAVEN (100-18290) (P*)

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
IS - C

Re New Haven letter dated 2/1/72.

No information pertinent to captioned matter has been received since submission of referenced communication.

Sources who are generally familiar with the activities and policies of the CPUSA- Connecticut District, have advised that they have no knowledge of any specific policy by the CPUSA-CS with regard to racial matters.

The NHO will remain alert for any information pertinent to this matter, and appropriate dissemination will be made upon receipt of same.

- cc 6/18/72
- ② - Bureau (RM)
 - 1 - Boston (Info.) (RM)
 - 1 - New York (100-153735) (Info) (RM)
 - 1 - New Haven
 - (5)
- RRM/nk

EX-115

REC-72 100-442529-3499

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EXT. INT. SEC.



MAY 9 1972

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 4/28/72

FROM : SAC, LOUISVILLE (100-4722) (P*)

SUBJECT: CIRM

IS - C

OO: NEW YORK

Re Louisville letter dated 1/31/72.

No data pertaining to this matter developed since submission of referenced letter.

- 100-442529-2
- 2 - Bureau (RM)
 - 1 - New York (100-153735) (Info.) (RM)
 - 1 - Louisville
- GWH/pmb
(4)

EX-115

REC-72 100-442529-3500

MAY 1 1972

EX-115
JCE



53 MAY 9 1972

203

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FD-263 (Rev. 12-19-67)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE DENVER	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 5/1/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 1/17 - 4/27/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS DENVER DIVISION		REPORT MADE BY FREDERICK M. VOLZ	TYPED BY ls
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCE: Denver letter to the Bureau 1/31/72.

- P* -

LEADS

DENVER DIVISION

AT DENVER, COLORADO

Will report on this matter prior to 8/1/72.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED ☐ NONE						ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES		
APPROVED COPIES MADE 9 - Bureau (100-442529) (RM) 1 - NISO, Chicago (RM) 1 - NISRA, Denver (RM) 1 - OSI, Denver (RM) 2 - 115th M.I. Group, Denver (RM) 1 - Secret Service, Denver (RM) 2 - New York (100-153735) (RM) 1 - Denver (100-8997)						DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW 100-442529-3501 10 MAY 3 1972 REC 16 EX-112	
Dissemination Record of Attached Report						Notations	
Agency	ISD 100-872					EXT. SEC.	
Request Recd.	MAY 10 1972						
Date Fwd.	5/9/72						
How Fwd.	A/S						
By	CEB/ci						

1006/8 9th

COVER PAGE

DN 100-8997

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source

Location

T-1:

T-2:

T-4:

T-5:

T-7:

T-8:

T-9:

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ADMINISTRATIVE

The Special Agents observing the activities on 2/8/72 were SA V. ALAN GOUGH and SA DOUGLAS G. BILLS.

This report is classified "~~Confidential~~" since data reported from T-1 through T-9 could reasonably result in identification of confidential informants of continuing value and compromise the effectiveness thereof which could adversely affect the national defense.

B*
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DN 100-8997

NON-SYMBOL SOURCE ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

DN T-3 is

DN T-6 is

b6
b7C
b7D

C*
COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
CONFIDENTIAL

Copy to: 1 - NISO, Chicago (RM)
1 - NISRA, Denver (RM)
1 - OSI, Denver, (RM)
2 - 115th M.I. Group, Denver (RM)
1 - Secret Service, Denver (RM)

Report of: FREDERICK M. VOLZ
Date: May 1, 1972

Office: Denver

Field Office File #: 100-8997

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS
DENVER DIVISION

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopsis:

Young Workers Liberation League (YWLL), youth group of Communist Party, USA, being formed in Denver with Chicano and black youths. Young Socialist Alliance (YSA) asked to join Crusade for Justice (CFJ), a militant Mexican-American group, to protest confinement of a CFJ leader. No violence. Student Mobilization Committee (SMC) controlled by Socialist Workers Party (SWP) and YSA. Colorado Peace Action Coalition (CPAC) includes representation from SWP and YSA. National Steering Committee of Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW) would not affiliate with SWP, YSA or other Communist front groups.

- P* -

CONFIDENTIAL

GROUP I

~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and declassification~~

DETAILS

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

A. Communist Party USA (CP,USA)

Young Workers Liberation League (YWLL)

The Young Workers Liberation League (YWLL) is a front organization of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA). It was formed as a Marxist-Leninist youth group in February, 1970.

[redacted] National Organizational Secretary of the YWLL was in Denver the latter part of March, 1972 to help organize a local YWLL chapter. It was learned that [redacted] was apparently successful in setting up some semblance of a YWLL chapter consisting mainly of female Chicanos.

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[redacted] Chairman of the CPUSA, Denver group stated that 14 youths were present at the meeting and he felt that the nucleus of a YWLL chapter is in the making. Some blacks and Chicanos and some of [redacted] grandchildren were involved in the organizational meeting. [redacted] mentioned that a car load of these youths will be going to Chicago for a YWLL convention beginning on May, 8, 1972.

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b7c

DN T-1
4/17/72 and
4/20/72

A YWLL is now forming in Denver and the meeting will probably be held at the Crusade for Justice building at 16th and Downing Streets.

DN T-2
4/12/72

B. Other Communist Groups

Socialist Workers Party (SWP) - Young
Socialist Alliance (YSA)

As the youth organization of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP), the Young Socialist Alliance (YSA) serves as the main source of recruitment into that organization. The YSA is described in the masthead of its official publication, "The Young Socialist Organizer," as "A multinational revolutionary socialist youth organization."

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The YSA was asked to join a Crusade for Justice (CFJ) demonstration on the grounds of the Colorado State Capitol, February 8, 1972, but was not invited to participate in the march which was to precede the rally. The march and rally was in protest to the confinement of the CFJ leader RUDOLFO "CORKY" GONZALES by California authorities in Los Angeles, California. Several local YSA and SWP members were seen at the Capitol during the demonstration selling "The Militant." There was no violence during this demonstration and the YSA and SWP members were only participants but did not control the demonstration.

DN T-3
2/4/72
SA's FBI
2/8/72

The Crusade for Justice (CFJ) is a militant Mexican-American organization founded in 1968 with headquarters in Denver, Colorado. Its political arm is known as "La Raza Unida" - The United (Mexican-American) People. Its objective is development of the Mexican-American community in political education and social action.

At the January 30, 1972 YSA meeting the Chicano report was given by [redacted] a member of the YSA, who stated that the YSA and SWP would support [redacted] even though he did not have a Trotskyite defense in connection with his California trial.

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DN T-3
2/8/72

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

Refer to CFJ demonstration under Section I.

III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

A. Student Mobilization Committee (SMC)

The Student Mobilization Committee to End the War in Vietnam (SMC) is controlled by the SWP and its youth affiliate, YSA. SMC initiates and supports public demonstrations against the war in Southeast Asia.

SMC
University of Colorado (CU)
Boulder, Colorado

Weekly meetings of SMC are regularly held at CU.

DN T-4
DN T-5
2/23/72 -
3/13/72

and [redacted] have been leaders at SMC meetings at CU. { Cole

DN T-4
DN T-5
2/23/72-
3/13/72

The SMC office at CU is located in the CU Memorial Center.

DN T-4
3/10/72

At the March 23, 1972 meeting of SMC, [redacted] announced that she was removing herself from the chairmanship of SMC due to the pressing demands of her school load.

DN T-5
3/24/72

DN 100-8997

Attendance at SMC meetings at CU vary from 7
to 25.

DN T-4
DN T-5
2/23/72 -
3/27/72

SMC
University of Colorado
Denver Center (CUDC)
Denver, Colorado

The CUDC chapter of SMC has been relatively
dormant for the past 2 months except for occasional
meetings held in CUDC conference rooms reserved beforehand
by SMC .

DN T-6
1/31/72

Six individuals constitute the nucleus of the
SMC group at CUDC.

DN T-6
1/31/72

SMC
Metropolitan State
College (MSC)
Denver, Colorado

SMC at MSC is starting up its meetings again.

DN T-7
1/26/72

SMC meetings at MSC are held Thursday's at
3 p.m. in the student lounge.

"The Paper"
official campus
newspaper MSC
2/2/72

[redacted] was chairman of the February 3, 1972 SMC meeting.

DN T-8
2/7/72

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[redacted] was leader at the March 29, 1972 SMC meeting.

DN T-7
3/29/72

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b7C

[redacted] has been inactive in SMC at MSC during the past few weeks.

DN T-3
3/31/72

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b7C

Three to eight individuals have been showing up for SMC meetings at MSC.

DN T-7
DN T-8
2/7/72 -
4/6/72

SMC
MSC, CUDC, CU

The SMC groups at MSC, CUDC and CU are planning to merge into one group in the immediate future, thus doing away with meetings of individual groups.

DN T-8
3/23/72

B. Colorado Peace Action Coalition (CPAC)

CPAC
Denver, Colorado

Colorado Peace Action Coalition (CPAC) formerly known as the Colorado Peace Coalition, is an ad hoc umbrella committee formed from several anti-war, anti-draft groups in the Denver, Colorado, area, which committee includes representation from the SWP, YSA, SMC and the Institute Mountain West (IMW) (self-proclaimed as a small group dedicated

DN 100-8997

to nonviolent revolution.) CPAC is largely dominated by [redacted] both SWP members and recent plans of the committee have implemented those established by the National Peace Action Coalition (NPAC).

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DNT-3
DNT-8
March and
April, 1971

At a YSA discussion held at 1100 Champa Street, Denver, Colorado, 7 p.m. January 11, 1972, it was announced that CPAC will continue since this is an election year and will attempt to keep the anti-war movement strong.

DN T-3
1/17/72

Offices of CPAC at 831 14th Street, Room 403, Denver, have been reopened according to an announcement at the YSA meeting of January 20, 1972.

DN T-3
1/31/72

[redacted] is coordinator of CPAC and [redacted] is chairman of the Chicano Task Force of CPAC.

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"Denver Post"
Daily Denver, Colorado
newspaper,
1/26/72

At the February 13, 1972 YSA meeting Denver, Colorado, [redacted] gave the anti-war report. He stated the first Spring CPAC meeting was held February 8, 1972 and that there were very few other than YSA/SWP members in attendance. Attendance was expected to increase as the April demonstrations draw nearer. CPAC has gained [redacted] endorsement for the April National Demonstrations. According to [redacted] an anti-war conference sponsored by CPAC, will be held March 4, 1972 at CUDC.

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DN T-3
2/22/72

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DN 100-8997

The 15 people who were present at the February 8, 1972 CPAC meeting and those present at meetings of CPAC on February 15 and 22, 1972 were for the most part the same people who attend YSA/SWP meetings. [] chaired the February 22, 1972 meeting.

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DN T-3
2/22-28/72

Attendance at CPAC meetings varies from eight to eighteen.

DN T-3
DN T-8
2/22/72 -
3/23/72

C. Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW)

The VVAW was founded in the spring of 1967 by six young Vietnam veterans in New York City. At the beginning of 1968, with 600 members, VVAW opened a national office, founded the first GI newspaper, "Vietnam GI," and sent close to 500 veterans into the McCarthy campaign to beat down the red baiters. After getting gassed at the Democratic Convention in Chicago and caught in the general "down" of the peace movement, VVAW was nearly inactive until the moratoriums in the Fall of 1969. Members of VVAW led student strikes on major campuses across the country and battled Veterans Administration Hospital authorities over threats to throw amputee Vietnam veterans out for signing anti-war petitions. At present, membership of the VVAW, nationally, consists of 8,500 members.

At the National Steering Committee meeting of the VVAW held in Denver and Boulder, Colorado, February 18-22, 1972 it was decided that the national body of the VVAW would not affiliate in any way with the SWP - YSA or any other Communist front group.

DN T-9
2/22/72

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

May 1, 1972

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Title

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS,
DENVER DIVISION

Character

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reference

Denver report of
SA FREDERICK M. VOLZ
May 1, 1972.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 5/1/72

FROM : SAC, RICHMOND (100-10310) -P*-
Richmond

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
IS - C

(00 - New York)

Re Richmond letter to Bureau dated 1/31/72.

No information has been received by Richmond during the quarter ending 4/30/72 to indicate any communist influence in racial matters within the Richmond Division.

There continues to be only one individual in the Richmond Division still considered to be a member of the Communist Party; however, he has been completely inactive for a period of time. No CP activity has come to the attention of the Richmond Office during this period.

6618570
2 - Bureau
1 - New York
1 - Richmond
REB:jbp
(4)

REC-21
EX-116

100-442521-3502

7 MAY 3 1972

EX-116 SEC.
SECRET



MAY 10 1972

U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE BUFFALO	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 4/28/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 2/1 - 4/25/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS <i>OK item</i>		REPORT MADE BY EDWARD J. THILL	TYPED BY :CC
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCE: Report of SA EDWARD J. THILL, 1/31/72, at Buffalo.

- P -

LEAD

BUFFALO

AT BUFFALO, NEW YORK

Will, when necessary, submit a report on a quarterly basis.

SEARCHED

C

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						☐ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO		
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES					
APPROVED <i>[Signature]</i>						SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE			DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE: 9 - Bureau (100-442529) (RM) 1 - G-2, Fort Devens, Massachusetts (RM) 1 - NIS, New York, New York (RM) 1 - OSI, Griffiss Air Force Base, Rome, New York (RM) 1 - New York (100-153735) (RM) 1 - Buffalo (100-18520) (R)						100-442529-3503 (RM)			REC-21 ST-105 MAY 3 1972	
Dissemination Record of Attached Report						Notations				
Agency	Recd	TSD	cc	53		EXT. SEC. <i>[Signature]</i>				
Request Recd.										
Date Fwd.		5/9/72								
How Fwd.		A/S								
By		C. E. G.								

51 MAY 12 1972
[Signature]

COVER PAGE

GPO : 1971-440-529

BU 100-18520

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source

Location

BU T-1

[Redacted]

BU T-2

[Redacted]

BU T-3

[Redacted]

BU T-4

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

b3
b6
b7C
b7D
b7E

ADMINISTRATIVE

The report has been classified "~~Confidential~~" to protect the sources used whose identification could be prejudicial to the defense interests of the Nation.

Those mentioned as leaders or activists in this report are informants or are on ADEX or are in the process of being recommended for ADEX.

- B* -
COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATIONCONFIDENTIAL

- 1 - G-2, Fort Devens, Massachusetts (RM)
1 - NIS, New York, New York (RM)
1 - OSI, Griffiss Air Force Base,
Rome, New York (RM)

Copy to:

Report of:
Date:EDWARD J. THILL
4/28/72

Office: Buffalo, New York

Field Office File #:

100-18520.

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title:

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopsis:

Communist Party, USA (CPUSA) in Buffalo, New York is trying to win the support of the black community through the Buffalo Committee to Free Angela Davis (BCFAD). By means of the Prisoners Solidarity Committee (PSC), both the Buffalo Chapter of Youth Against War and Fascism (YAWF) and the Rochester Chapter of YAWF are attempting to make a favorable impression on black people. CPUSA and the YAWF completely dominate these respective groups.

- P -

Details:

CONFIDENTIAL~~GROUP 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

Communist Party, USA (CPUSA)

In Buffalo, New York, the CPUSA never ceases its efforts to exert a measure of influence in the black community. To try to attain this objective, CPUSA makes use of the Buffalo Committee to Free Angela Davis (BCFAD). Through BCFAD, CPUSA has been publicizing the position of ANGELA DAVIS, a self-admitted member of the CPUSA, who has been charged by the State of California with murder, kidnaping and conspiracy. CPUSA describes ANGELA DAVIS as a victim of capitalistic oppression. Also aiding CPUSA in this endeavor is the Buffalo Chapter of the Young Workers Liberation League (YWLL).

Source: BU T-1
April 20, 1972

Since its inception in late 1970, BCFAD has been under the domination of the local CPUSA and YWLL, which organizations by such domination hoped to extend their influence into the black community of Buffalo.

YWLL is a front organization of the CPUSA. It was formed as a Marxist-Leninist youth group in February, 1970.

Youth Against War and Fascism (YAWF)

In Buffalo, New York, YAWF and its parent organization, Workers World Party (WWP), have been attempting to interest black people in their programs, mainly through Prisoners Solidarity Committee (PSC). The Buffalo Chapter of YAWF has established the plight of inmates of penitentiaries, especially black prisoners, as an important area of endeavor. PSC, which is an integral part of the organization, publicizes the allegedly unjust treatment of prisoners in the United States, especially the black inmates who are termed "political prisoners."

Source: BU T-2
February, 1972

YAWF is the youth group of the WWP.

The WWP was founded in 1959 by individuals who disagreed with policies of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP). The WWP dissidents advocated unconditional support of the Soviet Union and the building of a revolutionary party geared to the overthrow of capitalism. More recently, the WWP has called for peaceful solutions to Sino-Soviet border disputes; however, the SWP generally supports the People's Republic of China in its ideological differences with the Soviet Union.

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The Rochester Chapter of YAWF operates not only as YAWF but also as the PSC with an office at 171 State Street, Rochester, New York. PSC organizes activity on behalf of black prisoners in an effort to present a favorable image to the black community in Rochester.

Source: BU T-3
Various dates in
February and March, 1972

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

In Buffalo, New York, CPUSA and YWLL through the BCFAD publicizes the unjust treatment of ANGELA DAVIS, who is presently being tried by the State of California. BCFAD distributes leaflets, posters, and holds public meetings to depict ANGELA DAVIS as a victim of a capitalistic system. At meetings of the local CPUSA held during March and April, 1972, discussions were held about the need to continue the ANGELA DAVIS movement even after her trial ends. CPUSA leaders in Buffalo wish to maintain contact with the persons they established rapport with through BCFAD.

Source: BU T-1
Various dates in
February through April, 1972

BU 100-18520

In March and April, 1972, the Buffalo Chapter of YWLL operated in BCFAD and regarded it as one of its main areas of endeavor.

Source: BU T-4
April 19, 1972

In February, March, and April, 1972, the Buffalo Chapter of YAWF, through its PSC, distributed leaflets, held public meetings, and sponsored a demonstration in downtown Buffalo to give publicity to the plight of black prisoners. PSC in Buffalo continued to publicize the "massacre" of prisoners in the Attica Correctional Facility, Attica, New York, which took place in mid-September, 1971. PSC is also using the "Auburn Six" to publicize the lot of black prisoners at the State Prison in Auburn, New York.

Source: BU T-2
Various dates in
February and March, 1972

In Rochester, New York, YAWF, through PSC, has been concentrating on publicizing the lives of the "Auburn Six." PSC there has distributed leaflets regarding this group of black prisoners. In early February, 1972, PSC and Rochester Chapter of YAWF sponsored a demonstration on behalf of the "Auburn Six."

Source: BU T-3
Various dates in
February and March, 1972

III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND INFLUENCE IN RACIAL ORGANIZATIONS

CPUSA

In Buffalo, New York, CPUSA completely dominates BCFAD. The chairman of the BCFAD is [redacted] and the other officers of BCFAD are either members of the local CPUSA or activists in the Buffalo Chapter of YWLL.

Source: BU T-1
March 6, 1972

CONFIDENTIAL

BU 100-18520

[] is an active member of
CPUSA and YWLL in Buffalo, New York

b6
b7C

Source: BU T-1
March, 1972

Despite the activity in BCFAD caused by CPUSA,
there appears to be little productivity to show as influence
in the black community of Buffalo.

Source: BU T-1
April 20, 1972

YAWF

PSC in Buffalo, New York is part of the YAWF
organization. This area of YAWF work is under the direction
of [] who has been given this assignment. Judging
from the few black people who show an interest in YAWF, there
is little reason to believe that this strategy has been
successful.

b6
b7C

Source: BU T-2
Various dates in
February and March, 1972

[] is an active member of the
Buffalo Chapter of YAWF.

b6
b7C

Source: BU T-2
February, 1972

In Rochester, New York, PSC is an integral part of
the YAWF Chapter. This area of YAWF endeavor has as its
organizer [] Thus far, the PSC program in this
Chapter of YAWF has not produced any positive results.

b6
b7C

Source: BU T-3
Various dates in
February and March, 1972

[] is an active member of
YAWF Chapter in Rochester, New York.

b6
b7C

Source: BU T-3
March, 1972

CONFIDENTIAL



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Buffalo, New York

April 28, 1972

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 100-18520

Title COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reference Report of SA EDWARD J. THILL,
dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 5-1-72

FROM : SAC, SPRINGFIELD (100-10317) (P)

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS (CIRM)
IS - C

ReSilet to Bureau 1-27-72.

Contact with informants and sources in the Springfield Division has failed to disclose any information pertinent to captioned matter since submission of relet.

ay

REC-32

EX-116

100-442529-3504

20 MAY 3 1972

- 100-618917
② - Bureau (100-442529) (RM)
1 - New York (100-153735) (RM)
2 - Springfield (100-10317)
VRT:mts
(5)

EXT. INT. SEC.

614



MAY 10 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 5/1/72

FROM : SAC, HONOLULU (100-6356) (RUC)

SUBJECT: CIRM

IS - C

OO: NY

ReBulet to Albany dated 8/28/64 and Honolulu letter to Bureau dated 1/15/72.

Referenced Bureau letter directed that information indicating Communist infiltration in racial matters be periodically submitted on a quarterly basis.

No information has been received indicating any Communist influence in racial matters in Hawaii at the present time.

1. Communist Strategy in Racial Matters in Hawaii

None

2. Communist Tactics in Racial Matters in Hawaii

None

3. Communist Penetration and Influence in Racial Organizations in Hawaii

None

- 2 - Bureau
1 - New York (100-153735) (INFO)
1 - Honolulu

REG:er
(4)

7 MAY 4 1972



5010-108

54 MAY 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

EXT. INT. SEC.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM : SAC, KNOXVILLE (100-3520) (RUC)

SUBJECT: CIRM
IS--C

DATE: 4/26/72

(OO: New York)

Re Knoxville letter to Bureau 1/27/72.

No information has been received by Knoxville Office from any sources indicating there is any Communist influence being exerted in extremist matters in this division.

Any information of a pertinent nature concerning this subject received in the future will be reported.

This letter is being submitted in lieu of a quarterly report.

1-442529-3506

2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - Knoxville

HAM:lhmm
(3)

EX-115

REC-72

100-442529-3506

7 MAY 1 1972

EXT. INT. SEC.

INT. SEC.



5010-108

7 MAY 8 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 5/1/72

FROM : SAC, SAN JUAN (100-6702) -P*-
[Handwritten initials]

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE
IN RACIAL MATTERS
IS - C
(OO: NEW YORK)

Re San Juan letter to Bureau, 1/28/72.

The files of the San Juan Office contain no pertinent information regarding captioned matter.

On the dates indicated, the below listed informants, who report on communist activities in Puerto Rico, were contacted concerning captioned matter, and all advised that at the present time, there is no communist interest or influence in racial matters in Puerto Rico. It is noted that one of the below listed informants, is a member of the Partido Comunista Puertorriqueno (Puerto Rican Communist Party) (PCP). It should also be noted that there is limited racial activity at the present time in Puerto Rico.

b7D

<u>Source</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Agent</u>
	4/17/72	SA KENNETH F. POTTER
	4/20/72	SA RICHARD C. SONNICHSEN
	4/24/72	SA POTTER

This case is being placed in a pending inactive status for submission of quarterly report or letter by 5/1/72.

② - Bureau (RM)
1 - New York (Info) (RM)
1 - San Juan
RCS:mjd
(4)

REC 25

100-442529-3507

MAY 4 1972

EXT. INT. SEC.
[Handwritten initials]



5010-108-02

54 MAY 10 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE PITTSBURGH	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 5/1/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 2/1/72 - 4/30/72
TITLE OF CASE <u>COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS</u>		REPORT MADE BY LAWRENCE M. COOPER, JR.	TYPED BY tg
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCES:

Pittsburgh letter to Bureau dated 1/31/72.

-p*-

LEADSPITTSBURGHAT PITTSBURGH, PA. (ALLEGHENY COUNTY)

Will continue to follow and report activities in this matter.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						☐ NONE	ACQUIT-TALS	CASE HAS BEEN:
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			
								PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO
								PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO

APPROVED	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE <i>TDM</i>	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE:		100-442529-3508 4 MAY 4 1972 REC-89 EX-114	
9 - Bureau (100-442529) (RM) 2 - New York (100-153735) (RM) 2 - Pittsburgh (100-15125)			

Dissemination Record of Attached Report				Notations
Agency	Request Recd.	Date Fwd.	How Fwd.	
2ccs		5/10/72	AS	
By				

54 MAY 10 1972

COVER PAGE

PG 100-15125

ADMINISTRATIVE:

This report is classified "~~Confidential~~" since information from PG T-1 to PG T-4 could reasonably result in the identification of informants of continuing value and compromise future effectiveness thereof which could have an adverse effect on the defense interests of the country.

INFORMANTS

<u>Informant</u>	<u>Location</u>
PG T-1 is [redacted] [redacted]	This report
PG T-2 is [redacted] [redacted]	[redacted]
PG T-3 is [redacted] [redacted]	
PG T-4 is [redacted] [redacted]	[redacted]

b3
b6
b7C
b7D
b7E

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: LAWRENCE M. COOPER, JR. Office: Pittsburgh, Pa.
Date: 15/1/72
Field Office File #: 100-15125 Bureau File #: 100-442529
Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS
Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Synopsis: Members of the Western Pennsylvania District of the Communist Party-USA continue in positions of leadership and influence in the Pittsburgh Committee to Free ANGELA DAVIS with purpose of attempting to build support in the black community. Positions of Communist Party members in this organization set out.

-P*-

DETAILS:

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

On April 25, 1972, PG T-1 advised that members of the Western Pennsylvania District, Communist Party-USA (WPD-CPUSA) continue in positions of leadership and influence in the Pittsburgh Committee to Free ANGELA DAVIS (PCFAD). Informant said the purpose of this activity on the part of WPD-CPUSA members is to attempt to build support in the black communities of Pittsburgh and to influence feeling against the "establishment," the court and legal system, and the prison system of this country. Informant said these motives are apparent from the exaggerations made by members of the WPD-CPUSA concerning the physical condition and treatment of DAVIS and concerning the "barbarous treatment she is receiving."

The PCFAD, also known as the Free ANGELA DAVIS Defense Action Committee, the ANGELA DAVIS Defense Committee, and the ANGELA DAVIS Task Force, was established in Pittsburgh during January, 1971, to gain support for the defense of ANGELA DAVIS on a charge of supplying firearms used in the kidnaping and murder of a California judge and included members of the WPD-CPUSA.

On December 27, 1971, PG T-2 advised that [redacted] was chairman of the PCFAD with [redacted] assisting him.

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b7C

On December 28, 1971, PG T-3 advised that [redacted] is a member of the WPD-CPUSA.

b6
b7C

PG T-1 advised on September 7, 1971, that [redacted] is a member of the District Committee, WPD-CPUSA.

On March 29, 1972, PG T-4 advised that Communist influence in the PCFAD is considered to be extensive as at

PG 100-15125

least three members of the Executive Committee of the PCFAD are known to be CP members.

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

No information developed.

III.. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND INFLUENCE IN RACIAL ORGANIZATIONS

No information developed.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

April 28, 1972

*In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.*

Title COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character

Reference Report of Special Agent LAWRENCE M.
COOPER, JR., dated and captioned as
above at Pittsburgh, Pa.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 5/1/72

FROM : SAC, HOUSTON (100-10100) (P*)

SUBJECT: CIRM
IS - C

(OO: NEW YORK)

ReBulet to AL, 8/24/64, and HOlet to Bureau, 2/1/72.

Appropriate case files in the security and extremist fields were reviewed concerning captioned matter and security informants were contacted. No activity was noted or reported by informants during the past quarter. In the event any positive information is developed in the future, it will be furnished to the Bureau.

No investigative report is being submitted by Houston at this time pursuant to instructions contained in referenced Bureau letter. I

EX-115

REC-50

100-442529-3509

- 2 - Bureau (RM)
2 - New York (100-153735) (RM)
1 - Houston



THC/jam

MAY 18 1972

MAY 4 1972
EX-115
ESPIONAGE
INT. SEC.

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE LOS ANGELES	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 4/28/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 4/4/72 - 4/24/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY CHARLES C. WILSON	TYPED BY cjc
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCES: Los Angeles report of SA CHARLES C. WILSON,
dated 2/2/72.
Bureau letter to all offices, dated 3/2/72.

- P* -

ADMINISTRATIVE

Copies of this report are being furnished to New York
as office of origin, San Diego and San Francisco for information in
view of their interest in communist influence in racial matters in
California.

Information furnished by sources contained in this report
is classified ~~confidential~~ because the unauthorized disclosure
of either the information or identity of sources would be detrimental
to the national defense.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						☐ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO		
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES					
APPROVED WGG COPIES MADE: 9 - Bureau (100-442529)(RM) 1 - New York (100-153735)(INFO)(RM) 1 - San Diego (100-13259)(INFO)(RM) 1 - San Francisco (100-53902)(INFO)(RM) 1 - Los Angeles (100-66078)							SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE		DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW 100-442529-3510 18 MAY 5 1972 EXT. INFO SEC. Classifying R.D.	
Dissemination Record of Attached Report							Notations			
Agency	R.C.C.	ESD.	ICL 55							
Request Recd.										
Date Fwd.		5/10/72								
How Fwd.		C120								
By	60 MAY 26 1972									

100 6/8 900

COVER PAGE

LA 100-66078

INFORMANTS

SOURCE

LOCATION

LA T-1

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

LA T-2

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

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b7D
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LA T-3

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

LA T-4

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

LA T-5

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

b3
b6
b7C
b7D
b7E

LA T-6

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

LA T-7

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

LA 100-66078

SOURCE

LOCATION

LA T-8

[REDACTED]

Orally to SA W. DON ROGERS,
3/22/72, instant report,
page 9.

LA T-9

[REDACTED]

Orally to SA FREDERICK
J. PETERSEN, 3/15/72, instant
report, page 9,

LA T-10

[REDACTED]

Orally to SA G. HOWARD
CARTER, 4/12/72, instant
report, page 9.

b7D

LA T-11

[REDACTED]

Orally to SA JOHN P. ANDREWS,
4/10/72, instant report,
page 10.

LA T-12

[REDACTED]

Orally to SA KELLY P. HEMMERT,
4/19/72, instant report,
page 10.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to:

Report of: CHARLES C. WILSON
Date: 4/28/72

Office: Los Angeles, California

Field Office File #: 100-66078

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopsis: The Southern California District Communist Party (SCDCP) originates its policies and strategies for influencing racial matters through the Black Liberation Commission (BLC). The Black and Chicano Liberation Commissions have set a Unity Conference for September 1972. The SCDCP attempts to secure support from the black communities through the churches in those communities and SCDCP members are cautioned to avoid offending black church members. The SCDCP has attempted to gain black support through labor unions and by condemning the price-wage freeze and police repression as it effects the black community. The defense of ANGELA DAVIS has been pointed to by the SCDCP and the BLC as the most important issue at the SCDCP Convention in February 1972.

- P* -

DETAILS:

All meetings unless otherwise indicated were held in the Los Angeles, California area.

The Southern California District Communist Party, the Communist Party, USA, and the Black Liberation Commission will hereinafter be referred to as the SCDCP, CPUSA and the BLC, respectively.

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

LA 100-66078

SCDCP - STRATEGY AND INFLUENCE
IN RACIAL MATTERS

LA T-1 (12/1/71 - 2/17/72)

On November 30, 1971, at a meeting for pre-Convention discussions concerning "The Black Liberation Movement" of the SCDCP, it was mentioned the CPUSA continues to grow among black workers but this trend is not keeping pace in Los Angeles as it does back in the east. It was further discussed at this meeting that the SCDCP must seek to build more black caucuses in major industries, such as the steel and automobile industries.

On December 4, 1971, at another pre-Convention discussion meeting of the SCDCP, the members present discussed the effect of the price-wage freeze on the black, Chicano, Indian and Puerto Rican, and emphasized that the CPUSA must call for a militant struggle among these minority groups against all forms of wage control. The attacks against the Black Panther Party (BPP) by the police were cited as typical of the monopoly rule and oppression of the minority peoples.

The BPP is a black extremist organization started in Oakland, California, in December 1966. It advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics to bring about the overthrow of the United States Government.

On December 9, 1971, at a meeting of the BLC, the members were urged to call for complete black and white unity of the working class in order to win the victory over monopoly capitalism and against the oppression of United States imperialism. All CPUSA Districts including the SCDCP were urged to organize a BLC as the primary purpose of supporting the defense committees to free ANGELA DAVIS.

National United Committee to Free Angela Davis (NUCFAD) was founded by the CPUSA to free ANGELA YVONNE DAVIS, self-admitted member of the SCDCP, who faces murder-kidnaping charges at Marin County, California. The SCDCP controls NUCFAD by use of CPUSA members in key positions. Headquarters are located at San Francisco, California.

On January 13, 1972, at another meeting of the BLC, the issue of the schools and educational system in the black community was raised. The BLC and the SCDCP were urged to play a greater role in the black community on these kinds of issues. It was further pointed out that harrassment of the black people by the police should be expounded upon and exposed by the BLC. The discussion at this meeting also included the problem of the black youth in the SCDCP, particularly the Che Lumumba Club of the SCDCP, which refuses to participate with other SCDCP clubs in the community and insists on doing their own thing, all alone.

On January 15, 1972, at a meeting of the District Committee, SCDCP, the representation of black people, Chicanos and young people on the District Committee was discussed. The committee and board to be elected at the upcoming District Convention of the SCDCP, were expected to include more representation from these groups.

On January 22, 1972, during the second day of the District Convention, SCDCP, during a discussion of a Black Liberation Resolution, it was pointed out that the question of "Black Capitalism" is a sham. It was pointed out that there are more police cars and helicopters in the black community than in any other. The CPUSA should combat this year's Black History Week and gear the activities around the defense of ANGELA DAVIS.

It was further pointed out that only seven SCDCP clubs have black comrades and the rest of the over 30 SCDCP clubs have no black members. The black and Chicano problems will be dealt with by the Black and Chicano Liberation Commissions and the tactic of the power structure in the United States is to play blacks and Chicanos against each other. The result is that the white people get the worst of the disturbances. The Black Liberation Resolution before the Commission proposed that the CPUSA utilize the February 1972 highlight of Negro History Week for the support of the defense of ANGELA DAVIS; that the SCDCP continue to build unity between the black and Chicano people; and that a social struggle be directed against new forms of white chauvinism. The representation of the black and Chicano delegates in this convention was admonished for being too small. The black delegates represented only seven SCDCP clubs and the Chicanos had only three delegates at this convention.

LA 100-66078

On February 8, 1972, the following resolutions on
Black Liberation was furnished by LA T-1:

AMENDMENT TO DRAFT THESES AND TO DRAFT RESOLUTION
ON BLACK LIBERATION

RESOLVED: That this Convention re-affirms the session on Black Liberation in the Party Program adopted at the 19th Convention which includes the following passages (pages 60-61):

Because of the national character of Black people in the United States, Communists see the necessity of united struggle of all classes of Black people against their common oppressor.

The struggles of the Black people in the United States, as we have seen, increasingly take on the character of a struggle for power, a struggle in which they aspire to a determining voice in the decisions affecting their own lives as well as an equal voice with others in affairs of the nation.

The Communist Party fully associates itself with these aspirations. Even though Black people do not now constitute a nation, we do not place any limitations on their struggle to satisfy their aspirations up to and including their right to develop self-government and to exercise the right of self-determination. Moreover, we work to create conditions for the expression of these rights, free from all social, economic, political, cultural and legal restrictions. And

be it further RESOLVED:

That the current Draft Theses and Draft Resolution on Black Liberation be AMENDED to re-write all sections which are in conflict with the above passage from the Party Program in order to bring the Theses and Resolution into accord with our Program.

Submitted by the Ho Chi Minh Club

Resolution on BLACK LIBERATION

Submitted by THE BLACK LIBERATION COMMISSION

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA DISTRICT CONVENTION--January, 1972

This commission supports the general line of the Draft Theses in regard to the Black Liberation movement and recognizes that the oppression of Black people is closely linked with the oppression of other people--Chicano, Puerto Rican, Native Americans (Indians) and Asians. We agree that the struggle for Black Liberation cannot be waged in isolation but must be joined with the struggles by all the other oppressed people and the working class. The Black Liberation Commission is charged with the responsibility of giving leadership in the struggle to raise the STANDARD OF LIVING OF Black people, upgrading on jobs, more and better housing, community control of schools, equality of prices in the Black community with those in other communities, abolition of all wage control, elimination of police brutality and all repression, and an increase in meaningful political representation.

In order that the party play its correct role in changing our society, it desperately needs to recruit Black people in great numbers--especially Black youth. Many of the anti-establishment, radical black youth have become radicalized in prisons and by their peers in the streets of the ghetto, as well as on high school and college campuses. Many of these youth, who have been characterized as "lumpen" and/or petty bourgeois intellectuals can and should be won to the struggle for Black liberation and Socialism.

We must develop an approach to these Black youth which is more relevant than our usual "old style" ideas. The party can learn much regarding this approach from some of our young comrades, i.e. those in the Che Lumumba club and the YWLL.

There is a need for an analysis of the question of political and politicized prisoners as opposed to "criminals." Traditionally, we have treated ex-prisoners in much the same manner as the establishment, unless they were jailed for "legitimate" labor or political reasons.

Many of our youth have been exposed to ideas of the Black Muslims, The Black Panther Party, Black Students' Unions, etc. It therefore follows that they don't have what we would characterize as a healthy ideological and organizational approach to our party and other activities. How can these differences be dealt with? Not by ignoring them, but by joining in struggle as equals on all fronts.

The commission recommends that the party and, specifically, the District Leadership concentrate its attention on the problem of fully integrating the youth clubs into the life and activities of the party.

The youth clubs have developed, apparently with the purpose of the All-Black club concentrating its work in the Black community and the White club concentrating in THE White community.

While the commission feels that much of the work done by these comrades is exemplary, the lack of communist discipline and the lack of adherence to the principle of Democratic Centralism can lead to serious errors.

We feel that this problem has special urgency in view of the negative effect it has on the local efforts in defense of Angela Davis.

The Black Liberation Commission of the Southern California District projects as our Number One priority the all-out struggle for the complete freedom of our comrade Angela Y. Davis.

LA 100-66078

On April 18, 1972, LA T-1 and LA T-2 advised the policy of the SCDCP regarding the black community continues the same as in the past in that the issues common to such groups are exploited with little or no interest in the black community itself. The SCDCP discusses and attempts to use and gain support from black community churches for CPUSA purposes; however this has been unsuccessful in that the church leaders refuse to be misled by false intentions and influence their church members against the CPUSA. The primary interest in the black community on the part of the SCDCP continues to be the gathering of support for the defense of ANGELA DAVIS.

LA T-2 (12/2/71 - 3/7/72)

During the period November 30, 1971, through March 4, 1972, at meetings of the BLC and the SCDCP pre-Convention discussions, the SCDCP continued in their efforts to gain the support of the black community through the BLC and to consolidate the activities of the black and white communities for the defense of ANGELA DAVIS. The SCDCP is critical of white members who believe that the BLC is responsible for only the black comrades and the attitude on the part of white comrades allowing the defense of ANGELA DAVIS to become solely a black endeavor. The SCDCP opposes the idea of black capitalism. It urges unity between the Black and Chicano Liberation Commissions of the SCDCP. The effect of the wage-price freeze on black workers and the black communities was pointed out in order to encourage dissension among the minorities. The SCDCP also attempts to gain support in the black communities by sympathizing with the black communities concerning so-called oppression employed against them by the police.

On March 4, 1972, at a benefit for the defense of ANGELA DAVIS sponsored by the SCDCP, SAMMY DAVIS, JR., the well-known singer and entertainer, expressed through his statements his feelings that while he does not necessarily share the political convictions of ANGELA DAVIS, he supports her because she is a black woman. This benefit program, which featured DAVIS and other noted entertainers, threw huge support from the black community. The SCDCP sponsorship was not indicated publicly.

LA 100-66078

LA T-3 (2/29/72)

On February 28, 1972, at a meeting of the Organization Committee for the concert in support of the defense of ANGELA DAVIS, it was pointed out that the monitors and security police utilized in the event of fighting involving blacks, should be black security people instead of whites. The organizers of this concert, SCDCP members, recognized the problems with white authorities being utilized against the black people, and it was felt that black people could handle disturbances at the proposed concert better than white people.

LA T-3 on March 22, 1972, was unable to furnish any further information concerning policies and strategies of the SCDCP in racial matters.

LA T-4 (1/30/72 - 3/28/72)

LA T-5 (1/30/72 - 3/28/72)

On January 23, 1972, the SCDCP Convention discussed the holding of a Black and Chicano Unity Conference in September 1972. This conference was set for September 16 and 17, 1972 in Los Angeles. It was further mentioned that other proposals had been made, namely that a Marxist school be organized and literature printed in Spanish for distribution in the Chicano barrios.

LA T-4 and LA T-5 on March 28, 1972, advised that the policies and strategies in the SCDCP in influencing racial matters is aimed primarily in gaining support through the black community churches and emphasis on the atheist ideals in the CPUSA should not be mentioned for fear that the churches would not support the CPUSA.

LA T-6 (1/17/72 - 4/21/72)

On January 17, 1972, at a meeting of the BLC, SCDCP membership was cautioned against discouraging black people from attending church and church work in that the CPUSA would lose too many black members if this took place.

LA 100-66078

On April 21, 1972, LA T-6 advised that no further information concerning the SCDP policy and strategy in influencing racial matters was known by source.

LA T-7 (10/22/71)

On October 10, 1971, at a meeting of the San Bernardino - Riverside County Club of the SCDP, the club members resolved to have a resolution formed condemning the police oppression against the black community and supporting the black community in Riverside County and it was proposed that this resolution be submitted to the different labor unions for their endorsements. If the labor unions would not endorse this resolution they would be urged to submit their own resolution concerning the black community's struggle against the police.

LA T-8 (3/22/72)

Source could furnish no information relative to the SCDP influence in racial matters.

LA T-9 (3/15/72)

Source advised that the policy of the CPUSA and the SCDP remains basically the same regarding the black community; that is, there is continuing effort to exert influence and exploit this racial group in order to gain support for the Party. The ANGELA DAVIS defense is the current "rallying point" being utilized by the CPUSA in this regard.

LA T-10 (4/12/72)

Source advised that almost all of the past discussions at the BLC meetings involved the churches in the black community, particularly larger ones, ~~as~~ being considered as a possible vehicle for gaining support in the black community for the SCDP. The churches reactions have been basically unfavorable and few black people have been recruited or interested in the SCDP. The members of the SCDP have been cautioned to avoid using "old Party phrases" in attempts to appeal to blacks for support so as not to offend blacks who might find the communist philosophy offensive.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

LA 100-66078

LA T-11 (4/10/72)

Source advised that the defense of ANGELA DAVIS has been utilized by the SCDCP to seek support in the black community but not simply because DAVIS is black. The SCDCP has rallied to DAVIS' support but this has been because of her own past affiliation with the SCDCP.

LA T-12 (4/19/72)

Source advised the SCDCP has no set policy or strategy to influence racial matters. The discussion in the SCDCP relative to influencing racial matters originates in the BLC.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Los Angeles, California
April 28, 1972

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Title	COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
Character	INTERNAL SECURITY - C
Reference	Report of SA CHARLES C. WILSON dated and captioned as above, at Los Angeles.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

-1-

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM : *[Signature]* SAC, EL PASO (100-5860) (P*)

SUBJECT: 0
COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

DATE: 5/1/72

OO: NEW YORK

Re Bulet to AL, 8/28/64; EP letter to Bureau, 1/28/72.

Contact has been maintained with informants and sources in the extremist and security fields, and no information has been developed to indicate that the Communist Party has shown any interest in extremist matters in the El Paso Division. (Noted no Communist groups are known to exist in the El Paso Division.)

In view of the above, no quarterly report is being submitted by the El Paso Office.

100-442529
② Bureau
1- New York (Info)
1- El Paso

DJR:amc
(4)

EC-14 100-442529-3511

EX-117

4 MAY 5 1972

EXT. INT. SEC.
[Signature]



5010-108-01

107
MAY 16 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE CINCINNATI	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 4/28/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 2/3-4/18/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY JOSEPH M. CULKIN	TYPED BY msw
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCES:

Report of SA JOSEPH M. CULKIN, 1/31/72, at Cincinnati.

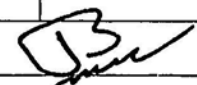
- P* -

LEADS:

CINCINNATI

AT CINCINNATI, OHIO

Will follow and report Communist activities in the Cincinnati Division as they pertain to racial matters.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED ☒ NONE						ACQUIT-TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☒ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☒ NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES		
APPROVED 						SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	
COPIES MADE: 9-Bureau (100-442529) (RM) 1-109th MIG, Cincinnati (RM) 1-OSI, WPAFB, Ohio (RM) 1-NISO, Cincinnati (RM) 1-New York (100-153735) (Info) (RM) 2-Cincinnati (100-14539)						DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW 100-442529-3512 4 MAY 5 1972 REC-19 EX-114	
Dissemination Record of Attached Report						Notations	
Agency	Request Recd.	Date Fwd.	How Fwd.	By			
500's							
ISD		5/10/72					

54 MAY 10 1972
100-442529

COVER PAGE

CI 100-14539

ADMINISTRATIVE:

Report is classified "~~Confidential~~" as unauthorized disclosure of information therein would be injurious to the defense interests of the U.S. and would compromise the future effectiveness of CI T-1 and CI T-2.

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source

Location

CI T-1 is

CI T-2 is

CI T-3 is

CI T-4 is

b3
b7D
b7E

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION~~Confidential~~

Copy to: 1 - 109th MI Group, Cincinnati, Ohio (RM)
1 - OSI, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio (RM)
1 - NISO, Cincinnati, Ohio (RM)

Report of: JOSEPH M. CULKIN
Date: 4/28/72

Office: CINCINNATI

Field Office File #: CI 100-14539

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Synopsis: FOR THE PERIOD 1/16/72 THROUGH 4/15/72

Sources advised that the CPUSA in Ohio Valley area and in Cincinnati have no currently expressed plans to foment racial unrest in Negro community. Source offered opinion that CPUSA is using ANGELA DAVIS issue to build up CPUSA funds and gain support for CPUSA among Negroes, with CPUSA hopeful that Presidential bid of GUS HALL will receive support from Negro community. [redacted] self-described as "unofficial Communist," in contact with CPUSA members in 1/72 seeking organizational existence with his group, which group has stated purpose of achieving better working conditions for blacks working for General Electric in Cincinnati area. [redacted] sentenced to 1-3 years in Ohio State Penitentiary in 4/72 on gun violation charge. In article in "People's Community News" one "Joane" from Springfield, Ohio described conditions in Peoples Republic of China most favorably. [redacted] identified member of Revolutionary Union making speeches with regard to her trip to China.

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- P* -

~~Confidential~~~~GROUP I~~~~Excluded from automatic downgrading
and declassification~~

CI 100-14539

DETAILS:

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY AND TACTICS IN RACIAL AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA

The Communist Party, USA (CPUSA) has been designated by the Attorney General pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Source advised that the CPUSA in Cincinnati, Ohio, has no currently expressed plan to exploit the racial situation or foment unrest.

(CI T-1 on April 14, 1972)

Source advised that the CPUSA has been soliciting and collecting funds for the defense of ANGELA DAVIS since her indictment on a murder charge in California. DAVIS is a publicly identified CP member. This source advised that it is his opinion the CPUSA is using the ANGELA DAVIS issue to help build up CPUSA funds and gain support for the CPUSA in the Negro community with the hope that GUS HALL, CPUSA Presidential nominee, will receive support from the Negro community. This source advised that there are no expressed plans of the CPUSA in the Ohio Valley to foment racial unrest.

(CI T-2 on April 14, 1972)

II. COMMUNIST PENETRATION IN RACIAL AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

Source advised that [] was in the company of [] full-time CPUSA organizer in Ohio, and another CPUSA member in Cincinnati, Ohio, on January 29, 1972. [] works at the General Electric Company in Cincinnati and is the head of an organization

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CI 100-14539

~~X~~
called Justice, Opportunity, and Betterment (JOB). He wants to organize the black workers to fight job discrimination. [] stated he wants [] and the other CPUSA member to assist him in organizing this activity. *Organization for Black Workers at General Electric Plant - Evendale, Ohio*

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(CI T-1 on February 15, 1972)

Source advised that on January 15, 1972, [] supra, stated [] described himself as an "unofficial Communist" and is aware that [] is a CPUSA member.

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(CI T-1 on February 10, 1972)

[] was interviewed by SAs of the FBI on November 5, 1968. He advised he is Chairman of an organization known as Justice, Opportunity, and Betterment at the General Electric plant in Evendale, Ohio, adjacent to Cincinnati. He stated JOB had been formed to force the company to be fair in its personal dealings with black employees.

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[] described himself as a 20th century slave. He advised he has no allegiance to the United States as he is an African first and always. [] stated he does not believe in violence, but it was noted at the conclusion of the interview [] stated he did not trust anyone and had only told the interviewing agents what he wanted them to hear.

The "Cincinnati Post and Times Star," a newspaper of general circulation, issue of April 24, 1972, contained an article indicating that [] had been

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CI 100-14539

sentenced to a term of 1-3 years in the Ohio State Penitentiary on a charge arising from his illegal possession of a gun.

Source advised that the Black Panther Party (BPP) is organizationally defunct in Dayton, Ohio, but that WILLIE STEVENS and other "remnants" of the BPP are operating the People's Community Center (PCC). Source further advised that articles in the "People's Community News" (PCN) are too sophisticated and above the level of the Negro intelligence. This source characterized the style and content of writings in the PCN as typical of that in white New Left publications.

(CI T-3 on November 12, 1971)

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

also known as

BLACK PANTHER PARTY FOR SELF DEFENSE

The Black Panther Party (BPP) is a black extremist organization started in Oakland, California, in December, 1966. It advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics to bring about the overthrow of the United States Government.

"PEOPLE'S COMMUNITY NEWS"

The "People's Community News" (PCN) is self-described as the newspaper of the People's Community Center (PCC), 326 Middle Street, Dayton, Ohio; Mid-City Station, Post Office Box 707, Dayton, Ohio.

The PCN, Issue Number Two, December, 1971, contained an article captioned, "Medical Care - In China"

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CI 100-14539

which quoted an unidentified female named "Joane" from Springfield, Ohio, on her views concerning her recent trip to the mainland of China. This article was extremely favorable concerning the medical situation in China and critical of the same idea in the United States.

Source advised that [] is a self-identified member of the Revolutionary Union (RU) from the Springfield, Ohio, area who has made public speeches in the Cincinnati area concerning her four week visit to the Peoples Republic of China in October, 1971.

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(CI T-4 on April 17, 1972)

REVOLUTIONARY UNION
also known as
RED UNION
BAY AREA REVOLUTIONARY UNION

The Revolutionary Union (RU) was founded in early 1968 and is a militant, semiclandestine organization. Its objectives, as set out in its publications, are the development of a united front against imperialism, the fostering of revolutionary working-class unity and leadership in struggle, and the formation of a communist party based on Marxism-Leninism-MAO Tse-tung thought, leading to the overthrow of the United States Government by force and violence.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Cincinnati, Ohio
April 28, 1972

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. CI 100-14539

Title COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Reference Report of JOSEPH M. CULKIN,
dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE CLEVELAND	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 5/2/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 4/24/72 - 4/27/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY SA JOHN J. SULLIVAN	TYPED BY hs
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCE

Report of SA JOHN J. SULLIVAN, 12/30/71 at Cleveland.

- P* -

LEADS

CLEVELAND

At Cleveland, Ohio

Will follow and report Communist activities in the Cleveland area as they pertain to racial matters.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						☐ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO	
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES				
APPROVED <i>[Signature]</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE								DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE: 9 - Bureau (100-442529) (RM) 1 - CO, Region, IV, 109th MI Group, P.O. Box 868, Columbus, Ohio (RM) 1 - OSI, Wright-Patterson AFB, Dayton, Ohio (RM) 2 - NIS, Philadelphia, Pa. (RM) 1 - Cincinnati (100-14535) (Info) (RM) 2 - New York 100-153735) (RM) 3 - Cleveland (100-27056)								100-442529-3513 MAY 5 1972 REC-32 EX-109	
Dissemination Record of Attached Report								Notations	
Agency	Request Recd.	Date Fwd.	How Fwd.	By				EXT. SEC. 618	
CC's	TSD	5/15/72	R/S	CEG/er					

62 MAY 16 1972

COVER PAGE

CV 100-27056

INFORMANTS

Identity
of Source

Location

CV T-1 is

b3
b7D
b7E

CV T-2 is

CV T-3 is

Characterization of Ohio Committee for
Trade Union Action and Democracy

CV T-4 is

b3
b7D
b7E

CV T-5 is

ADMINISTRATIVE

This report is classified ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ since it contains information from CV T-1 through CV T-5 which could result in their being identified. They are informants of continuing value (except for CV T-3) to the national defense, disclosure of which would compromise their future effectiveness.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to: 1 - Commanding Officer, Region IV, 109th MI Group,
P.O. Box 868, Columbus, Ohio (RM)
1 - Office of Special Investigation,
Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Dayton, Ohio (RM)
2 - Naval Investigative Service, Philadelphia, Pa. (RM)

Report of: SA JOHN J. SULLIVAN
Date: May 2, 1972

Office: CLEVELAND

Field Office File #: 100-27056

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE
IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopsis: FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD
DECEMBER 26, 1971 - APRIL 30, 1972

JOHN PITTMAN, Co-editor, "Daily World," in speech in Cleveland, Ohio, in Jan. 1972, condemned USA as racist nation and called for elimination of racism. CP locally proposed establishment of Black Liberation Commission to start political work among black students and workers. CP member proposed contact with Negroes in Welfare Rights Organization as means to recruit new CP members. Black workers reported to be interested in Ohio Committee for Trade Union Action and Democracy. CP reported to be attempting to recruit black rubber industry workers in Akron, Ohio. New Angela Davis Defense Committee formed by Negroes in Cleveland, Ohio. White people prohibited from leadership positions. CP plans to work with this organization. SDS, SWP, YSA not making attempts to gain influence among Negroes. No racial demonstrations during period in which communists were involved.

- P* -

Details:

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

GROUP I
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

A. Communist Party, USA (CPUSA)

1. National Plans and Strategy

CV T-1 advised on January 31, 1972, ^{C. P. MEMBER} that on January 23, 1972, a meeting was held at 2176 Lee Road, Cleveland, Ohio, at which the featured speaker was JOHN PITTMAN, who was introduced as a member of the CPUSA and Co-editor of the "Daily World." His topic was the World-wide Fight Against Fascism. Approximately 32 persons were present. The source advised that PITTMAN's speech consisted of a condemnation of England, South Africa and especially the United States for being the most racist countries.

"DAILY WORLD"

The "Daily World" is an east coast communist newspaper.

2. Local Plans and Strategy

a) Establishment of Black Liberation Commission

CV T-2 reported on February 10, 1972, that on February 6, 1972, the Ohio District, CPUSA, held a State Convention at the Howard Johnson Motel, East 107th Street and Euclid Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio. At this convention ARNOLD LOCKSHIN proposed that the Ohio District, CPUSA, establish a Black Liberation Commission to investigate and start political work among black students and workers.

ARNOLD LOCKSHIN

On June 11, 1971, ARNOLD LOCKSHIN appeared on the Alan Douglas Show, a radio program carried in Cleveland, Ohio, on Radio Station WKYC-AM. ARNOLD LOCKSHIN was introduced as the Chairman of the Ohio District, CPUSA

b) Efforts to Recruit Negroes into the CPUSA

CV T-1 revealed on April 3, 1972, that on March 26, 1972, an Ohio District, CPUSA, State Board meeting was held at

CV 100-27056

10709 Rosehill Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio. At this meeting, a CP member stated that she had spoken with [redacted] who was a local leader of the Cleveland Welfare Rights Organization. As a result of this conversation, this CP member stated that many of the blacks are ready for action. The CP member opined that the Party is missing a great opportunity by not becoming more closely associated with them.

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c) Activity in Connection with
Negro Trade Union Members

CV T-2 advised that at the State Board meeting described above, a statement was made that quite a number of black workers are taking an active part in the Ohio Committee for Trade Union Action and Democracy.

OHIO COMMITTEE FOR TRADE
UNION ACTION AND DEMOCRACY

On February 3, 1971, CV T-3 advised that he had recently received an article from the Chairman of the Ohio District, CPUSA, which article reviewed decisions of an Ohio District, CPUSA, Board meeting held on December 13, 1970. Among the decisions listed was the following: "Each club will assist the building of the Ohio Committee for Trade Union Action and Democracy, the new rank and file workers organization affiliated with the National Coordinating Committee for Trade Union Action and Democracy, which was formed out of the Chicago conference last June."

CV T-1 advised that at this same State Board meeting, two representatives of the Ohio District, CPUSA, were assigned to go to Akron, Ohio, in the next few days to contact one or two black workers who are employed by one of the rubber companies in that city. It was made clear that these black workers are not CPUSA members but they are considered as prospects for membership.

d) Activity in Behalf of ANGELA DAVIS

ANGELA DAVIS

ANGELA DAVIS is a self-admitted member of the CPUSA in Los Angeles, California, who was

incarcerated in New York City, New York, and subsequently extradited to California to answer murder and kidnapping charges. She is presently on trial.

CV T-1 advised on April 25, 1972, that a New Angela Davis Defense Committee was formed in November 1971 in Cleveland, Ohio. This Committee was formed by a group of Negro individuals and had as its purpose the freeing of Angela Davis, whom this group believed was being persecuted because she is black. This Committee is separate and distinct from the Ohio Committee to Free Angela Davis, which is dominated and controlled by the CPUSA. The members of this new Committee stated that they would welcome help from both blacks and whites, but they emphasized that the leadership would be solely black. The source stated that other than ALONZO HOWARD, a Negro CPUSA member, he was not aware of any other CPUSA members who were active on a continuing basis in this organization. Since its inception, the organization has held sporadic meetings, rallies and fund raising affairs for the defense of ANGELA DAVIS. *Ohio*

C. P. MEMBER

The source reported that the local CPUSA has held meetings to determine what action should be taken to work within the new organization. The leadership decided that they would work with the new organization in any way possible and try to influence Negroes through this participation. They estimated that the new Committee may provide an area for recruiting Negroes into the CPUSA. The source revealed that the new Committee was reluctant to accept help from the CPUSA because they feared they would be taken over.

e) General Efforts of the CPUSA to Influence the Negro Community

CV T-1 advised on April 25, 1972, that he has learned of no information which would indicate that the CPUSA has any specific program designed to foment unrest, infiltrate Negro organizations, or in other ways to subvert the Negro community.

B. Students for a Democratic Society (SDS)

CV T-4 advised on April 24, 1972, that as of this time there is no evidence that the SDS has become active in influencing the black community.

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) was founded during June 1962 at Port Huron, Michigan, and in the 1960s functioned as the leading New Left campus-based student organization in the United States. From an initial posture of "participatory democracy," SDS moved to a radical-revolutionary position, with debate centering on how best to create a revolutionary youth movement. Internal factionalism produced a split during the SDS National Convention in June 1969, which resulted in the following three factions: Weatherman; Worker Student Alliance (WSA); and Revolutionary Youth Movement (RYM). The Weatherman and RYM are no longer affiliated with SDS. The WSA continues to use the name SDS and maintains its national headquarters in Chicago, Illinois.

WEATHERMAN

Weatherman, formerly a faction of Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), controlled the SDS National Office from June 1969 until its closing in February 1970. Weatherman then entered an underground status and adopted a tactic of "strategic sabotage," with police and military installations designated as primary targets.

WORKER STUDENT ALLIANCE

Worker Student Alliance (WSA), a faction of Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), was expelled from SDS in June 1969 by the then dominant Weatherman faction, but continued to use the name SDS and opened an office in Cambridge, Massachusetts. WSA aligned ideologically with the Progressive Labor Party (PLP) and, in February 1971, moved to Chicago, Illinois, where it opened the SDS National Office at 1225 South Wabash Street.

PROGRESSIVE LABOR PARTY

The Progressive Labor Party (PLP) was founded in 1962 by individuals expelled from the Communist

Party, USA, for following the Chinese communist line. Its objective is the establishment of a militant working-class movement based on Marxism-Leninism and MAO Tse-tung thought.

C. Socialist Workers Party (SWP) and
Cleveland Branch, Young Socialist
Alliance (YSA)

CV T-5 advised on April 24, 1972, that neither the SWP nor the YSA is making a concerted effort to recruit Negroes at this time, nor is there any indication that they are trying to influence the Negro people.

SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY

The Socialist Workers Party (SWP) has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

YOUNG SOCIALIST ALLIANCE

The Cleveland Branch of the Young Socialist Alliance (YSA) is the youth group of the SWP in Cleveland, Ohio.

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

There were no racial demonstrations during the period of this report in which communists were known to have participated.

III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND INFLUENCE
IN RACIAL AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

There is no information to report for this period that is pertinent to this section of the report.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Cleveland, Ohio

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 100-27056

May 2, 1972

Title COMMUNIST INFLUENCE
IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character INTERNAL SECURITY -- C

Reference Report of Special Agent JOHN J.
SULLIVAN, dated and captioned as
above, at Cleveland, Ohio.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE INDIANAPOLIS	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 4/28/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 2/1 - 4/30/72
TITLE OF CASE <u>COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS</u>		REPORT MADE BY SA JOHN H. BRANDT	TYPED BY /plp
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCES: Indianapolis letter to the Bureau, 1/31/72;
Bureau letter 3/2/72.

- P* -

LEADS:

INDIANAPOLIS

At Indianapolis, Indiana

Will follow and report CIRM activities.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						☐ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			

APPROVED <i>[Signature]</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE COPIES MADE: <i>9</i> - Bureau (100-442529) 1 - New York (Info) 1 - Indianapolis (100-14403)	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW 100-442529-3514 MAY 5 1972 REC-19 EX-114 EXT. INT. SEC.
--	--

Dissemination Record of Attached Report					Notations
Agency	Request Recd.	Date Fwd.	How Fwd.		
<i>SPS</i>		<i>5/9/72</i>			

COVER PAGE

IP 100-14403

ADMINISTRATIVE:

Investigative period in report involves information furnished during May, 1971, which is set forth to provide clarity concerning International Black Workers Congress (IBWC).

INFORMANTS

Identity -----	Location -----
IP T-1 is	
IP T-2 is	

b3
b7D
b7E

This report is classified ~~confidential~~ to protect information furnished by IP T-1 and IP T-2, which if disclosed without authorization could reasonably identify sources and jeopardize their effectiveness in furnishing information of value to the national defense.

All persons mentioned herein are either sources or informants or are included in the ADEX.

(COVER

B*

PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to:

Report of: JOHN H. BRANDT
Date: April 28, 1972

Office: INDIANAPOLIS

Field Office File #: 100-14403

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - C

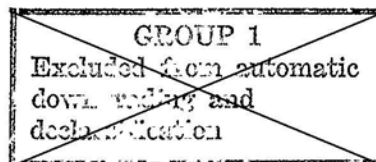
Synopsis: This report covers the period February 1, 1972
through April 30, 1972.

[] organizer for the Indiana District, Communist Party USA (ID-CPUSA) desired black ID-CPUSA member to get involved in National Black Caucus Political Convention, Gary, Indiana, 3/10-12/72. No ID-CPUSA influence exerted at convention. ID-CPUSA connection with International Black Workers Congress, Gary, set forth. ID-CPUSA unable to infiltrate International Black Workers Congress.

b6
b7C

- P* -

DETAILS:

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

A. National Black Caucus Political Convention

[] organizer of the Indiana District, Communist Party USA (ID-CPUSA) and [] ID-CPUSA member at Gary, Indiana, stressed their desires during February, 1972, to have a young black ID-CPUSA member attend the National Black Caucus Political Convention, Gary, Indiana, March 10-12, 1972. [] wanted this member to submit certain proposals to the convention. Proposals apparently were to reflect the CPUSA line.

b6
b7C

IP T-1
February 2, 1972
February 11, 1972
February 28, 1972

B. International Black Workers Congress (IBWC)

The Manifesto of the IBWC reflects that "The International Black Workers Congress is an organization of black workers and students, who have joined together to further the revolutionary struggle in the United States and other parts of the world, to consolidate many existing organizations and to build unity among the revolutionary Third World forces."

During May, 1971, the IBWC, under the leadership of [] attempted to organize black workers in the Gary, Indiana area steel industry.

[] was known to be acquainted with [] ID-CPUSA member, and together they extolled the glories of socialism and Marxism to a young black worker on May 13, 1971. [] seemed to be well informed on communism and local ID-CPUSA leaders.

b6
b7C

IP 100-14403

[] ID-CPUSA organizer, was distressed over the IBWC and desired to have it controlled by the CPUSA. His efforts failed.

The IBWC currently is having financial problems and may abandon its efforts to organize black steel workers in Gary, Indiana area. The ID-CPUSA was unable to infiltrate the IBWC at Gary, Indiana, and [] is not known to be a CPUSA member.

b6
b7c

IP T-1
May 17, 1971
August 4, 1971
November 12, 1971
April 18, 1972

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

A. National Black Caucus Political Convention

Three members of the ID-CPUSA were observed in attendance at the National Black Caucus Political Convention, held at Gary, Indiana, March 10-12, 1972. The ID-CPUSA exerted no influence on the convention.

IP T-1
April 3, 1972

JACK KLING, Co-Chairman of the Illinois District, CPUSA, indicated in March, 1972, that eight members of the Illinois District, CPUSA had been chosen as official delegates to the National Black Caucus Political Convention. Copies of the CPUSA "Program Toward Black Liberation" as well as the east coast communist daily newspaper "Daily World" were being prepared to be distributed at the convention.

IP T-2
March 7-9, 1972

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

IP 100-14403

III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND
INFLUENCE IN RACIAL AND OTHER
ORGANIZATIONS

No information developed.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



*In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.*

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Indianapolis, Indiana

April 28, 1972

Title Communist Influence in Racial Matters

Character Internal Security - C

Reference Report of SA JOHN H. BRANDT
dated and captioned as above,
at Indianapolis, Indiana

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 5/2/72

FROM : SAC, OKLAHOMA CITY (100-7212) -P*-

SUBJECT: CIRM

ReBulet to Albany, 8/28/64, and Oklahoma City
letter to Bureau, 2/10/72.

No information pertinent to this matter has been
developed by the Oklahoma City Office during the past three
months.

Z

EX-114

REC-71

100-442529-3515

MAY 6 1972



5010-108-02

(2) - Bureau
1 - New York (Info)
1 - Oklahoma City
JAG:bin
(4)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE ST. LOUIS	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 5-2-72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 2/1/72 - 4/30/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY SA RICHARD T. HRADSKY	TYPED BY klb
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCE: Report of SA RICHARD T. HRADSKY, 2-2-72 at St. Louis.

- P* -

ADMINISTRATIVE:

This report is being classified ~~confidential~~ because it contains information from SL T-1 through SL T-7, the unauthorized disclosure of which might tend to reveal their identity and compromise their future effectiveness thereby adversely affecting the national defense.

All individuals named herein residing within the St. Louis Division are on the ADEX of the St. Louis Division, or are under investigation to determine their potential threat to the internal security of the United States.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED ☐ NONE						ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES		
APPROVED <i>W. A. Sullivan</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE						DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE: 9 - Bureau (100-442529) (RM) 2 - New York (RM) 2 - St. Louis (100-19352)						100-44-529-3516 REC-66 18 MAY 8 1972 EX-100 EXT. INT. SEC. 618	
Dissemination Record of Attached Report						Notations	
Agency	2cc's	JSD	1a-55				
Request Recd.							
Date Fwd.		5/15/72					
How Fwd.		115					
By							

57 MAY 15 1972

cc 6/18/72

SL 100-19352

INFORMANTS:

SL T-1 is

SL T-2 is

SL T-3 is

SL T-4 is

SL T-5 is

SL T-6 is

SL T-7 is

b3
b7D
b7E

LEADS:

THE ST. LOUIS DIVISION

AT ST. LOUIS, MO.:

Will submit report in captioned matter by 8-1-72.

B*

COVER PAGE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to:

Report of: SA RICHARD T. HRADSKY Office: ST. LOUIS
Date: May 2, 1972
Field Office File #: SL 100-19352 Bureau File #: 100-442529
Title: COMMUNIST PARTY INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopsis:

HERSHEL WALKER, State Chairman, Missouri District CPUSA (MDCPUSA) recruited [redacted] and four of his associates, all members of the St. Louis Committee to Free Angela Davis (SLCFAD) into membership in the MDCPUSA. WALKER wants MDCPUSA to support SLCFAD because he regards it as a source of members for the MDCPUSA. MDCPUSA has no influence in local chapter of National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) or Congress of Racial Equality (CORE) and has no significant contact with or influence over local black militant organizations.

b6
b7c

- P* -

DETAILS: AT ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

The following concerns the period of February 1, 1972 to April 30, 1972, inclusive.

~~GROUP 1~~
~~Excluded from automatic~~
~~downgrading and declassification.~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SL 100-19352

COMMUNIST STRATEGY
MISSOURI DISTRICT COMMUNIST PARTY USA

HERSHEL WALKER, State Chairman, Missouri District, CPUSA (MDCPUSA) recruited [redacted] a Negro, and four of his associates, all Negroes, as members of the MDCPUSA in January, 1972.

b6
b7C

[redacted] is Chairman of the St. Louis Committee to Free Angela Davis (SLCFAD). The other four recruits are also members of the SLCFAD. WALKER said he wants the MDCPUSA to support the SLCFAD and that he, personally, plans to use [redacted] to obtain control of the SLCFAD so that he can obtain new members for the MDCPUSA from this group. [redacted] although an avowed Marxist-Leninist, has failed to respond to attempts by WALKER to control the organization and has declared his independence of WALKER, and carefully avoids being dominated by the MDCPUSA.

b6
b7C

(SL T-1, March 29, 1972)

The SLCFAD was organized in January, 1971, to secure support for ANGELA DAVIS, admitted member of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), indicted on murder-kidnaping charges in Marin County, California. Although the CPUSA in Missouri closely cooperates with the SLCFAD, the SLCFAD is not CPUSA-originated, influenced or dominated.

II.

COMMUNIST TACTICS

Flyers were mailed throughout the St. Louis, Missouri area advertising an Angela Davis Rally to be held on April 16, 1972, at Sheldon Memorial Hall, St. Louis, Missouri. The flyer furnished a telephone number for additional information on the rally which was scheduled to include speeches, a panel discussion, musical entertainment and movies. The flyer indicated that the rally would be sponsored by the SLCFAD and the Young Workers Liberation

SL 100-19352

League and several other organizations as co-sponsors.

(SL T-2, April 6, 1972)

The individual who answered the telephone to furnish additional information regarding the Angela Davis Rally to callers was a member of the MDCPUSA.

(SL T-1, April 28, 1972)

The Young Workers Liberation League (YWLL) is a front organization of the CPUSA. It was formed as a Marxist-Leninist youth group in February, 1970.

The Angela Davis Rally was held on Sunday, April 16, 1972, at Sheldon Memorial Hall, St. Louis, Missouri and the audience approximated 100 persons. The advertised keynote speaker for the Angela Davis Rally did not appear for the Rally and a substitute was enlisted. Approximately 25% of the audience was white and the balance black. The acoustics and sound track of the movie were so poor that many in the audience began leaving soon after the movie started.

(SL T-3, April 18, 1972)

The Master of Ceremonies at the Rally of the SLCFAD held on April 16, 1972 at Sheldon Memorial Hall, St. Louis, Missouri, was a member of the MDCPUSA.

(SL T-4, April 28, 1972)

III.

COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND INFLUENCE IN RACIAL AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

Although the MDCPUSA has designated certain members to attend and report on activities of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) as well as the Congress of Racial Equality (CORE), the individuals so designated take an extremely limited interest in their assignments and exert no influence whatsoever on the above two organizations either operationally or financially.

(SL T-1, March 29, 1972)
(SL T-6, April 3, 1972)

SL 100-19352

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The MDCPUSA has no policy regarding racial matters. It has no designs, intent or tactics formulated to be directed toward any racial organization. HERSHEL WALKER, State Chairman, MDCPUSA, continues to recommend that members become active in mass work but none of the members have shown other than limited interest in doing so.

(SL T-1, March 29, 1972)

(SL T-4, April 28, 1972)

(SL T-5, April 28, 1972)

(SL T-6, April 3, 1972)

(SL T-7, April 26, 1972)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

St. Louis, Missouri

May 2, 1972

Title	COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
Character	INTERNAL SECURITY - C
Reference	St. Louis report of SA RICHARD T. HRADSKY, dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM : SAC, MEMPHIS (100-4070) (P*)

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS (CIRM);
IS - C

DATE: 5/1/72

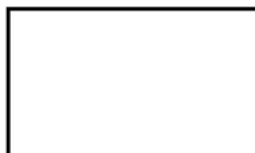
CO: NEW YORK

Re Memphis letter to Bureau 1/17/72 and Bureau letter to Albany 3/2/72.

This letter is being submitted in lieu of a quarterly report due 5/1/72. During this quarter and previous quarters, the Memphis Division has developed no information concerning CIRM in the territory covered by the Memphis Division.

Sources familiar with CP activities in the Memphis Division were contacted and all reported that there was no information that the CPUSA or any other communist front organization had made specific plans to influence racial groups or legitimate civil rights groups in this division.

Sources contacted are:



b7D

In the event any subsequent information is developed in regard to this matter, it will be handled and reported in accordance with existing Bureau instructions.

- ② - Bureau
- 1 - Knoxville (100-3570) (Info.)
- 2 - New York (100-153735)
- 1 - Memphis

REC-7
EX-116

100-442529-3517

KFH:tjm
(6)

MAY 4 1972



5010-108-02

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

EXT. INT. SEC.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM : *Wu/B* SAC, DETROIT (100-32457) P*

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS
IS - C

DATE: 5/3/72

S.T.
d
Re Detroit report of SA DELMAR EUGENE WARD, 3/2/72.

For the information of the Bureau and New York, the Detroit Division has no significant information to report concerning Communist influence in racial matters in the Detroit Division.

6/5/72
In view of the above, no report is being submitted at this time and this case will be opened in accordance with Bureau instructions, and any significant information will be reported at that time.

- ② - Bureau (RM)
 - 1 - New York (100-153735) (RM)
 - 2 - Detroit
- JFM:caw
(5)
- Z*

REC-88
EX-114

100-442529-3518

7 MAY 8 1972

EXT. INT. SEC.
YCBK



507
5 MAY 16 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

ST
W
Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM *gmr* SAC, BUTTE (100-8414) (P*)

SUBJECT: ~~CRIM~~
OO: New York *(Crim)*

DATE: 5/4/72

Remylet, 10/29/71.

advised on 5/3/72, that the Montana CP District has no interest in racial matters, due to the lack of black population in Montana.

b7D

There are no CP members in Idaho.

- 11-6/8 JAD*
- ② - Bureau (Reg.)
 - 1 - New York (Reg.)
 - 3 - Butte

(6)

b3
b6
b7C
b7D
b7E

EX-114
REC-58

100-442529-3519

10 MAY 8 1972

H. K. G.
EXT. INT. SEC.



189
56 MAY 16 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 5/1/72

FROM : SAC, SALT LAKE CITY (100-9845) (P*)

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE
IN RACIAL MATTERS
IS - C
(OO: NY)

Re Salt Lake City letter to Bureau dated 1/31/72.

This letter is being submitted in lieu of a quarterly report and covers the period beginning 2/1/72 and ending 4/30/72.

The Salt Lake City Division has not received any information pertaining to the following categories of the above captioned subject matter:

1. Communist Strategy
2. Communist Tactics
3. Communist Penetration and Influence in Extremist and Other Organizations

The Salt Lake City Division will continue to follow activities of the Communist Party, USA, as they pertain to extremist matters through informants and established sources.

- 1cc 618940
- 2 - Bureau (REG.)
 - 1 - New York City (Info) (REG.)
 - 2 - Salt Lake City

JDD:nsb
(5)

EX-114
REG-19

100-442529-3520

2 MAY 8 1972

EXT. INT. SEC.



167
6 MAY 16 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 5/1/72

FROM : SAC, LAS VEGAS (100-263)(C)

SUBJECT: CIRM
IS - C

Re Las Vegas let to the Bureau dated 1/26/72,
and Bureau let to Albany dated 3/2/72.

No evidence has been developed or received to
indicate any communist influence in racial matters in the
Las Vegas Division. No information has been received
indicating any influence in racial matters in Nevada in
any subversive organization or by any individual.

In the event information of this nature is
developed indicating such communist influence, reports
will be submitted in compliance with Bureau instructions.

146/8900
2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - New York (Info) (RM)
1 - Las Vegas
WJW:jd
(4)

EX-115

REC-19

100 - 442529 - 3521

2 MAY 8 1972

EXT. INT. SEC.



23

MAY 5 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM : *Umafu*
SAC, JACKSONVILLE (100-670)(P*)

SUBJECT: CIRM
IS - C
(OO: NY)

DATE: 5/1/72

ReJKlet to Bureau, 1/17/72.

This office has no information to report on captioned matter. The Jacksonville Office has no Communist Party groups in its division.

REC-42
EX-100 100-442529 - 3522

MAY 8 1972

100-668920

2 - Bureau
2 - New York (100-153785)
1 - Jacksonville
TEP:jcb
(5)

33

EXTREME SEC.
6/4/72



MAY 15 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 5/5/72

FROM : SAC, JACKSON (100-57) (P)

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS (CIRM)
IS - C

Re Jackson airtel to the Bureau dated 2/7/72. U

Enclosed for the Bureau is the original and four copies of an LHM regarding captioned matter. Enclosed for New York is one copy of LHM for information concerning the activities of the Young Workers Liberation League in Mississippi. U

LHM being submitted in lieu of report as the limited information contained thereon represents the only incidence of Communist influence in racial matters in the State of Mississippi for the past quarter. U

Source utilized in LHM is U

Current files opened and investigation being conducted regarding all persons mentioned in enclosed LHM. U

Information contained in enclosed LHM is being classified ~~confidential~~ to protect the identity of source whose identity if disclosed could adversely affect the security interest of the United States. U

CLASS. & EXT. BY 3908

REASON: FCIM II, 1-2.4.2

EX-115 DATE OF REVIEW 5-5-92

REC-4 00-442529-3523

- ② - Bureau (Enc. 5) (RM)
- 1 - New York (Enc. 1) (100-167699) (YWLL) (Info) (RM)
- 3 - Jackson
(2 - 100-57)
(1 - 100-1551)

5 MAY 9 1972

CS/mae

(6)



5010-108-01

Deleted Copy Sent
by Letter 7-1-76
Per FOIA Request

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan.

EX-115
INT. SEC.
GEN. SEC.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Jackson, Mississippi
May 5, 1972

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

CONFIDENTIAL

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS (CIRM)

GREENWOOD, MISSISSIPPI, COMMITTEE TO FREE ANGELA DAVIS

On April 19, 1972, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that a [REDACTED] both Negro females residing in [REDACTED] at the Threadgill Elementary School, have been passing out pamphlets to promote the Free Angela Davis Rally to be held April 21, 1972, at Greenwood, Mississippi. The rally was sponsored by the Greenwood Committee to Free Angela Davis whose purpose is to obtain donations for the legal defense of Angela Davis, self-admitted Communist who is currently facing charges of Murder-Kidnap in California. (U)

b6
b7C

On April 18, 1972, the same source advised that [REDACTED] Chairman of the Greenwood Committee to Free Angela Davis, was responsible for the planning of the Free Angela Davis Rally and that [REDACTED] was to introduce [REDACTED] as featured speaker. [REDACTED] was identified as Secretary of the Young Workers Liberation League in New York City. [REDACTED] is a Negro [REDACTED] apparently [REDACTED] the Stone Street Elementary School, Greenwood, Mississippi. (U)

b6
b7C

The Young Workers Liberation League (YWLL) is a front organization of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA). It was formed as a Marxist-Leninist youth group in February, 1970.

GROUP 1

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

100-442529-352

CONFIDENTIAL

3908
5-5-92
DRK/pwr
7-13-79

GREENWOOD
MISS.
1972-3-82
DECISIONS FINALIZED
DEPARTMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE (DRC)

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS (CIRM)

CONFIDENTIAL

TENN.
MISS.

On April 21, 1972, the same source advised that a Free Angela Davis Rally was held at the Wesley United Methodist Church, Greenwood, Mississippi, on the night of April 21, 1972. Seventeen adults and nine youths of age less than ten years attended the rally. One of the featured speakers was [redacted] identified as a coordinator of the Memphis Committee to Free Angela Davis. Source indicated that the Memphis Committee to Free Angela Davis had also been attempting to raise funds for the legal defense of Angela Davis. [redacted] spoke for approximately 20 minutes during which time he urged black people to work toward freeing Angela Davis and all other black political prisoners. (u)

b6
b7C

[redacted] identified as Secretary of the YWLL in New York City, spoke for approximately 45 minutes. [redacted] also urged persons in the black community to work to free Angela Davis who was framed because she is a Communist. [redacted] indicated that Davis was framed by California Governor Ronald Reagan and President Richard Nixon because of her Communist affiliation. (u)

b6
b7C

During the course of the rally, [redacted] sought to recruit members for the YWLL and urged the black community to promote a national holiday to commemorate the death of Martin Luther King. [redacted] indicated that using Martin Luther King's name is a drawing card which would assist in recruiting members for the YWLL. (u)

b6
b7C

Black distributed the following literature: (u)

A 66-page pamphlet entitled "Young Workers Liberation League" with a subcaption "Second National Convention - April, 1972, Chicago, Illinois";

"Build a Youth Front" by Jarvis Tyner, National Chairman, YWLL;

"The Young Workers Liberation League Constitution Adopted at the Founding Convention at Chicago, Illinois, April, 1970."

CONFIDENTIAL

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS (CIRM)

CONFIDENTIAL

The same source stated that Angela Davis buttons were sold for 25 cents with two buttons being sold and Angela Davis photographs were sold for one dollar each with one photograph being sold. Source advised that no collection was taken at the meeting. (S) (U)

On April 24, 1972, source advised that [redacted] and [redacted] had left the Greenwood, Mississippi, area. Source advised that no other individual spoke at the rally, and no other individuals accompanied [redacted] to the rally. No arrangements for future rallies in the State of Mississippi were indicated through conversation with [redacted] (S) (U)

b6
b7c

SOUTHERN CONFERENCE EDUCATIONAL FUND (SCEF)

On April 28, 1972, Detective Lawrence Robinson, Jackson, Mississippi, Police Department, advised that Ken Lawrence, white male from Chicago, Illinois, was in Jackson, Mississippi, for the trial of Thomas Edward Norman, who is charged with the murder of a police officer in connection with a raid by law enforcement officials in Jackson, Mississippi, on the headquarters of the Republic of New Africa on August 18, 1971. Lawrence is a staff writer for the Southern Patriot, the official publication of the SCEF. (U)

The Republic of New Africa (RNA) was founded in Detroit, Michigan, in March, 1968. Its purpose is to establish an independent black nation within the United States, demanding the States of Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, and South Carolina, and \$10,000 per black citizen for reparations. The RNA, a violence-prone, black extremist, separatist organization, is now headquartered in New Orleans, Louisiana. (U)

Southern Conference Educational Fund, Incorporated (SCEF), Louisville, Kentucky, is headed by former Louisville Communist Party, USA, members

CONFIDENTIAL

(U) 24 3523

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS (CIRM)

CONFIDENTIAL

Anne and Carl Braden. SCEF supports the New Left,
black militant, and peace "movements." (U)

Southern Patriot is the publication of SCEF. (U)

This document contains neither recommendations nor
conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is
loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be
distributed outside your agency. U

26 (Rev. 12-19-67)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE CHARLOTTE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 5/5/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 2/1/72 - 4/30/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY SA GUY HILL COX, JR.	TYPED BY rep
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCE:

Bureau letter to Albany dated 3/2/72.

- P* -

ADMINISTRATIVE:

This report is classified "~~Confidential~~" as unauthorized disclosure of information from CE T-1 and CE T-2 could reasonably result in identification of confidential informants of continuing value and compromise their future effectiveness to the detriment of the national defense interests.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED					☒ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN:
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES		
							PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO

APPROVED <i>[Signature]</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE <i>[Signature]</i>	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW
COPIES MADE 9 - Bureau (100-442529) 1 - New York (100-153735) 2 - Charlotte (100-10028)		100-442529-3524 MAY 10 1972 EX-114

Dissemination Record of Attached Report				Notations EXT. INT. SEC. <i>[Signature]</i>
Agency	Request Recd.	Date Fwd.	How Fwd.	
2000 TSD 100-55		5/5/72	2000	
By				

60 MAY 17 1972 618502

COVER PAGE

CE 100-10028

INFORMANTS:

<u>Identity</u>	<u>Location</u>
CE T-1 is	
CE T-2 is	
CE T-3 is	
CE T-4 is	
CE T-5 is	

b3
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LEAD:

CHARLOTTE

AT CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Will follow and report CIRM activities in this division for the next quarter.

CE 100-10028

NON-SYMBOL SOURCE:

Identity

Location

CE T-5 is

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

(requested).

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to:

Report of: SA GUY HILL COX, JR.
Date: May 5, 1972

Office: CHARLOTTE

Field Office File #: 100-10028

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopsis: North Carolina Committee to Free Angela Davis held meeting in Charlotte, N. C., 11/20/71, in opposition to action of the Charlotte-Mecklenburg School Board in handling recent school disturbances in which several black youths were arrested. Committee was attempting to form a coalition to oppose the actions of the School Board which they termed racism. The North Carolina Committee to Free Angela Davis held a rally at Johnson C. Smith University, Charlotte, N. C., 12/16/71, attended by approximately 300 blacks and whites. Rally was to obtain support for DAVIS. Many members of this committee joined Young Workers Liberation League (YWLL) in Charlotte, N. C., which group has been working to build support for an all-black textile local that is on strike in Charlotte, N. C.

- P* -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~~~Group I~~~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification.~~

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

No information developed.

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

On December 18, 1971, CE T-1 advised that some people from the New York National Committee to Free Angela Davis traveled to Charlotte, North Carolina, to organize a Charlotte Committee to Free Angela Davis sometime after June, 1971.

The Defense Committee of the Communist Party, United States of America (CPUSA), formed the New York Committee to Free Angela Davis in October, 1970, to obtain publicity for the CPUSA and to arouse support for ANGELA DAVIS, a self-admitted CPUSA member, who was apprehended in New York City during October, 1970, after a warrant had been issued in California charging her with unlawful flight from California to avoid prosecution for kidnaping and murder.

On November 17, 1971, an article entitled "Angela Davis Group Will Join School Riot Controversy" appeared in "The Charlotte Observer," Charlotte, North Carolina. The article identified BRIAN WILLIAMS, a member of the North Carolina Committee to Free Angela Davis, as inviting groups to attend a meeting on November 20, 1971, to form a coalition to oppose the actions of the Charlotte-Mecklenburg School Board in connection with its handling of recent school disruptions during which several black youths were arrested. WILLIAMS said his group called the meeting because "this seems to be the more pressing issue now." WILLIAMS, who is white, claimed that what is happening in the schools now is a manifestation of racism. If this continues, the schools will be destroyed. The School Board is moving toward violence.

In March, 1972, CE T-2 advised that BRIAN WILLIAMS is a member of the Southern Regional Committee of the Communist Party.

An article entitled "Black Groups to Protest Arrests" appeared in the November 18, 1971, issue of "The Charlotte Observer," Charlotte, North Carolina. In this article, a spokesman for the North Carolina Committee to Free Angela Davis stated that the case of ANGELA DAVIS and the arrests of local black students in connection with disturbances at two Charlotte high schools were the result of the officially perpetuated racism in our city, our state, and our nation. The group stated it was their aim to oppose this racism.

On November 20, 1971, a group of approximately 24 persons, of which only 5 were blacks, was observed to gather at Independence Park, Independence Boulevard, Charlotte, North Carolina, by a representative of the Charlotte Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The principal speaker at this gathering was RUDOLPH TURBEVILLE, a member of this ANGELA DAVIS committee. The meeting lasted approximately an hour and a half.

An article entitled "Biracial Group May Offer School Candidate" appeared in the November 22, 1971, issue of "The Charlotte Observer," Charlotte, North Carolina. In this article, RUDY TURBEVILLE, a Juvenile Court Counselor, advised that a group of approximately 25 Charlotte residents had met at Independence Park, Charlotte, on November 20, 1971, and had decided to try to organize a "left-of-center" citizens group. The group had discussed the recent racial disruptions in the Charlotte-Mecklenburg schools and the possibility of forming a black-white coalition to choose a candidate for the 1972 Charlotte-Mecklenburg School Board race. TURBEVILLE stated that, although this gathering had been called by the North Carolina Committee to Free Angela Davis, there was no mention of DAVIS on Saturday.

On December 15, 1971, CE T-3 furnished a leaflet entitled "Free Angela Rally" which was being distributed on the campus of the University of North Carolina at Charlotte. This leaflet reflected that a rally supporting DAVIS was to be held at Johnson C. Smith University, Charlotte, North Carolina, at 7:00 P. M. on December 16, 1971.

On January 19, 1972, CE T-4 advised that at the ANGELA DAVIS rally held at Biddle Auditorium, Johnson C. Smith University, Charlotte, North Carolina, on December 16, 1971,

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CE 100-10028

there were approximately 300 blacks and whites in attendance. The principal speaker was ED BRAGG of the New York Committee to Free Angela Davis. BRAGG denied he was a Communist but would work with anyone to make changes in the system and that they had to work outside the system as they could not change things by working with the system. BRAGG indicated that they were getting support from all over the Third World (China, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, etc.). BRAGG then showed a film entitled "Angela," which dealt with her arrest and related student demonstrations.

On April 7, 1972, CE T-5 advised there have been no recent activities on the part of the North Carolina Committee to Free Angela Davis. He indicated that most of those associated with this committee are also members of the Young Workers Liberation League (YWLL) and have been concentrating their efforts on YWLL activities.

The Young Workers Liberation League (YWLL) is a front organization of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA). It was formed as a Marxist-Leninist youth group in February, 1970.

The April 20, 1972, issue of the "Daily World," an east coast communist newspaper, carried a letter from BRIAN WILLIAMS wherein he stated that "most of us" joined YWLL after having been active in YWLL. He stated that his group is building support for an all-black textile local that is out on strike.

According to information furnished by T-5 on April 12, 1972, a meeting of YWLL was held in Charlotte, North Carolina, March 31, 1972, at which the members decided to actively support a group of black textile workers on strike at the Feibus-Gordon Company, a textile mill in Charlotte. Members decided to appear at the strike scene on April 1, 1972, to show their support for the workers.

T-5 subsequently advised that on April 15, 1972, members of the Charlotte chapter of YWLL held a rally at Revolution Park in Charlotte to build support for the Feibus-Gordon strikers.

4*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

*In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.*

Charlotte, North Carolina
May 5, 1972

Title COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reference Report of SA GUY HILL COX, JR., at
 Charlotte, North Carolina, dated and
 captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM : SAC, LITTLE ROCK (100-3564) (P*)

SUBJECT: CIRM
IS - C
OO: NY

DATE: 4/28/72

Re Little Rock letter to Bureau, 1/27/72.

QUARTERLY LETTER

- I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY
No information developed.
- II. COMMUNIST TACTICS
No information developed.
- III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND INFLUENCE
IN RACIAL AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS
No information developed.

Lu

100-442529-3525

REC-71 ~~100-442529-3525~~ 1/68

2 - Bureau (RM)
2 - New York (100-153735) (RM) EX-112
1 - Little Rock
BEW/bng
(5)

20 MAY 2 1972

EXT. INT. SEC.



5 MAY 9

1972 U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : BUREAU (100-442529)

DATE: 5/5/72

FROM : *EJW* SAC, SAN DIEGO (100-13295) (P*)

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS
IS-C

ReSDlet to the Bureau dated 1/27/72.

During the period since referenced letter, there have been no pertinent developments concerning this matter in the San Diego Division.

On 4/28/72, [REDACTED] both of whom are familiar with Communist Party activities in the San Diego Division, were contacted and advised that the San Diego Communist Party (SDCP) has no interest in exploiting racial matters and has no plans to penetrate or influence racial extremist groups locally. The SDCP in addition, according to sources, has absolutely no plans to exploit the racial situation to foment unrest in the San Diego Division.

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Regular contact will be maintained with informants familiar with Communist activities in the San Diego area and these informants have been instructed to remain alert for any attempt to exploit racial matters in furtherance of their cause. Any pertinent information will be reported to the Bureau.

Ay

EX-100

REC 43

100-442529-3526

- ② Bureau (RM)
1-Los Angeles (100-66078) (INFO) (RM)
1-New York (100-153735) (INFO) (RM)
1-San Francisco (100-53902) (INFO) (RM)
2-San Diego

MAY 10 1972

ELM/asc
(7)



5010-108

5 JUN 18 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

EXT. INT. SEC.

630
[Signature]

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE SAN FRANCISCO	OFFICE OF ORIGIN SAN FRANCISCO	DATE 5/1/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 4/25-28/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY EDWIN O. RAUDSEP	TYPED BY plk
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCE: San Francisco report of SA EDWIN O. RAUDSEP, 1/24/72.

-P*-

ADMINISTRATIVE

Copies of this report are submitted to the agencies and offices listed because of their interest in this matter.

This report is classified "~~confidential~~" because information furnished by SF T-1 through SF T-6, if disclosed, could result in identification of confidential informants of continuing value and compromise their future effectiveness, thus adversely affecting the defense interests of the United States.

2

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						ACQUIT-TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES		

APPROVED *[Signature]* SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

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- 1 - NISO - 12th ND (RM)
- 1 - OSI - 19-D (RM)
- 1 - Los Angeles (100-66078) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-153735) (RM)
- 3 - San Francisco (100-53902)

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

100 - 442529 - 3527

REC-29

6 MAY 10 1972

Dissemination Record of Attached Report

Agency	<i>JSD</i>	<i>ICC-SS</i>	
Request Recd.			
Date Fwd.	<i>5/17/72</i>		
How Fwd.	<i>REG</i>		
By	<i>56 MAY 18 1972</i>		

Notations

620
EXT. INT. SEC.

56 MAY 18 1972

ICC report 618910

SF 100-53902
EOR/plk

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source

File Where Located

SF T-1 is

SF T-2 is

SF T-3 is

SF T-4 is

SF T-5 is

SF T-6 is

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LEAD

SAN FRANCISCO

AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA: Will follow and
report matters pertaining to captioned Subject.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to: 2 - 115th MIG (RM)
1 - NISO - 12th ND (RM)
1 - OSI - 19-D (RM)

Report of: EDWIN O. RAUDSEP
Date: 5/1/72

Office: San Francisco, Calif.

Field Office File #: 100-53902

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopsis:

On 1/14/72, the Northern California District (NCD) Communist Party (CP) held a Preconvention Conference on Black Liberation. A document prepared by the Chairman of the Black Liberation Commission was read at this conference. In this document the work in the field of Black Liberation was criticized because of failures to carry out policies in concrete ways. At the 1/30/72 session of the NCD CP Convention, a report was adopted which stated that the attention given to other matters in no way altered the centrality of the Black Liberation issue.

-P*-

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
~~GROUP I~~
~~Excluded from automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

SF 100-53902
EOR/plk

DETAILS

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

A. Communist Party USA (CPUSA)

On January 14, 1972, a Preconvention Conference on Black Liberation was held by the Northern California District Communist Party (NCD CP) at 81 Clementina Street, San Francisco, California.

SF T-1 and SF T-3
January 21, 1972

SF T-2
February 3, 1972

SF T-4
January 17, 1972

At the January 14, 1972, Preconvention Conference on Black Liberation held by the NCD CP, it was decided the Black Liberation Commission would draw up plans of work around this Subject.

SF T-1
January 21, 1972

At the January 14, 1972, Preconvention Conference on Black Liberation held by the NCD CP, [redacted] the organizational secretary of the NCD CP declared that the most important discussion to be held at the NCD CP Convention would be concerned with a report on the struggle against racism. She said each club should examine the whole question of recruiting and why there had been so little recruiting among the black people.

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SF T-2
February 3, 1972

SF 100-53902
EOR/plk

At the January 14, 1972, Preconvention Conference on Black Liberation held by the NCDGP, [redacted] read the following document, copies of which were distributed at this conference:

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(This document has been prepared by the Chairman of the Black Liberation Commission, without the benefit of collective discussion)

There have been some obvious improvements in the work of the District and some important contributions by the Commission. The Commission, and the District as a whole, have played an important role in bringing the Party nationally closer to trends in the Black Liberation movement. The Commission played a leading role in organizing the two District conferences on white chauvinism, which successfully raised the level of sensitivity to the question. We have begun to recruit young Black people from among the defense activists. Individual comrades have done exemplary work in the struggle against racism, particularly in public workers and teachers, in the defense of Comrade Angela Davis and in building support for Dellums.

But our work has not been satisfactory, and betrays a central weakness: a general failure to carry out our policies in concrete ways, and a failure of the Commission to examine the specific activity necessary to carry out our policies. The Commission has not carried out its responsibility to fight for the realization of District and national Party policies, and has therefore functioned almost entirely as a "think tank" to help establish policies, or has been concerned with internal Party questions. This has meant that when there were no policy questions to be settled, the Commission would not meet: the Commission Chairman would generally not call meetings, the membership would not request meetings and would not show up for meetings when they were called.

There have been some beginnings: a discussion of work in the ILWU, resulting in a decision (which was never carried out) to produce a Party pamphlet on "the ILWU and Black Liberation", reports and assessments of organizations in the Black community were collected (and never examined), but in general the Commission has failed to act as a leadership body. The Commission has yet to examine ideological questions in the Black Liberation movement, such as Pan-Africanism; the developments in various organizations, such as the Black Panther Party, the Oakland Black Caucus, the Republic of New Africa, community struggles, such as the poverty programs in Berkeley, Oakland, and SF; the Berkeley, Oakland and SF schools, etc.; or the specifics of the struggle against racism and for the mobilization of Black forces and the development of Black leadership in Peace, TUAD, Industrial Concentration, etc.

Despite individual examples of good work, for the District as a whole the struggle against racism has remained internal to the Party, and even internally, in spite of the recent trial and expulsion of a comrade for racism and white

chauvinism, the struggle has been generally abstract and theoretical.

Despite two conferences on white chauvinism and a Party policy on the key role played by Black workers, we have recruited only a very small number of Black workers from the concentration industries in the two years since the policy of concentration was adopted. The genocide petition campaign was a failure. Many comrades still resist an open identification with the campaign to free our comrade Angela Davis, while many other comrades treat the campaign as their private property. The Party is isolated from issues in the Black communities in the East Bay and SF: there has been little or no Party response to, or involvement in, community issues such as school integration in SF, the Berkeley and Oakland City elections, Berkeley redevelopment, etc., etc. There is no public face of the Party in the Black community, no Party forums, no plans for production or circulation of Party literature, no Party statements on community issues, no plans for organizing intermediary forms involving Black people in their communities or Black workers in their unions.

The Party, and in particular the members of the Commission, must begin to take the Commission seriously as a leadership body of the District, requiring more of its members than attendance at a once a month meeting. Commission members should meet with other Party bodies, such as County Committees, other commissions, concentration clubs, community clubs, etc. to discuss concrete methods of implementation of Party policy on Black liberation and the struggle against racism. Members of the Commission must attempt to become knowledgeable about everything that is going on in the Black communities of Northern California and U.S., among Black workers on the job, what are the ideological and political trends, the alliances, the leaders, etc., etc., through their own mass work, by reading newspapers and journals, and by meeting with leading individuals and groups. Commission discussions should be led (and prepared beforehand) by 2 or 3 person subcommittees of Commission members and other comrades whose participation is appropriate.

Party bodies - the DC, County Committees, Commissions, and individual clubs - must begin to develop, with the assistance of the Black Liberation Commission, concrete plans of work, with specific goals, for production and distribution of Party

literature in the Black community, the organization of Party forums and intermediary forms attractive to Black community activists and Black trade unionists, especially in the concentration industries, for involvement of the Party in community issues, and plans for recruiting Black comrades from concentration industries and community activists.

SF 100-53902
EOR/plk

SF T-3
January 21, 1972

The above document prepared by the Chairman of the Black Liberation Commission of the NCDGP was distributed at a meeting of a CP club in San Francisco, California, during the latter part of January, 1972.

SF T-5
January 24, 1972

The above document was prepared by
a member of the NCDGP.

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SF T-6
January 17, 1972

ANGELA DAVIS, an admitted member of the CP, is currently on trial in San Jose, California, in connection with the murder of a judge from Marin County, California.

The August 7, 1971, issue of the "People's World" ("PW"), contained an article on page three describing RONALD V. DELLUMS as the new anti racist, anti war congressman from Northern California.

The "People's World" is a west coast communist newspaper published in San Francisco, California.

The Congress of Industrial Organizations on August 29, 1950, expelled the International Longshoremen's and Warehousemen's Union of charges that the policies and activities of this union were consistently directed toward the achievements, programs and purposes of the CP rather than the objectives and policies set forth in the constitution of the CIO.

SF 100-53902
EOR/plk

The Black Panther Party (BPP) is a black extremist organization started in Oakland, California, in December, 1966. It advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics to bring about the overthrow of the U.S. Government.

The Republic of New Africa (RNA) was founded in Detroit, Michigan, in March, 1968. Its purpose is to establish an independent black nation within the U.S., demanding the States of Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, and South Carolina, and \$10,000 per black citizen for reparations. The RNA, a violence-prone, black extremist, separatist organization, is now headquartered in New Orleans, Louisiana.

On January 14, 1972, SF T-3 advised that TUAD is an abbreviation used for the National Coordinating Committee for Trade Union Action and Democracy (NCCTUAD).

The National Coordinating Committee for Trade Union Action and Democracy (NCCTUAD) was founded in Chicago, Illinois, in June, 1970, at a conference held by the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), in an attempt to overcome a failure by the CPUSA to reach the labor movement. The NCCTUAD in March, 1971, maintained a National Headquarters at 343 South Dearborn Street, Chicago.

On January 30, 1972, a session of the NCDCP Convention was held at 81 Clementina Street, San Francisco, California. CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT, representing the National Office of the CPUSA, made a major speech. One of the main points of his speech was that the party must increase

SF 100-53902
EOR/plk

the struggle for Black Liberation.

SF T-5
February 8, 1972

A "Report to the Northern California District Convention - First Half By A. J. LIMA for District Committee - January 29, 1972" was distributed at the January 29, 1972 session of the NCDCCP Convention and was adopted at the January 30, 1972, session of this Convention.

Pertinent parts of this report read as follows:

The special attention given in this Convention to Chicano liberation and the Japanese exclusion action in no way alters the centrality of the Black liberation issue. The historic source of racism in this country has been and remains the ideology, the laws, the practices, and all of the special forms of oppression which first justified and maintained slavery and then served the same purpose in respect to the share crop system and the whole Dixiecrat structure in the South. This source has spilled over into all areas of the country, and has poisoned the minds and influenced the entire superstructure of capitalist society in the United States.

These special discussions should be viewed as an integral part of the whole struggle against racism, adding new dimensions to our efforts. They should also be viewed as essential for unity of Black, Chicano, Asian, U.S. Indian, Latino, and Puerto Rican peoples.

An understanding of the Chicano question is necessary for all of the members of the Party. It is essential for our Black comrades in their efforts to unite the Black and Chicano people. The dynamic effect of such unity can be seen in the experiences in San Jose, where the Chicano community took the lead in forcing the arrest of a white policeman who had murdered a Black man. It can further be seen in the initiative of the Chicano movement in San Jose in taking the lead in the struggle to free Angela Davis.

The struggle to strengthen the whole struggle for Chicano liberation, and to unite this struggle among the 13½ million Chicanos in the Southwest, and the 3½ million in California, will add great power and strength to the struggle for Black liberation. The bulk of the Chicano people can be won for unity with the Black people, and together they can provide a powerful framework for the people's movement for democracy and peace.

SF 100-53902
EOR/plk

A. J. LIMA is chairman of the NCDGP.

SF T-5
February 8, 1972

B. Other Communist Groups

No pertinent information has been received under this heading.

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

No pertinent information has been received under this heading.

III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND
INFLUENCE IN RACIAL ORGANIZATIONS

No pertinent information has been received under this heading.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
San Francisco, California

*In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.*

May 1, 1972

Title COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reference San Francisco report of SA EDWIN O.
RAUDSEP, dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

OFFICE MINNEAPOLIS	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 5/1/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 4/10/72 - 4/28/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY DONALD E. WALLER	CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C

REFERENCE

Minneapolis report of Special Agent DONALD E. WALLER dated February 1, 1972.

- P* -

ADMINISTRATIVE

This report is being classified ~~confidential~~ inasmuch as it contains information from sources, the unauthorized disclosure of which could result in the identification of confidential informants of continuing value and compromising their future effectiveness, which, in turn, could be detrimental to the national defense interests.

All persons named in this report as members of the Communist Party (CP) are on the ADEX of the Minneapolis Office where they reside in the Minneapolis Division or are informants or sources except [redacted] who are under investigation

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						ACQUIT-TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES		

APPROVED
SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

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 - 1 - OSI, 15th District, Great Falls, Montana (RM)
- Copies continued Cover Page B

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100-442529-3528	REC-38
6 MAY 12 1972	EX-115

Dissemination Record of Attached Report				
Agency	Request Recd.	Date Fwd.	How Fwd.	By
SPC 13 D		5/18/72	KS	

Notations

EXT. INT. SEC.

COVER PAGE

MP 100-13148

or have been recommended for inclusion on the ADEX.

Sources referred to in this report who were contacted during the course of this investigation are identified as follows:

Source

Date

Agent

	April 10, 1972	DONALD E. WALLER
	April 14, 1972	EWALD I. CARLSON
	April 17, 1972	EWALD I. CARLSON
	April 28, 1972	WILLIAM P. EFFERTZ
	April 24, 1972	RALPH S. RUSSELL
	April 24, 1972	RALPH S. RUSSELL
	April 24, 1972	MICHAEL J. FOX
	April 16, 1972	RICHARD W. HANSEN
	April 17, 1972	RICHARD W. HANSEN

b7D

INFORMANTS

Source

MP T-1 is

MP T-2 is

MP T-3 is

Location

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Orally to Special Agent
DONALD E. WALLER, page
instant report.

Copies continued

- 1 - OSI, 12th District, St. Paul,
Minnesota (RM)
- 2 - New York (RM)
- 2 - Minneapolis (100-13148)

- B -
COVER PAGE

MP 100-13148

LEAD

MINNEAPOLIS

AT MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

Will submit quarterly report incorporating pertinent activities for the next three-month period.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to: 1 - MI, Denver, Colorado (RM)
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1 - OSI, 12th District, St. Paul, Minnesota (RM)

Report of: DONALD E. WALLER
Date: May 1, 1972

Office: Minneapolis,
Minnesota

Field Office File #: 100-13148

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Synopsis:

Minnesota-Dakotas District, CPUSA, convention held in January, 1972, included Black Liberation workshop on agenda and approved resolution to establish a Black Liberation Commission. [redacted] Chairman, Minnesota-Dakotas District, CPUSA, in April, 1972, issued local CP statement charging Minneapolis Mayor CHARLES STENVIG with supporting racism in connection with Minneapolis, Minnesota, Fire Department hiring policies.

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- P* -

~~GROUP 1~~
~~Excluded from automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MP 100-13148

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

A Black Liberation Workshop was held in conjunction with the January, 1972, district convention of the Minnesota-Dakotas District of the Communist Party, USA (MDD-CPUSA) held in the Twin Cities of Minneapolis and St. Paul. This workshop and related discussion was included on the convention agenda following the December, 1971, distribution of discussion material by [redacted] then organizational secretary of the MDD-CPUSA^{b6} of National Committee, Communist Party Resolutions to be presented^{b7c} at the National Convention, CPUSA, scheduled to be held in February, 1972. The struggle against racism for the demands of Black and other minority workers was described in this discussion material as most important to all the CPUSA work. A proposal to establish a Black Liberation Commission in the MDD-CPUSA was accepted at this district convention for the purpose of providing special attention to equip members, especially white comrades, for the struggle against racism in all mass work and in inner-CPUSA relationships.

MP T-1
on December 1, 1971
through January 21, 1972

The Black Liberation Commission as proposed for the MDD-CPUSA was to be organized on a state-wide basis to properly evaluate and assess the currents and movements within the Black community, thereby providing the CPUSA membership with understanding and direction for work in this area of concern.

MP T-1
on January 21, 1972

Two Blacks, members of the MDD-CPUSA, were elected to membership on the district committee of the MDD-CPUSA and as delegates to the national convention of the CPUSA at the district committee meeting of the MDD-CPUSA held in the Twin Cities in January, 1972. These individuals are [redacted] also known as [redacted] and [redacted] also known as [redacted] ^{b6}
^{b7c}

MP T-1
on January 21, 1972

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

On February 14, 1972, a fund-raising affair to enlist support for ANGELA DAVIS was held at Coffman Union on the campus of the University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minnesota. The MDD-CPUSA played a large part in making arrangements for this event attended by approximately 250 people, some 40 of whom took part as performers. The communist background of ANGELA DAVIS was extolled by one of the speakers, however, there was little response from the audience. Most of those present, however, felt she should not be in jail.

MP T-1
on February 23, 1972

ANGELA DAVIS is a self-admitted member of the Communist Party, USA, who is presently on trial in California on charges of kidnaping and murder.

At a St. Paul, Minnesota, CPUSA Club meeting held in April, 1972, discussion centered on a letter prepared by [redacted] as Chairman of the MDD-CPUSA captioned "Whose Side is Mayor STENVIG On"? This letter bearing the name "Minnesota Communist Party" referred to an article which appeared in a local newspaper March 27, 1972, in which Minneapolis, Minnesota, Mayor CHARLES STENVIG stated he is for "equal rights for all." According to the letter, the Minneapolis mayor described as "discrimination" against white applicants a recent court order requiring that ten minority firefighters be hired immediately followed by the hiring of ten additional minority workers of the next 50 to be employed. [redacted] charged STENVIG with an attempt to block the hiring of any Black or minority firemen in a department of more than 500 workers in what she described as a clear violation of the law.

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MP T-2
on April 10, 1972

An article appearing in the April 6, 1972, edition of the "Daily World" captioned "Minnesota CP hits mayor's racist stand" datelined Minneapolis, April 5, (1972), in reference to the Minnesota CP statement signed by [redacted] states in conclusion, "United struggle by all workers for these demands along with social justice is the only path to equal rights for all."

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The "Daily World" is an east coast communist newspaper.

III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND
INFLUENCE IN RACIAL ORGANIZATIONS

The leadership of the MDD-CPUSA is known to have little or no specific influence in legitimate civil rights and other racial and minority groups active at the present time. While the CPUSA as a matter of national policy has sought to use the Negro question and the civil rights issue as a means of influencing and seeking support of the black community, leadership in the MDD-CPUSA has met with no success in carrying out this policy. Minority group community leaders have long recognized the above policy on the part of the CPUSA and have been successful in removing such influence in the community. The recent recruitment of several Blacks into membership in this CPUSA District has had absolutely no known effect on increasing communist influence in minority groups and/or organizations.

MP T-1
on April 27, 1972

The leadership of the MDD-CPUSA in the person of [redacted] is well-known to members of the Black community in the Twin City area of Minneapolis and St. Paul, Minnesota, and the leaders of minority community clubs, organizations, and civil rights groups have long successfully eliminated any influence she or her associates might attempt to assert therein.

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MP T-3
on April 14, 1972

Sources contacted during the course of this investigation who have furnished information regarding communist activities in the Twin City area of Minneapolis and St. Paul, Minnesota, advised they could furnish no information relative to communist influence in racial and minority community groups or civil rights organizations in this area.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Minneapolis, Minnesota

May 1, 1972

Title

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE
IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character

INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Reference

Minneapolis report of Special
Agent DONALD E. WALLER dated
and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI/PA
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FOI/PA# 1206943-000

Total Deleted Page(s) = 2
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X Deleted Page(s) X
X No Duplication Fee X
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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REPORTING OFFICE BOSTON	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 5/11/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 4/28/72 - 5/10/72
TITLE OF CASE <u>COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS</u>		REPORT MADE BY SA CHARLES F. AHERN	TYPED BY mm
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS-C	

REFERENCE: Boston letter to the Bureau dated 11/3/71.
Bureau letter to Albany dated 3/2/72.

(P*)

LEAD

BOSTON

AT BOSTON, MASS.

Will continue to follow this matter and submit quarterly report.

INFORMANTS

Identity

Location

BS T-1 is [redacted]

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ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						☐ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			

APPROVED

SPECIAL AGENT
IN CHARGE

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- 2 Boston (100-35427)

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

100-4425929-3529
20 MAY 15 1972

REC-29

Dissemination Record of Attached Report

Agency	Rec'd	ISD	IC-SS
Request Recd.			
Date Fwd.	5/18/72		
How Fwd.	R/S		
By	CEG/ci		

Notations

EXT. INT. SEC.

- A -

COVER PAGE

225
MAY 19 1972

Identity

Location

BS T-2 is

BS T-3 is

BS T-4 is

BS T-5 is

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ADMINISTRATIVE

The demonstration of 2/14/72 was observed by SAs CHARLES F. AHERN and RICHARD M. KIRBY.

The TV program of 3/30/72 was audited by SA CHARLES F. AHERN.

All persons named in this report as CP members who reside within the territory of the Boston Division are on the ADEX except for [REDACTED] who is undergoing initial investigation in preparation for a recommendation for the ADEX.

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This report has been classified "~~Confidential~~" because it contains information received from BS T-1 through BS T-5, all security informants of long term value, compromise of whom would be prejudicial to the defense interests of the United States.

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to: 1 108th MI Group, Boston (RM)
1 Naval Investigative Services Office (NISO) (RM)
1 Office of Special Investigations (OSI) (RM)

Report of: CHARLES F. AHERN Office: Boston, Massachusetts
Date: May 11, 1972

Field Office File #: 100-35427 Bureau File #: 100-4425929

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS

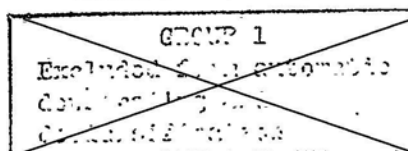
Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Synopsis:

REPORT FOR QUARTERLY PERIOD 1/1/72-3/31/72.
At a Marxist educational class on 2/17/72
[redacted] CP member, defined black
liberation as more important than women's
liberation in bringing about socialism.
The Young Workers Liberation League (YWLL)
has analyzed the 1971 political campaign
of one of its black members as most success-
ful in its effect of advancing a new
alliance between the black community and the
"progressive forces" and in stimulating
political independence of the black community.
YWLL has announced intention of supporting
black candidate in a 1972 Mass. Congressional
election. YWLL leader has introduced bill
into Mass. Legislature calling for community
control of schools as device to counteract
alleged racism in Mass. schools. Local
affiliates of National United Committee

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

(synopsis continued)

Free Angela Davis reported to be disappointed in response of black elements. Literature, demonstration, and television program sponsored by such groups have stressed racial factors as alleged motivation for charges against ANGELA DAVIS and other black persons. Participants in such projects include several members of the CP.

(P)

Details:

This report set out elements of communist influence in racial matters in the states of Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, and Rhode Island for the period of January 1, 1972 through March 31, 1972.

I COMMUNIST STRATEGY

[] conducted a Marxist educational class at Cambridge, Massachusetts on February 17, 1972, using as his outline, "The Anti-Monopoly Coalition" prepared by []. In response to a question about the relative importance of black liberation and women's liberation, [] explained that the black liberation movement was the more important to bring about socialism and that under a socialist system, each racial group would have the right to form its own nation. [] also asserted that black liberation must be accomplished before women's liberation can be realized.

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BS T-1
February 18, 1972

BS T-2 has advised that [redacted]
is a member of the New England District
of the Communist Party, USA.

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b. Young Workers Liberation League (YWLL)

The YWLL is a front organization of the
Communist Party, USA (CPUSA). It was
formed as a Marxist-Leninist youth
group in February, 1970.

The "Young Worker", self-identified as a publication
of the YWLL, in its edition of March, 1972, carried an
article under the joint by-line of JOEL KUGELMASS and
DONNA RISTORUCCI entitled, "Boston Elections". The
article was a commentary on the recent campaign for elec-
tion to the Boston, Massachusetts School Committee of
PATRICIA BONNER-LYONS, a black female whose candidacy was
publicly sponsored by the YWLL. Publicly distributed
campaign literature identified Mrs. BONNER-LYONS as a
member of the YWLL. The commentary described the cam-
paign as a success, not only because Mrs. BONNER-LYONS'
vote of 54,000 was within 10,000 of election, but also
because of the following incidental accomplishments:

1. The forging of a new unity with the
black community and a new alliance between
the black community and "progressive forces".
2. The defeat of "racist" candidates for muni-
cipal office.

The article said the BONNER-LYONS candidacy was intro-
duced by the YWLL as an aftermath of a school strike by
black students to enforce demands for the termination of
racist influences in the Boston School System. The racist
influences were cited as follows:

1. A School Committee membership of "five old white racist men" unconcerned with the educational needs of the student body.
2. No black representation on the School Committee despite a student enrollment of 40% black and Spanish-speaking.

In an analysis of the unexpected support generated by the campaign, the article pointed out that Mrs. BONNER-LYONS received endorsements from black political organizations, labor union locals, and a Boston newspaper. Her candidacy was said to have encouraged voter registration by members of the black community. She was reported to have received the largest vote of any black candidate in the 1971 municipal election. The campaign was credited with relating to the radicalization and growing political independence of the black community.

BS T-3 has advised that [redacted] formerly a member of the CPUSA National Committee, was elected to the CPUSA National Council at its 1972 national convention.

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At a convention of the Massachusetts section of the YWLL held at Boston, Massachusetts on March 4, 1972, [redacted] gave the Main Political Report. The following are excerpts from [redacted] report:

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Re: PATRICIA BONNER-LYONNS Campaign

"On may 3rd of last year, Comrade Pat Bonner-Lyons announced for the Boston School Committee. We have had numerous discussions of the campaign, but the major conclusions should be repeated.

"As the national Main Resolution states, 'one of the great lessons we must draw from the Pat Bonner-Lyons campaign in Boston is that a League section of 25 youth, with all kinds of internal problems, when it takes a proper mass initiative and carries it through, can influence and speak for tens of thousands of youth.'

"We made the fight against racism the central issue of the campaign, and we projected community control of the schools as an essential transferal of power to the people of the city. We built a united front with a mass approach. We were the major force for unity with other Black candidates. We encouraged a very successful bullet-vote campaign in the Black, Puerto Rican, and white liberal communities. We doubled or more than doubled our vote in the predominantly white working class communities of East Boston, Hyde Park and Allston-Brighton. The YWLL collected half of the 6200 signatures needed to put Pat on the ballot, and, with help from the whole eastern coast membership of the YWLL, passed out a significant proportion of the half-million leaflets distributed. We built a campaign organization of 1000 Black and white activists. In the final election Pat received close to 54,000 votes, coming in first in 6 wards and 65 precincts, and second through fifth in 3 wards and 23 precincts (there are 22 wards and 250 precincts in Boston). We proved what a disciplined and dedicated organization can do."

Re: 1973 Boston School Committee Election

"The ruling class had the luxury of not taking us seriously at the beginning of the 1971 campaign. They will be after us with both barrels next year. We know now that the masses will respond to our program, but we should also know that we will face the full wrath of the ruling class. To win we must begin working now to keep the movement for community control and against racism alive and growing, on every front. Specifically, we should work for the passage

of House Bill 2062, the bill filed by Pat, and seek the endorsement of the Boston Teachers Union for the bill, as well as other organizations throughout the state."

RE: 9th Massachusetts Congressional District

"We have picked out the ninth congressional district as a concentration area for our electoral work. The fight to unseat Louise Day Hicks and her racist programs, is of national significance. The League has participated in the initial meetings supporting the candidacy of Hubie Jones, Black community leader, and plans to focus on building support among youth for his campaign."

"The YWLL should take responsibility for the mobilization of Black, Brown and white youth in this key congressional race, as well as participate in voter registration efforts..."

BS T-1
March 23, 1972

BS T-4 has advised that [redacted] attended the district convention of the New England CP held at Boston, Massachusetts on January 15-16, 1972.

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In his Review of Leadership report given at the Massachusetts Section Convention of the YWLL held at Boston, Massachusetts on March 4, 1972, [redacted] described the YWLL as a "revolutionary, Marxist-Leninist" organization whose mission is to convince youth that socialism is the only lasting solution to racism and oppression. [redacted] declared that "central to all struggles is the fight against racism and for black liberation". [redacted] criticized the YWLL leadership for failure to recognize the importance of fighting racism and its "centrality" to the struggle. [redacted] called for increased effort to recruit black youth and to pursue black-white unity for the advancement of the struggle.

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BS T-1
March 23, 1972

II COMMUNIST TACTICS

a. Young Workers Liberation League

The "Daily World" of February 16, 1972, reported that PATRICIA BONNER-LYONS, a leader of the YWLL, had filed a bill in the Massachusetts Legislature incorporating the following principles:

1. Creation of community based districts within the school system
2. Election of district governing boards to be composed of parents elected by the community, teachers elected by teachers, and students elected by students. Such boards would determine its budget and allocate funds.
3. District governing boards would have authority to appoint, transfer and suspend school personnel

Mrs. BONNER-LYONS was quoted as offering this bill, House Number 2062, as an instrument for overcoming the racism which, she alleged, permeates the school systems of the major cities of Massachusetts. The bill was said to have the support of the YWLL.

The "Daily World" is an east coast communist newspaper.

At the Massachusetts Section Convention of the Young Workers Liberation League held at Boston, Massachusetts on March 4, 1972, [] gave the Main Political Report. In this report [] specified a series of past accomplishments and goals for the future. [] referred to Massachusetts House Bill 2062 filed by PATRICIA BONNER-LYONS calling for community control of schools as one for whose enactment the YWLL must strive and in whose behalf the endorsements of organizations throughout the state must be sought.

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BS T-1
March 23, 1972

b. Cambridge Committee to Free Angela Davis (CCFAD)

CAMPAIGN IN BEHALF OF ANGELA DAVIS

ANGELA YVONNE DAVIS of Los Angeles California, a black female and self-admitted member of the Communist Party, USA, is under charge in the State of California for conspiracy to commit murder and kidnapping as the result of an incident at Marin County, California on August 7, 1970.

BS T-1 has advised that the Cambridge Committee to Free Angela Davis (CCFAD) is an affiliate of the Greater Boston Committee to Free Angela Davis (GBCFAD).

The GBCFAD has publicly identified itself as a local affiliate of the National United Committee to Free Angela Davis.

National United Committee to Free Angela Davis (NUCFAD) was founded by the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), to help free Angela Yvonne Davis, self-admitted member of the Southern California District, CPUSA (SCDCP), who faces murder-kidnaping charges at Marin County, California. The SCDCP controls NUCFAD by use of CPUSA members in key positions. Headquarters is located at San Francisco, California.

At a meeting of the CCFAD held at Cambridge, Massachusetts, on January 11, 1972, there was discussion of a program to

observe the forthcoming birthday of ANGELA DAVIS, including the distribution of posters to publicize the observance. It was announced that such posters would be placed at locations where they would attract the attention of black students at various universities in the Metropolitan Boston area. It was also reported that the GBCFAD was concerned about the lack of response to the ANGELA DAVIS case from the black community.

BS T-1
January 12, 1972

BOOKLET ON THE ANGELA DAVIS CASE

In January, 1972, [redacted] of Cambridge, Massachusetts, announced that the Cambridge Committee to Free Angela Davis was in the process of preparing a booklet concerning the Angela Davis case which would be sold to the general public for a price of \$.75.

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BS T-1
January 20, 1972

BS T-5 has advised that [redacted] attended the New England CP District Convention of January 15-16, 1972.

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As finally offered for sale, this booklet consisted of 12 pages reproduced from a variety of sources including public statements by ANGELA DAVIS, excerpts from "Political Affairs", the "Daily World", the "New Program of the CPUSA" (published in 1970), and the "People's World". Serving as an outside cover-binder for the inner pages was a four page circular entitled "Exclusive - Angela Davis Answers 13 Questions" and self identified as having been reprinted by the Greater Boston Committee to Free Angela Davis. The tenor of this 21 page pamphlet is that ANGELA DAVIS and all other black persons under criminal charge in the United States are victims of persecution and repression based on their race and political activities.

"Political Affairs" is self identified in its masthead as the monthly theoretical organ of the CPUSA.

The "People's World" is a west coast communist newspaper.

DEMONSTRATION OF FEBRUARY 14, 1972

At a meeting of the CCFAD held on February 8, 1972, [redacted] distributed a written announcement of a demonstration in behalf of ANGELA DAVIS to be held outside the John F. Kennedy Federal Building, Boston, Massachusetts on February 14, 1972 under the sponsorship of the GBCFAD.

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BS T-1
February 9, 1972

On February 14, 1972, Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) observed a demonstration conducted outside the John F. Kennedy Federal Building, Boston, Massachusetts, from 4:30 p.m. to 5:30 p.m. under the publicly acknowledged sponsorship of the GBCFAD.

Starting promptly at 4:30 p.m., the group marched in a picket line, led by MIKE EISENSCHER carrying picket signs reading "Free Angela Davis", "Drop the Charges - End Racist Repression", "Reagan don't Lynch Angela," "We will not Bow Down to Genocide". From time to time the group changed in unison, "Free Angela Davis - Now". Total participation was about 75.

Participants included [redacted]
[redacted]

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While the picketing was in progress, [redacted] and [redacted] were observed passing out free copies of the "Daily World" to passersby. [redacted] was observed similarly passing out literature prepared by the GBCFAD.

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BS T-5 has advised that [redacted]

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[redacted] attended the New England CP District Convention of January 15-16, 1972.

BS T-5 has identified [redacted] and [redacted] as members of the New England District of the CP.

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TELEVISION PROGRAM, MARCH 30, 1972

On March 30, 1972, Station WGBX-TV, Channel 44, Boston, Massachusetts, presented on its "Catch 44" program at 9:00 p.m. a symposium sponsored by the GBCFAD.

The program was opened with an introductory statement in which ANGELA DAVIS was portrayed as a victim of political persecution because of her espousal of unpopular causes. To black people she was said to dramatize the ills of society. [redacted] a panel member, was introduced as a representative of the Communist Party. After acknowledging that ANGELA DAVIS was a CP member, [redacted] commented that in acquiring firearms, ANGELA DAVIS was merely equipping herself for her personal protection. [redacted] said any black person from the South instinctively purchases weapons for "self protection".

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[redacted] presented as a spokesman for the GBCFAD, denounced changes pending in California against a group of Negroes as a "frameup". She lamented the death of GEORGE JACKSON, who, she alleged, had been killed by his prison officers just prior to his scheduled trial which he expected to result in his acquittal.

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Special Agent, FBI
March 31, 1972

~~SECRET~~
BS 100-35427

BS T-5 has advised that [REDACTED]
attended the New England CP District
Convention of January 15-16, 1972.

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III COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND INFLUENCE IN RACIAL
AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

No information developed.

12*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Boston, Massachusetts
May 11, 1972

Title	COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
Character	INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST
Reference	Report of SA CHARLES F. AHERN dated and captioned as above at Boston.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

b6
b7c

REPORTING OFFICE MIAMI	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 5/9/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 2/5/72 - 5/8/72
TITLE OF CASE <u>COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS</u>		REPORT MADE BY RAYMOND L. O'KELLY	TYPED BY jky
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCE

Miami report of SA RAYMOND L. O'KELLY, dated 2/9/72.

- P* -

LEAD

MIAMI

AT MIAMI, FLORIDA

Will continue to follow and report CIRM activities in the Miami Division.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED					☐ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN:
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES		
							PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO
APPROVED <i>[Signature]</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE						DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE: 9 - Bureau (100-442529) (RM) 1 - NISO, Charleston, South Carolina (RM) 1 - 111th M.I. Group, Orlando, Florida (RM) 1 - OSI, Patrick Air Force Base, Florida (RM) 1 - New York (100-153735) (Info) (RM) 2 - Miami (100-15058) Dissemination Record of Attached Report						100-442529 3530 REC-58 MAY 15 1972 EX-116	
						Notations	
						Agency <i>[Signature]</i> ISD 100-35 Request Recd. Date Fwd. 5/18/72 How Fwd. R/S By <i>[Signature]</i> 223	
						EXT. SEC. <i>[Signature]</i>	

60 MAY 19 1972

100-442529

COVER PAGE

MM 100-15058

ADMINISTRATIVE

Indexing

All persons named in this report as Communist Party members within the Miami Division are on or recommended for the ADEX or are informants or sources.

Copies of this report are being designated to appropriate military intelligence agencies pursuant to Bureau instructions.

This report is classified "~~Confidential~~" as MM T-1, MM T-3 and MM T-4 are informants of continuing value whose disclosure could have an adverse affect on the national defense interests.

INFORMANTS

<u>IDENTITY</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>
MM T-1 is	
MM T-2 is	
MM T-3 is	Used to characterize CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT
MM T-4 is	

b3
b7D
b7E

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to:

- 1 - NISO, CHARLESTON, SOUTH CAROLINA (RM)
- 1 - 111TH M.I. GROUP, ORLANDO, FLORIDA (RM)
- 1 - OSI, PATRICK AIR FORCE BASE, FLORIDA (RM)

Report of:

RAYMOND L. O'KELLY

Office: MIAMI, FLORIDA

Date:

5/9/72

Field Office File #:

100-15058

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title:

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE
IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopsis:

Informants reported that Miami Communist Party (CP) members have discussed difficulty of working with sensitive young black militants but feel means must be found to work in harmony with them. CPUSA interested in analytical survey of the black vote in the south. CPUSA wants campaign material of Governor GEORGE WALLACE to determine reasons why quite a number of blacks have voted for him. Black militants want the Angela Davis Defense Committee of Miami expanded to include campaign to free all political prisoners. Party members successful in retaining present name of Committee but will emphasize necessity to free all political prisoners. Miami CP members disappointed over small number of votes Congresswoman SHIRLEY CHISHOLM received in Florida Democratic Primary; some feel their vote for her was wasted and helped Governor WALLACE increase margin of victory. Miami CP influence in the black community will depend upon whether responsible black leaders are willing to work with the CP on projects of mutual interest such as housing and integration. There are no black Miami CP members at the present time.

- P* -

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~~GROUP 1~~

Excluded from
automatic downgrading
and declassification.

DETAILS:

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

At a meeting of the City Committee of the Miami Communist Party (CP) held on February 7, 1972, the rally held on January 30, 1972, for ANGELA DAVIS in the black community of Miami was discussed. The consensus of opinion was that the rally was worthwhile even though it was entirely taken over by young militant blacks. These blacks would not let a representative from the Miami CP speak or even one from the local Angela Davis Defense Committee of Miami (ADDCM), however, copies of the "Daily World" were handed out without charge during this rally.

It was stated during the City Committee meeting that there is a difficulty in working with the extremely sensitive young black militants. Also there is a possible damage to the CP which could result from some of the more disruptive type actions of the young blacks.

The Committee decided that working with these black militants might create additional risks but that a way must be found for the ADCDM to work in harmony with them.

MM T-1
2/14/72

The ANGELA DAVIS Defense Committee of Miami was organized in October, 1970, by the Miami CP. Its purpose is to raise funds for the defense of ANGELA DAVIS.

ANGELA DAVIS was apprehended in New York City on October 13, 1970, for Unlawful Flight to Avoid Prosecution in California. A warrant had been issued charging her with kidnapping and murder. She is a self-admitted member of the CP, USA, who had been a teacher at the University of California at Los Angeles.

The "Daily World" is an east coast communist newspaper.

represented the ~~Miami~~ CP at a meeting of the new CPUSA Southern Regional Committee held on March 18-19, 1972, at Birmingham, Alabama. At this meeting CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT stated that the Party would like to have a more analytical survey of the black vote in the south as to class composition, number of youths, women and rural individuals involved.

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LIGHTFOOT said that the Party must maintain contact with individuals who signed petitions to place the CPUSA on a ballot and a program should be planned to visit personally with these people.

MM T-1
March, 1972

is chairman of the Miami CP according to MM T-2 on 3/29/72.

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At the 20th National Convention of the CPUSA held in February, 1972, CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT was elected to the newly created Central Committee of the CPUSA. He was also a member of the Presiding Committee at this convention according to MM T-3 on 3/13/72.

According to CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT, Governor GEORGE WALLACE received quite a number of black votes during the Florida Democratic Primary held during March, 1972. He said that the CPUSA wants the CPs in those states where WALLACE campaigned to obtain some of the campaign material supporting WALLACE to determine why any black would vote for WALLACE. LIGHTFOOT said the CPUSA wants to appeal to the black voter and the working class and must campaign to get these votes from the people supporting WALLACE.

MM T-4
3/24/72

The Miami CP has been advised that at a recent meeting of the ADDCM several of the black militants who have been active in the ADDCM want this Committee to become a "committee to free all political prisoners." Party members at this ADDCM meeting argued successfully that the ADDCM should retain its present name but agreed that more emphasis will be placed on the necessity to free all political prisoners.

Party members have also been successful in persuading the ADDCM to allow the black militants to nominate one of their number as a co-chairman of the Committee in order to encourage more active participation by the black community.

MM T-1
4/5/72

The Miami CP was very distressed over the victory of Governor GEORGE WALLACE in the Florida Democratic Primary and especially disappointing was the small number of votes received by Congresswoman SHIRLEY CHISHOLM. The City Committee had informed the membership to support CHISHOLM primarily because it was so sensitive to any charge of racism toward the Party. It was apparent that some members felt that their vote for CHISHOLM had been wasted and helped to increase the margin of the WALLACE victory.

It was agreed at a Party meeting on March 21, 1972, that there is an absolute necessity of increasing efforts to unite the progressive forces so that the WALLACE victory could be neutralized.

MM T-1
4/5/72

For a number of years the Miami CP has been periodically receiving communications and literature from the CPUSA National Office, New York, New York, strongly urging the recruitment of black people, particularly youth, into the CP.

This campaign was given added incentive following the arrest of ANGELA DAVIS, which the CPUSA said was not only an attack on the CP and the working class but it reeks with racism and offers an excellent opportunity to form an anti-establishment group showing black-white unity.

It had been hoped by the Miami CP that the formation of a local CP youth club several years ago would create activity to make young black people aware of the CP and eventually draw them into the CP. However, despite some cooperative efforts with the Black Afro Militant Movement (BAMM) in 1970, the youth club has not been able to draw in a single black member. Now the youth club is in the process of breaking up and losing its ties with the Miami CP over its Bohemian manner of living, a propensity for drugs, an arrogant and disdainful attitude toward elderly CP members and the planned move to another state of its chairman, [REDACTED]

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Although Miami CP members are disillusioned over the high-handed manner of certain young blacks, especially in taking over a recent rally for ANGELA DAVIS and would not even allow a representative from the CP to speak, continued efforts will be made to establish some kind of working relationship with responsible black leaders through the ADDCM, individual CP participation in black community projects and when productive and appropriate the distribution without charge of the "Daily World", particularly at rallies for ANGELA DAVIS.

Local Party members have found it difficult to work with blacks, one reason being that they have nothing in common from an economic or social standpoint with black people. Whether the Miami CP will have any influence in the black community will depend on whether responsible black leaders are willing to work with the CP on projects of mutual interest such as housing and integration.

The Miami CP has not had for many years and does not now have a black member.

MM T-2
5/3/72

The Black Afro Militant Movement (BAMM), composed of young Negroes, was organized in Miami, Florida, in January, 1970. Leaders warn revolution is coming. Each member must have and be fully trained in use of two weapons. Members of BAMM have considered the robbery of gun shops to obtain weapons and ammunition. A class

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

has been taught in illegal bombmaking.
BAMM became defunct in June, 1970.

[redacted] is Chairman of the Youth
Club of the Miami CP and is a member of the
City Committee which plans and directs Miami
CP activities, according to MM T-1 on 11/5/71.

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II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

No additional information was developed.

III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND
INFLUENCE IN RACIAL AND OTHER
ORGANIZATIONS

No additional information was developed.

- 6* -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 100-15058

Miami, Florida
May 9, 1972

Title COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reference Report of SA RAYMOND L. O'KELLY,
dated and captioned as above,
at Miami, Florida.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 5/10/72

FROM : SAC, PORTLAND (100-10580) (P*)

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE
IN RACIAL MATTERS
IS - C

Re Portland letter to the Bureau, 1/1/72.

Since referenced letter, confidential informants who are familiar with Communist Party (CP) activities in the Portland area have advised regularly that the Oregon CP has shown no interest in racial matters other than the influence it is attempting to exert in the Portland Committee to Free ANGELA DAVIS.

The Affairs of the ANGELA DAVIS Committee in Portland probably hit a high spot over the weekend of 2/5 and 2/6/72 when [redacted] of ANGELA, made public appearances. CP leaders were pleased at the turnout, which included a number of Blacks.

Less than a month later, however, [redacted] advised on 3/3/72 that a few members of the Committee tried to hold a meeting on 3/2/72 but that there was such a general "let down" atmosphere and loss of interest that nothing was accomplished. [redacted] young CP leader, endeavored to inject some life, but when asked by the others what he wanted them to do, he admitted he did not know.

[redacted] advised on 3/13/72 that at a CP Club meeting on 3/6/72, [redacted] another young active Party member, said no future meetings of the ANGELA DAVIS Committee had been set and they did not know when another one would be held.

On 5/8/72, [redacted] said that in an effort to determine what could be done to revive the ANGELA DAVIS Committee, [redacted] Oregon CP State Chairman, and [redacted] a leader of the Portland

2- Bureau (AM) (RM)
2- Portland
WSE:tms (4)

18 MAY 18 1972

EXT. INT. SEC.
[Signature]

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan



5010-108-02

Club of the Party, met on 4/26/72 to discuss the situation. [] was absent and apparently was no longer providing leadership for the ANGELA DAVIS Committee. The discussion produced nothing other than to re-emphasize that interest in the Committee had dropped radically and that Blacks had failed to respond to the invitation to participate. In addition, virtually no funds were coming in. No plan for future action was devised.

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Relative to the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) in Portland, [] has advised that the organization has shown no interest in racial matters. On 3/4/72, [] an active SWP member in Portland, complained that the SWP had wanted to support the ANGELA DAVIS Committee but had been having trouble with [] and the Committee had let it be known that the SWP was unwelcome.

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI

(100-442429)

DATE: 5/19/72

FROM : SAC, BALTIMORE

(100-23443) -P*-

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS
IS-C
(OO: New York)

Re: Baltimore letter to Director, FBI
dated 2/16/72 and Bureau letter to SAC, Albany dated
3/2/72.

[] a high level source in the CP of Maryland leadership, on 5/18/72 advised that the Baltimore Committee to Free Angela Davis (BCFAD) was formed in Baltimore on January, 1971 in response to directives from the national CPUSA office. It was the objective of the CP of Maryland in establishing the BCFAD to use the ANGELA DAVIS case to build the Party and its forces among the blacks in Baltimore. However, due to a lack of CP forces and influence to work with the Committee, the CP has been completely unsuccessful in using the BCFAD to accomplish this objective.

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[] stated that the accomplishments of the BCFAD have been limited to the raising of some funds to help defray the costs of DAVIS' trial and in the main the BCFAD has operated only as a token organization to comply with CPUSA directives.

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[] stated that the CP in Maryland has had no desire to use the BCFAD to exploit the explosive racial situation or to foment unrest among the blacks of the Baltimore, Maryland area.

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EX-114

- 2 - Bureau (REGIS. MAIL)
2 - New York (100-153735) (REGIS. MAIL)
2 - Baltimore
CDF:sah
(6)

REC-19

100-442529-3532

6 MAY 23 1972

EXCLUDED SEC.



54 JUN 6 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

BA 100-23443

In addition to the following sources have been contacted regarding Communist Influence in Racial Matters and were unable to provide any additional information regarding this matter.

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Baltimore will continue to remain alert for efforts on the part of the CP or other Communist Organization in the Baltimore Division to utilize the racial issue to foment unrest. In the event it appears that a communist group is attempting to inflame the racial situation, the Bureau will be promptly advised.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE SEATTLE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 5/25/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 4/16 - 5/23/72
TITLE OF CASE (10) CIRM		REPORT MADE BY R. BERT CARTER	TYPED BY cmf
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCE: Report of SA R. BERT CARTER, 1/28/72, Seattle.

- p* -

LEAD:

SEATTLE DIVISION
At Seattle, Washington

Will submit quarterly report by August 1, 1972.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

A copy of this report is being sent to New York for information, since that office is origin.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						☒ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			
APPROVED						SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE: 6 - Bureau (100-442529) (REG) 1 - NISO, Seattle (REG) 1 - 115th MIG, Fort Lawton (REG) 1 - OSI, McChord AFB (REG) 1 - New York (100-153735) (Info) 2 - Seattle (100-27267)						(REG)	100-442529-23533 REC-42 EX-116 MAY 30 1972 EX-116 NOT INT. SEC. 58	
Dissemination Record of Attached Report						Notations		
Agency	Request Recd.	Date Fwd.	How Fwd.	By				
RCC TSD 1455		6/9/72	RS	15				

55 JUN 9 1972

COVER PAGE

This report is classified ~~confidential~~ because the unauthorized disclosure of information furnished by the symbol sources, if disclosed, could conceivably result in the identification of informants of continuing value, compromise future effectiveness thereof, and thereby adversely affect the national defense.

All persons named in this report as members of any basic revolutionary organization, and who reside within the area covered by the Seattle Division, are listed in the Adex or are informants or sources.

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source

Location

SE T-1 is

SE T-2 is

SE T-3 is

SE T-4 is

SE T-5 is

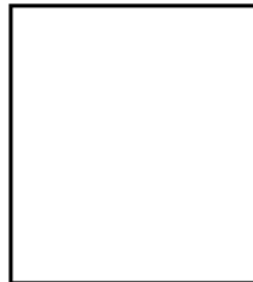
SE T-6 is

SE T-7 is

SE T-8 is

SE T-9 is

SE T-10 is



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- B* -

COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to:

- 1 - NISO, Seattle (REG)
- 1 - 115th MIG, Fort Lawton (REG)
- 1 - OSI, McChord Air Force Base (REG)

Report of:

R. BERT CARTER

Office: Seattle, Washington

Date:

May 25, 1972

Field Office File #:

100-27267

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title:

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Synopsis: Resolutions concerning Indian and other racial matters adopted at Washington State CP convention in January, 1972. Party urges support of working women and minority groups, especially Indians.

- P* -

DETAILS:At Seattle, WashingtonI. COMMUNIST STRATEGYA. Communist Party (CP), USA

1. Plans, strategy, Party line and the like made at National meetings, including expressions by national leaders and other functionaries

No information developed.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~~~Group 1~~~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

2. Plans, et cetera, made at district and lower-level meetings, including expressions by local leaders and rank-and-file members

a. Washington State CP convention

On January 29-30, 1972, the Washington State Convention of the Northwest District, Communist Party, United States of America (NWDCP) (CPUSA) was held at 735 - 18th Avenue, Seattle, Washington. [redacted] Executive Secretary, NWDCP, announced the appointments of various chairmen of CP committees, including [redacted] as chairman of the Committee on Indian Liberation (COIL). Later in the Convention, she read excerpts from a mimeographed paper titled "Theses on Indian Liberation", which document was adopted by the delegates.

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A resolution on Indian matters was passed by the delegates which included the following: "The Communist Party supports the Indian Peoples in their struggle for democratic rights" and "rights guaranteed them in the many treaties" "We support the Indians right to fish in their usual and accustomed places . . . (the) right to have and use their own law enforcement agencies to protect their treaty rights and to endorce the rules governing game, over both Indian and non-Indian" "The Communist Party must fight to change the composition of the Game Commission and its relationship to other State Agencies." ". . . Washington COIL, in consultation with others, study ways to stop illegal actions of the State Game Dept."

Another resolution was passed at the convention under the title "The Party and the Trade Union Movement" which included the following:

(In) "Our past history is recorded a large order of militancy in the organizing drives by party members and other activists, Black, Asian, Chicano, Native Americans" on various labor and social reform matters. ". . . the Party record in fighting against the divisive poison of racism and for equality of Black and Brown . . ." is known, but "today's struggles calls for higher standard in the fight for Black and White unity to win advances for the class and for victory in this liberation struggles."

". . . Let us reaffirm our efforts in these present struggles:

"1. Free Angela Davis and end racism - Free All Political Prisoners

"9. Work for more rights and job security for minorities. . ."

ANGELA DAVIS is a self-admitted, black member of the CP who has been on trial in California for her alleged participation in a homicide case.

In another resolution titled "To Work for Advance of Working Class Women", it was stated in part:

". . .as Communists, our aim is to halt the reactionary drive and open the path for a new direction in strengthening democracy. In order to achieve this we seek to develop the maximum political independence at all levels of the parties of monopoly, leading to a mass people's party based on the working class and BLACK PEOPLE as a whole."

". . .Crucial is the question of struggle for Black women representation. We must find out how much support there is for Rep. Shirley Chisholm as a Presidential candidate and why there has not been a stronger support for her. . . We must stress the candidacy of Black women and raise the question of freedom for Angela Davis."

SHIRLEY CHISHOLM is a black member of Congress who is a candidate for President of the United States in 1972.

SE T-1 (2/16/72)

During the Sunday session of the Convention, [redacted] a white CP member active with the youth group who is married to a black, stated in effect "we should relate workers from the Indian liberation movement to our own work and that would be real unity. All the big committees that govern the Indians are from the higher echelons. There is too much racism."

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SE T-2 (2/2/72)

b. Pierce County CP Convention

On January 8, 1972, the Pierce County CP convention was held at Tacoma, Washington. Everyone present was instructed to become involved in one or more action programs which were suggested and which included the Indian Liberation movement.

A resolution was adopted at the convention on Indian fishing rights and the Washington State Game Department which was passed on to the NWDCP and was used almost in its entirety for the resolution passed at the State convention which was alluded to earlier in this report.

SE T-4 (3/15/72)

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

In a research paper prepared on the background of the Indian people, which was used in the Washington State CP convention for the preparation of a resolution, it was stated in part "the tribe is the structural unit for organizing a communal - non-capitalist - way of life." By fighting for Indian rights, or those of any other racial minority, the objective of the CP is to bring these persons into the communist movement.

SE T-1 (4/18/72)

SE T-2 (4/18/72)

SE T-5 (4/18/72)

SE T-6 (4/18/72)

SE T-7 (4/18/72)

The manner in which the CP tries to influence any racial minority group is to infiltrate these groups and exaggerate their oppressions with the aim of bringing as many of them as possible into the communist movement. This is in line with CP Chairman GUS HALL's statement "We must convince the Jewish people they are being taken for a ride by imperialism", and his slogan "Toward Chicano Liberation".

SE T-8 (4/18/72)

SE T-9 (4/18/72)

III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND INFLUENCE IN RACIAL AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

A. Black Panther Party (BPP)

The Black Panther Party (BPP) is a black extremist organization started in Oakland, California, in December, 1966. It advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics to bring about the overthrow of the United States Government.

For a time, CP members assisted with the breakfast program for needy children sponsored by the BPP in the Seattle area. BPP activities have since declined drastically, and the CP is not doing much to influence any organization among blacks.

SE T-1 (4/18/72)

B. People's Coalition for Peace and Justice (PCPJ)

The People's Coalition for Peace and Justice (PCPJ) has described itself as being headquartered at 1029 Vermont Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C., and as consisting of over 100 organizations which are using massive civil disobedience to combat racism, poverty, repression, and war.

A regional PCPJ conference was held at the University Christian Church, Seattle, on February 19, 1972. Participating organizations were invited to distribute to the delegates statements concerning the nature and purposes of their respective groups. The Young Workers Liberation League (YWLL) in its statement stated in part as follows: ". . . the YWLL is a multi-racial organization - its membership is 30% black and brown. The YWLL is a revolutionary organization - we believe that we are all fighting a common enemy, monopoly capitalism, that society needs to be reorganized to bring working-class power - socialism . . . the YWLL nationally participated in the formation of the PCPJ. We are in the coalition because we feel that this country can be changed only by a unified mass movement . . . PCPJ needs to increasingly reach black, brown, and Labor groups, and to make sure that the coalition program includes the special demands of these groups."

The Young Workers Liberation League (YWLL) is a front organization of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA). It was formed as a Marxist-Leninist youth group in February, 1970.

SE T-10 (2/25/72)

IV. MISCELLANEOUS OBSERVATIONS

There have not been any policy decisions by the CP with reference to racial matters since the Washington State convention in January, 1972. In this geographical area, Indian matters are given the greatest emphasis in the racial

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field and these are under the leadership of [redacted] Chairman of COIL (supra), who is an active and influential CP member at Seattle who has been consulted by national CP leaders concerning Indian policy in the past.

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The CP is not known to have any specific plan to exploit racial unrest or to foment racial strife in the greater Seattle area except that which may come incidental to protest activities that arise over fishing rights and related Indian matters.

SE T-1 (4/18/72)
SE T-2 (4/18/72)
SE T-5 (4/18/72)
SE T-6 (4/18/72)
SE T-7 (4/18/72)
SE T-8 (4/18/72)
SE T-9 (4/18/72)

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Seattle, Washington

May 25, 1972

In Reply, Please Refer to

File No. 100-27267

Title	COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
Character	INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST
Reference	Report of SA R. BERT CARTER dated and captioned as above at Seattle, Washington.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE MILWAUKEE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 6/8/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 5/10/72 - 5/12/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY SA DAVID J. COPPINGER	TYPED BY brm
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) OF
DATE **6-25-80 A.D.J.**

REFERENCE

Milwaukee report of SA DAVID J. COPPINGER dated 2/8/72.

- P* -

ADMINISTRATIVE

This report is classified ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ in view of information furnished by MI T-1, MI T-2, and MI T-4 through MI T-7, who are sources of continuing value, and the identification of these sources could possibly be detrimental to the defense interests of the United States. (S) (U)

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						☐ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN:
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			
								PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO

APPROVED: [Signature]
 SPECIAL AGENT
IN CHARGE

COPIES MADE:

- ⑨ - Bureau (100-442529) (RM)
- 1 - MIG, Fort Snelling, Twin Cities, Minnesota (RM)
- 2 - OSI, Milwaukee (RM)
- (1 - OSI, Chanute Air Force Base)
- 1 - NIS, Chicago (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-153735) (RM)
- 2 - Milwaukee (100-14439)

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

100-442529-353 **REC-72**

18 JUN 12 1972

EXT. INT. SEC. EX-109

Dissemination Record of Attached Report

Agency	2 - ISD	1 - SS
Request Recd.		
Date Fwd.	6/20/72	
How Fwd.	KIS	
By	117088/c	

Notations

CLASS. & EXT. BY **SP-5 nig lalor**

REASON - FCTM 11, 1-2. 4.2 **2**

DATE OF REVIEW **6/8/92**

Comp. # **96213** **6/20/80**

MI 100-14439

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

It is noted information reported in details of this report predates referenced report. This is due to the fact this information not available to the writer of this report until after referenced report was dictated.

[redacted] and JOHN GILMAN, referred to in this report, are on the Milwaukee ADEX. [redacted] is presently under investigation.

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The Bureau is aware of the identity of [redacted]

[redacted] (S) (U)

LEADS

MILWAUKEE DIVISION

At Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Will continue to follow and report activities relating to communist influence in racial matters.

INFORMANTS

<u>Identity</u>	<u>Location</u>
MI T-1 is	[redacted]
MI T-2 is	[redacted]
MI T-3 is	Instant report under Membership. (S) (U)
MI T-4 is	[redacted]
MI T-5 is	[redacted]

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-B-

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MI 100-14439

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MI T-6 is

MI T-7 is

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

(S) (U)

b3
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-C-

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MI 100-14439

NON-SYMBOL INFORMANTS

Identity

Location

MI T-3 is [redacted]
[redacted]

Instant report
under Membership

(S)

(U)

b6
b7C
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-D*-

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATIONCONFIDENTIAL

Copy to: 1 - MIG, FORT SNELLING, TWIN CITIES, MINNESOTA (RM)
 2 - OSI, MILWAUKEE (RM)
 (1 - OSI, CHANUTE AIR FORCE BASE)
 1 - NIS, CHICAGO (RM)

Report of: SA DAVID J. COPPINGER
 Date: June 8, 1972

Office: MILWAUKEE

Field Office File #: MI 100-14439

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopsis: The Committee to Free ANGELA DAVIS (CFAD) of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, continues to be controlled by the Communist Party of Wisconsin (CPW). CPW has been attempting to increase membership from black population. LUCILLE BERRIEN attended educational sponsored by CPW. In 3/72, BERRIEN entered primary election for mayor, City of Milwaukee. (C)(U)

- P* -

DETAILS

CLASS. & EXT. BY SP-5 [signature]
 REASON - FCIM 11, 1-2.4.2
 DATE OF REVIEW 6/18/92
6/20/80

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
 OTHERWISE

CONFIDENTIAL

GROUP 1
 Excluded from automatic
 downgrading and
 declassification

MI 100-14439

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

A. Communist Party, USA (CPUSA)

1. The Committee to Free ANGELA DAVIS (CFAD)

The CFAD has been holding weekly meetings in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, since its inception in November of 1970. It continues to be controlled and dominated by the Communist Party of Wisconsin (CPW).

[MI T-1, December 14, 1971)
(MI T-2, March 22, 1972)] (C) (U)

ANGELA DAVIS

ANGELA DAVIS has been publicly identified as being a member of the CPUSA and is presently under local indictment in California, for murder, kidnaping, and conspiracy.

COMMITTEE TO
FREE ANGELA DAVIS

The Committee to Free ANGELA DAVIS (CFAD) was formed in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, during the latter part of 1970, for the express purpose of working for the release of ANGELA DAVIS. The CPW has been one of the primary organizations in the organization of the CFAD in Milwaukee.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MI 100-14439

NATIONAL UNITED COMMITTEE
TO FREE ANGELA DAVIS
also known as
UNITED COMMITTEE
TO FREE ANGELA DAVIS

National United Committee to Free ANGELA DAVIS (NUCFAD) was founded by the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), to free ANGELA YVONNE DAVIS, self-admitted member of the Southern California District, CPUSA (SCDCP), who faces murder-kidnaping charges at Marin County, California. The SCDCP controls NUCFAD by use of CPUSA members in key positions. Headquarters are located at San Francisco, California.

Source advised that the CFAD chairmanship is rotated among the members, but is generally held by a CPW member. At the CFAD meeting held in the latter part of March, 1972, it was suggested that the CFAD branch out for other causes that would appeal to the black population. (C) (U)

[(MI T-2, March 22, 1972)] (C) (U)

2. Membership, CPW

Source advised that the CPW has been attempting to increase its Negro membership and held educationals (C) (U)

MI 100-14439

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

for the purpose of indoctrination for potential members into the CPW. These educationals were aimed at blacks and other minorities; however, of the six attending the educationals conducted from December, 1971 through March, 1972, only one was of the black race. (S) (U)

[(MI T-3, May 2, 1972)
(MI T-4, March 29, 1972)] (S) (U)

Source advised that in March, 1972, a Negro male from Milwaukee, who has been active in revolutionary activities in the past; namely, the Republic of New Africa (RNA) of Milwaukee, was approached by [redacted] and JOHN GILMAN to join the CPW. This individual was unanimously accepted into the CPW by the State Committee, CPW. Source advised that this Negro male was accepted without the usual educationals that are required, and that this was an unprecedented move on the part of the State Committee, CPW. (S) (U)

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b7c

[(MI T-5, April 13, 1972)] (S) (U)

REPUBLIC OF NEW AFRICA

The Republic of New Africa (RNA) was founded in Detroit, Michigan, in March, 1968. Its purpose is to establish an independent black nation within the United States, demanding the States of Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, and South Carolina, and \$10,000 per black citizen for reparations. The RNA, a violence-prone, black extremist, separatist organization is now headquartered in New Orleans, Louisiana.

MI 100-14439

JOHN GILMAN

JOHN GILMAN is a member of the
State Committee, CPW.

[MI T-6, September 10, 1971] (S) (U)

[redacted]
[redacted] is a member
of the State Committee, CPW.

[MI T-6, September 10, 1971] (S) (U)

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

A. Influence in Political Activities

Source advised that [redacted] Negro female
residing in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, had attended the educational
sponsored by CPW from December, 1971 through March, 1972. (S) (U)
W. P. of WISCONSIN

[MI T-4, March 29, 1972] (S) (U)

(S) [Source] advised that LUCILLE BERRIEN entered the
mayoral primary election for the City of Milwaukee held on
March 7, 1972. (S) [Source] advised BERRIEN lost in the primary
election which was a three-way race for the winning two
candidates to go to the general election. (S) [Source] advised
BERRIEN's campaign did not mention the CPW, nor did the
CPW publicly endorse her candidacy, but CPW members did
actively distribute literature and assist in her campaign.
BERRIEN's platform mainly centered around welfare rights
and rights of minorities.

[MI T-3, May 2, 1972] (S) (U)

MI 100-14439

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND INFLUENCE
IN RACIAL AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

A. International Black Workers Congress (IBWC)

Source advised that on December 13, 1971,
[redacted] of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, traveled to
Detroit, Michigan on behalf of the IBWC. (S) (U)

b5
b7C

[MI T-7, December 13, 1971] (S) (U)

AFFILIATED WITH - INTERNATIONAL BLACK
WORKERS CONGRESS (IBWC)

The Manifesto of the International Black Workers Congress (IBWC) reflects that "The International Black Workers Congress is an organization of Black workers and students who have joined together to further the revolutionary struggle in the United States and other parts of the world, to consolidate many existing organizations and to build unity among the revolutionary Third World Forces."

[redacted]
[Source advised] that [redacted]
[redacted] is a former member
of the Revolutionary Youth
Movement (RYM), Milwaukee, CHAPTER
Wisconsin chapter, which is
now defunct, and is also
associated with the Rhubarb
Bookstore.

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MI 100-14439

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

A characterization of the RYM is contained in the Appendix section attached hereto.

RHUBARB BOOKSTORE

The Rhubarb Bookstore is one of the main points of distribution for New Left material in Milwaukee area; located at 1618 West Wells Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

[MI T-7, December 13, 1971] (S) (U)

Source advised [] met with JOHN WATSON in Detroit, Michigan. (S) (U)

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b7c

[MI T-7, December 13, 1971] (S) (U)

JOHN WATSON

According to the leaflet entitled, "to the point of production...by JOHN WATSON," MIC H.
JOHN WATSON is one of the original founders of the League of Revolutionary Black Workers (LRBW), and is currently a member of the INTERNATIONAL BLACK Detroit, Michigan LBWC. In WARMING CONGRESS addition, JOHN WATSON has been publicly identified as the editor of "Point of Production."

The "Point of Production" newspaper is self-described in the

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MI 100-14439

masthead of its first issue as the "official organ of the Black Workers Congress," and is published in Gary, Indiana. ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

LEAGUE OF REVOLUTIONARY BLACK WORKERS

In a leaflet entitled, "to the point of production...by JOHN WATSON," the LRBW is identified by WATSON as a "federation of several revolutionary union movements that exist in Detroit... originally formed to provide a broader base for the organization of black workers into revolutionary organizations than was previously provided for when we were organizing on a plant-to-plant basis."

Source advised that during this meeting between WATSON, [] and others, WATSON indicated the IBWC chapters in Atlanta, Georgia, Los Angeles, California, and Gary, Indiana are broke. Source advised that the main topic of discussion between [] WATSON, and others was the fact that the IBWC must be sold on a low-key scale to the public in an effort to elicit support; however, source noted that during one of these meetings, members of the IBWC office in Detroit were sending the book, "Principles of Communism," by FREDERICK INGELS to various IBWC offices. Source advised that WATSON indicated that although the public must see the IBWC as operating at a low-scale, those of the internal cadre of the IBWC must continue their education through the study of MARX, LENIN and INGELS. (S)(U)

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b7C

(MI T-7, December 13, 1971) (S)(U)

REVOLUTIONARY YOUTH MOVEMENT

A source advised that the Revolutionary Youth Movement II (RYMII) faction of Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) held a national conference at Atlanta, Georgia, from November 26 to 30, 1969. At this conference it was decided to form a new organization to be known as Revolutionary Youth Movement (RYM), characterized as a mass anti-imperialist youth organization, said organization being proposed as separate and distinct in form and content from SDS. The "Principles of Unity" adopted by the conference included a struggle against white supremacy and male supremacy; fights against imperialism, anticommunism, fascism and oppression of youth; and support of the right of self-determination of all "oppressed nations," also support of the right of all 'oppressed and exploited peoples' to armed self-defense." It was agreed that RYM would not be a Marxist-Leninist organization; however, source said this was decided in order to indicate an organization broad enough in form to be acceptable to everyone. A temporary National Steering Committee (NSC) made up of eight females and two males was elected to govern RYM until national officers could be elected during the Spring of 1970.

RYM publications have listed the RYM National Office (NO) at Post Office Box 5421 and Post Office Box 77012 C, both Atlanta, Georgia, and a second source has advised that the NO has no office space but would probably be considered as located at Apartment 27, 1067 Alta Avenue, Northeast, Atlanta.

Second source advised that women dominated the founding conference and have continued to dominate the NSC meetings to the point that "women's liberation" has apparently become the RYM's principal issue - also the RYM's poor financial condition has resulted in its failure to publish a paper. During early 1970, RYM has decided to cater to the working class rather than youth, since the potential for social revolution lies in the workers.

A third source has stated that it was decided at the March 1970 NSC meeting that the RYM women had decided the organization will be molded into a "working class, Marxist-Leninist, revolutionary, anti-imperialist, problack nationalist, people's women's liberation organization."

A characterization of Students for a Democratic Society is attached hereto.

APPENDIX

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS)

Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) was founded during June, 1962, at Port Huron, Michigan, and in the 1960s functioned as the leading New Left campus-based student organization in the United States. From an initial posture of "participatory democracy," SDS moved to a radical-revolutionary position, with debate centering on how best to create a revolutionary youth movement. Internal factionalism produced a split during the SDS National Convention in June, 1969, which resulted in the following three factions: Weatherman; Worker Student Alliance (WSA); and Revolutionary Youth Movement (RYM). The Weatherman and RYM are no longer affiliated with SDS. The WSA continues to use the name SDS and maintains its national headquarters in Chicago, Illinois.

WEATHERMAN

Weatherman, formerly a faction of Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), controlled the SDS National Office from June, 1969, until its closing in February, 1970. Weatherman then entered an underground status and adopted a tactic of "strategic sabotage," with police and military installations designated as primary targets.

WORKER STUDENT ALLIANCE

Worker Student Alliance (WSA), a faction of Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), was expelled from SDS in June, 1969, by the then

APPENDIX

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MI 100-14439

dominant Weatherman faction, but continued to use the name SDS and opened an office in Cambridge, Massachusetts. WSA aligned ideologically with the Progressive Labor Party (PLP) and, in February, 1971, moved to Chicago, Illinois, where it opened the SDS National Office at 1223 South Wabash Street.

PROGRESSIVE LABOR PARTY (PLP)

The PLP was founded in 1962 by individuals expelled from the Communist Party, USA, for following the Chinese communist line. Its objective is the establishment of a militant working-class movement based on Marxism-Leninism and MAO Tse-tung thought.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPENDIX



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Milwaukee, Wisconsin
June 8, 1972.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Title COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
 RACIAL MATTERS

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reference Report of SA DAVID J. COPPINGER,
 at Milwaukee, dated and
 captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

-12-

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE OMAHA	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 6/19/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 3/28/72 - 5/31/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY SA CHARLES R. WILEY	TYPED BY dme
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCE: Omaha report of SA CHARLES R. WILEY, 1/31/72
Omaha airtel and LHM to Bureau, 3/30/72, captioned
"BLACK REVOLUTIONARY PARTY (BRP), EM - BRP,
IS - COMMUNIST".

- P -

ADMINISTRATIVE:

This report is classified ~~confidential~~ because it contains information from confidential sources who are of continuing value and unauthorized disclosure of this information would tend to disclose the informants and compromise their future effectiveness which would affect the defense interest of this nation.

No copies of this report are being furnished to the Office of Special Investigation, Naval Investigative

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						☒ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO	
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES				
APPROVED <i>[Signature]</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE								DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE: ⑨ - Bureau (100-442529) (RM) 1 - Chicago (RM) 1 - Cleveland (RM) 1 - Kansas City (RM) 1 - New York (RM) 2 - Omaha (100-6837)								100-442529-3535 REC-15	
								7 JUN 26 1972	
								EX-105	
Dissemination Record of Attached Report								Notations	
Agency	2cc/SD/1cc/SS							EXT. INT. SEC.	
Request Recd.								INT. SEC.	
Date Fwd.	6/30/72								
How Fwd.	R/S								
By	Cag/1cc/ 2cc 6/18 DB								

3cc dest A
COVER PAGE

JUL 10 1972
F157

OM 100-6837

Service, or 112th MIG at Omaha inasmuch as the contents of same does not include any information involving military personnel.

INFORMANTS:

Identity

Location

OM T-1 is

OM T-2 is

Om T-3 is

b7D

B*
COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to:

Report of: SA CHARLES R. WILEY
Date: June 19, 1972

Office: OMAHA

Field Office File #: 100-6837

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Synopsis:

_____ the Black Panther Party (BPP) at Des Moines, Iowa, which is now defunct, currently _____ the Black Revolutionary Party (BRP), USA, at Des Moines, Iowa. _____ was released from the Polk County Jail on 2/6/72. _____ served a six-month sentence for contempt of court at Des Moines, Iowa. The BRP continues to align itself with the Communist Party in Canada, the Marxist-Leninist group at Montreal. _____ and the BRP continue to receive Stalinist Workers Group Bulletin, which is being mailed from the Bronx, New York. In addition to this publication, the BRP and _____ also receive publications containing the thoughts and philosophies of MAO TSE-TUNG. Membership in the BRP continues to diminish and since _____ release from the Polk County Jail at Des Moines, has been unable to successfully increase the membership in the BRP. _____ continues to associate with publicly identified members of the American Communist Workers Movement (ACWM), which organization is believed to have funnelled funds from the Marxist-Leninist group of the Communist Party in Canada to the BRP in Des Moines, Iowa.

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b7C

- P -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

OM 100-6837

DETAILS:

I. Communist Strategy

No information developed.

II. Communist Tactics

No information developed.

III. Communist Penetration and Influence in Racial and Other Organizations

On March 28, 1972, OM T-1 advised that [] who is head of the Black Revolutionary Party (BRP) at Des Moines, Iowa, advised individuals active in the BRP at Des Moines, Iowa, upon his return from Montreal, Canada, that his trip to Montreal was highly successful and as a result of this trip, he was under instructions to reorganize the Midwest Region of the BRP of the United States. According to the source, [] told the BRP membership that he expects to receive funds and other support from his contacts in Canada in late April, 1972.

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A source who has furnished reliable information in the past advised on June 8, 1971, that the BRP is a new Mao Red Chinese-Communist organization with headquarters at Des Moines, Iowa.

OM T-2
July 16, 1971

The source, OM T-1, advised that [] informed him that he had journeyed to Montreal, Canada, to obtain funds, organizational advice and counsel, and that his trip had been most successful in every regard.

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b7C

According to the source, [] advised that when the financial support is received from Canada, he would reopen the BRP at Des Moines, Iowa, under the organizational front of the Mothers for Dignity and Justice.

This same source further stated that [] advised that one of the instructions he received in Canada was to begin publishing "The Black Revolutionary", the official newspaper of the BRP, as quickly as possible inasmuch as it has not been published since September of 1971 while he was serving his sentence in the Polk County Jail at Des Moines, Iowa, from September, 1971, through February of 1972.

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b7C

This source also states that [] advised that in regard to the distribution of MAO TSE-TUNG literature, this literature would be distributed by the Kansas City chapter of the BRP, which has been given this additional duty, which duty was formerly performed by the Des Moines chapter of the BRP. [] further stated that in connection with this assignment, all available MAO TSE-TUNG literature should be gathered by the members of the BRP at Des Moines and turned over to the Kansas City, Missouri, chapter.

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The source advised that [] did not disclose the nature and extent of his contacts in Montreal, Canada, nor did he indicate who was furnishing the funds directly at this time.

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On April 21, 1972, OM T-2 advised [] received numerous letters addressed to him at [] at [] among which were the following periodicals:

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"Guozi Shudian", China Publication Center,
Post Office Box 399 Peking, The Peoples
Republic of China.

People's Canada Daily News Release, dated
April 18, 1972, and April 19, 1972. People's
Canada Daily News Releases published six
times a week and is available by mail from
the National Publications Center, Post Office
Box 727, Adelaide Station, Toronto, Canada.

OM T-2 advised on May 30, 1972, that since [] returned from Canada in late March, he has not traveled outside of the United States. Source did state, however, that [] has visited Kansas City, Missouri, on several occasions, as well as Chicago, Illinois, his hometown, where he is believed to have been visiting his parents, who currently reside in that city.

b6
b7C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

OM 100-6837

OM T-1 advised further that inasmuch as the BRP is closely aligned with the American Communist Workers Movement (ACWM), which appears to be aligned with the Communist Party of Canada, Marxist-Leninist group, [] also stated upon his return from Canada in late March that whites can assist the BRP, support it financially, give advice, but whites cannot be members of the BRP or in anyway effect control over it.

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b7C

Members of The American Communist Workers Movement is a small cohesive pro-Chinese group at Cleveland, Ohio, which propagandizes extensively against "U. S. Imperialism" and in favor of Marxist-Leninist. The ACWM espouses the thought of MAO TSE-TUNG as pure progressive thought, and is particularly active around factories, where it dogmatizes on any controversy capable of being construed as an example of the exploitation of the working class by either management, organized labor, or United States imperialist policies.

Canada

**MAURER*

On April 3, 1972, OM T-3 advised that JOYCE and GARY MAURER, who have been publicly identified as being members of the ACWM, were in New York City on April 1 and 2, 1972, and this source stated that JOYCE MAURER advised that the BRP held a conference in Montreal, Canada, approximately two weeks prior to April 1 and 2, 1972, and that she was present at this conference. According to the source, JOYCE MAURER stated that the BRP wants her to organize in its behalf a BRP chapter in New York City; however, she was not sure she wanted to do this. Source further states that according to JOYCE MAURER, the BRP has been working out of Kansas City, Missouri, and Chicago, Illinois, and that there is nothing left of the BRP at Des Moines, Iowa.

*N.Y.
Iowa*

IV. MISCELLANEOUS

No information developed.

4*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Omaha, Nebraska

June 19, 1972

Title COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Reference Report of SA CHARLES R. WILEY, at
Omaha, Nebraska, dated and captioned
as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

DOM INTELL DIV.

MAY 26 3 38 PM 1972 ST-114

REC'D
DOM INTELL DIV.

REC-9/00-440000-3536

NOT RECORDED
JUL 11 1972

58 JUL 18 1972

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 7/17/72

FROM : [REDACTED] C, ALEXANDRIA (100-31)(RUC)

SUBJECT: CIRM

IS - C
(OO: NY)

b6
b7C

Re Alexandria letter to the Bureau, 4/17/72.

There is no information available bearing upon
communist influence in racial matters in the Alexandria
Division.

REC-60

EX-116

100-442529 - 3537

2-Bureau (By Courier)
2-New York (RM)
1-Alexandria

(5)

15 JUL 17 1972

b6
b7C



5010-108

53 JUL 24 1972

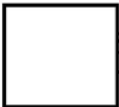
Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 7/14/72

FROM :  SAC, HONOLULU (100-6356) (RUC)

SUBJECT: CIRM
IS - C
00: New York

b6
b7C

 ReBulet to Albany dated 8/28/64 and
Honolulu letter to Bureau dated 5/1/72.

Referenced Bureau letter directed that
information indicating Communist infiltration in
racial matters be periodically submitted on a
quarterly basis.

No information has been received indicating
any Communist influence in racial matters in Hawaii
at the present time.

1. Communist Strategy in Racial
Matters in Hawaii

None

2. Communist Tactics in Racial
Matters in Hawaii

None

3. Communist Penetration and Influence
in Racial Organizations in Hawaii

None

EX-116

REC-60

- ② - Bureau
1 - New York (100-153735) (Info)
1 - Honolulu


(4)

15 JUL 17 1972

b6
b7C



61 JUL 1 1972
5010-108-01
F480

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529) DATE: 7/18/72

SAC, NORFOLK (100-5921) (P*)

SUBJECT: CIRM

IS - C

(OO: New York)

b6
b7C

Re Norfolk letter to Bureau, 4/20/72.

Norfolk will not submit a report for the period
4/1/72 to 7/1/72.

There has been no information developed by Norfolk
which would logically be included in Categories I through IV.

Norfolk will continue to be alert for any
information concerning this matter.

- 2 - Bureau
1 - New York (100-153735)
2 - Norfolk (1 - 100-5921)
(1 - 100-6728, CPUSA)

(5)

b6
b7C

EX-114
REC-21

100-442529-3539

4 JUL 20 1972

F437

70 JUL 25 1972

EX-114
REC-21
SEC.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

: ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 7/17/72

b6
b7C

SAC, SACRAMENTO (100-138)

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE
IN EXTREMIST MATTERS
IS - C

ReSClet to Bureau, 4/26/72.

No information has been received subsequent to relet indicating any communist influence in extremist matters in the Sacramento Division.

A

REC-65

100-442529-3540

EX-116

JUL 20 1972

- 100-442529-3540
- 2 - Bureau (RM)
 - 1 - New York (100-153735) (Info) (RM)
 - 1 - Sacramento

(4)

EXT. INT. SEC.
6/22

b6
b7C



5010-108

F437
54 JUL 25 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 7/24/72

SAC, LITTLE ROCK (100-3564) (P*)

SUBJECT:

CIRM
IS - C

b6
b7C

OO: NY

Re Little Rock letter to Bureau 4/28/72.

QUARTERLY LETTER

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

No information developed.

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

No information developed.

III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND INFLUENCE IN RACIAL AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

No information developed.

141 61890
2 - Bureau (RM)
2 - New York (100-153735) (RM)
1 - Little Rock

(5)

REC-2 100-442529-3541

ST-102

2 JUL 26 1972

b6
b7C



5010-108

f232
4 AUG 1 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: [REDACTED] DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 7/25/72

b6
b7C

FROM: [REDACTED] SAVANNAH (100-5131) (P)

SUBJECT: CIRM
IS - C
OO: NEW YORK

Re Savannah letter to Bureau, 4/27/72.

In the absence of any information developed in the Savannah Division regarding captioned matter during the past three months, this letter is being submitted in lieu of a report.

14661000
2- Bureau
2- New York (100-153735)
2- Savannah

[REDACTED]
(6)

Z

b6
b7C

REC 43

100-442529-3542

6 JUL 27 1972

EX [REDACTED] SEC.

b6
b7C



AUG 1 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE BIRMINGHAM	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 7/24/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 7/14-17/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY SA [redacted]	TYPED BY affb6 b7C
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS-C	

REFERENCE: Report of SA [redacted] dated 4/28/72, at Birmingham b6
b7C

- P -

ADMINISTRATIVE:

This report is classified ~~confidential~~ as data from BH T-1, BH T-2, and BH T-4 could tend to reveal identities of informants of continuing value and impair the future effectiveness thereof. Such impairment could be detrimental to the national defense interests of the country.

LEAD:

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED					☒ NONE	ACQUIT-TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☒ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☒ NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES		

APPROVED

SPECIAL AGENT
IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

COPIES MADE:

- 9 - Bureau (100-442529) (RM)
- 1 - NIS, Birmingham (RM)
- 1 - OSI, Birmingham (RM)
- 1 - 111th MIG, Birmingham (RM)
- 2 - New York (100-53739) (RM)
- 2 - Birmingham (100-5150)

100-442529-3543

6 JUL 27 1972

REC-58

EX 101
b6
b7C

Dissemination Record of Attached Report

Agency	2 - TSD	1 - SS		
Request Recd.				
Date Fwd	8/1/72			
How Fwd.	RIS			
BAUG 4 1972				

Notations

EXT. INFO. SEC.

COVER PAGE

BH 100-5150

BIRMINGHAM:

At Birmingham, Alabama:

Will follow and report CIRM activities in the
Birmingham Division.

B
COVER PAGE

BH 100-5150

INFORMANTS

<u>IDENTITY OF SOURCE</u>	<u>DATE FURNISHED</u>	<u>LOCATION IN FILE</u>
BH T-1 [redacted]	4/14/72 4/24/72	[redacted]
BH T-2 [redacted]	4/21/72 Used to characterize 4/24/72	[redacted] [redacted]
BH T-3 [redacted]		
BH T-4 [redacted]	Used to characterize	[redacted]

b3
b6
b7C
b7D
b7E

C*
COVER PAGE

BH 100-5150

NON-SYMBOL SOURCE PAGE

BH T-3

Furnished information on 6/21/72
to SA Informa-
tion located

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COVER PAGE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 - NIS, Birmingham, Alabama (RM)
1 - OSI, Birmingham, Alabama (RM)
Copy to: 1 - 111th MIG, Birmingham, Alabama (RM)

Report of: SA [REDACTED]
Date: July 24, 1972

Office: BIRMINGHAM

b6
b7C

Field Office File #: BH 100-5150

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Synopsis: CP and YWLL members participated in marches in Birmingham, Alabama in April, 1972 protesting alleged police brutality. [REDACTED] CPUSA Central Committee Member, was quoted as stating the aim of CP is to build a coalition of forces primarily based in the labor movement and black community with objective of taking economic and political power for the people.

b6
b7C

- P -

DETAILS:

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~GROUP 1~~
~~Excluded from automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

1. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

Birmingham Communist Party and Young Workers Liberation League (YWLL) members are scheduled to join with other groups in Birmingham, Alabama on April 15, 1972, for a protest march in downtown Birmingham against alleged police brutality toward Negroes.

(BH T-1, 4/14/72)

The Young Workers Liberation League (YWLL) is a front organization of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA). It was formed as a Marxist-Leninist youth group in February, 1970.

At a meeting of the YWLL in Birmingham, Alabama, on April 14, 1972, there was a discussion concerning the fact that blacks and whites should work together to prevent prospective employers from asking extensive background information regarding employees.

(BH T-1, 4/14/72)

At a meeting of the Birmingham YWLL on April 18, 1972, the discussion concerned socialism with emphasis on the statement that the Negro is much better off under a Socialist or Communist Government. It was stated that the YWLL had been invited to participate in another protest march against police brutality scheduled for April 22, 1972.

(BH T-2, 4/21/72)

The June 8, 1972 issue of the "Kaleidoscope", a student publication at the University of Alabama at Birmingham, contained an article entitled "Close Up on an American Communist". The article described an interview with JIM BAINS, characterized as the head of the Communist Party in Alabama. The article quoted BAINS as stating that the immediate aim of the Communist Party is to build a coalition of forces primarily based in the labor movement and the black community with the objective of taking economic and political power for the people.

CONFIDENTIAL

BH 100-5150

[] is a member of the Central Committee,
Communist Party, USA.

(BH T-2, 2/25/72)

b6
b7C

At a meeting of the Birmingham YWLL on April 24, 1972, [] lead the discussion stating that the YWLL believes that blacks and whites should be integrated rather than separated as urged by other groups.

(BH T-1, 4/24/72)

11. COMMUNIST INFLUENCE

Several members of the Birmingham YWLL participated in marches held April 15 and April 22, 1972 in downtown Birmingham, protesting alleged police brutality.

(BH T-2, 4/24/72)

[] was one of the individuals present at a meeting of Local 1318, Laborers International Union, held at 2710 7th Avenue North, Birmingham, Alabama, on May 31, 1972. The majority of persons present were black and discussion concerned the unionization of hospital workers in Birmingham.

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b7C

(BH T-3, 6/21/72)

On January 27, 1971, [] was elected Chairman of the Alabama Communist Party Group.

(BH T-4, 2/1/71)

CONFIDENTIAL



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Birmingham, Alabama
July 24, 1972

*In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.*

Title COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Reference Report of SA [redacted] dated
 July 24, 1972, at Birmingham,
 Alabama.

b6
b7c

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ☐ ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529) DATE: 7/24/72

FROM : ☐ C, MOBILE (100-10-F) (P*)

SUBJECT: CIRM
IS - C

b6
b7C

Re MOlet to BU 1/31/72.

No information concerning captioned matter was developed in the Mobile Division in the quarter ending 6/30/72. As the Bureau has been informed separately, there is no CP group in the Mobile Div.

Accordingly, no report is being submitted at this time.

2-Bureau (RM)
1-New York (100-153735) (Info) (RM)
1-Mobile
JTB:lpw
(4)

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b7C

EX-104

REC-63

100-442529-3544
12 JUL 28 1972

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b7C



5010-108-01

54 AUG 3 1972
713 355

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE SEATTLE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 7/26/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 7/24/72	b6 b7C
TITLE OF CASE CIRM		REPORT MADE BY [redacted]	TYPED BY [redacted]	
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS-C		

REFERENCE: Report of SA [redacted] 5/25/72, Seattle.

b6
b7C

-P*-

LEAD:

SEATTLE
At Seattle, Washington

Will submit quarterly report by November 1, 1972.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

A copy of this report is being sent to New York for information, since that office is origin.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						☒ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			
APPROVED [redacted] SPECIAL AGENT CHARGE							DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE: 6-Bureau 1-NISO, Seattle (RM) 1-115th MIG, Fort Lawton (RM) 1-OSI, McChord AFB (RM) 1-New York (100-153735) (INFO) (RM) 2-Seattle (100-27267)							100-442529-3545 REC-40 JUL 28 1972 [redacted]	
							b6 b7C	
Dissemination Record of Attached Report							Notations	
Agency	2 - ISD	1 - SS					[redacted]	
Request Recd.								
Date	8/2/72							
How	R/S							
By	[redacted]	[redacted]						

60 AUG 2 1972
100-442529-3545

-A-
COVER PAGE

GPO : 1971-448-529

SE 100-27267

This report is classified ~~confidential~~ because the unauthorized disclosure of information furnished by the symbol sources, if disclosed, could conceivably result in the identification of informants of continuing value, compromise future effectiveness thereof, and thereby adversely affect the national defense.

All persons named in this report as members of any basic revolutionary organization, and who reside within the area covered by the Seattle Division, are listed in the Adex or are informants or sources.

INFORMANTS

<u>Identity of Source</u>	<u>Location</u>
SE T-1 is	
SE T-2 is	
SE T-3 is	
SE T-4 is	
SE T-5 is	
SE T-6 is	

b6
b7C
b7D

-B*-
COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to: 1-NISO, Seattle (RM)
1-115th MIG, Fort Lawton (RM)
1-OSI, McChord Air Force Base (RM)

Report of:

Office: Seattle, Washington

b6
b7c

Date:

July 26, 1972

Field Office File #:

100-27267

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title:

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY-COMMUNIST

Synopsis:

Efforts of CP at Seattle, Washington, to assist Black Panther Party have been spurned. CP is not known to have any specific plans to foment racial unrest at present other than to continue to exaggerate minority group problems and assist these groups to publicize these problems when possible.

-P*-

DETAILS:AT SEATTLE, WASHINGTONI. COMMUNIST STRATEGYA. Communist Party (CP), USA

1. Plans, strategy, Party line and the like made at National meetings, including expressions by national leaders and other functionaries

No information developed.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~~~Group I~~~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification.~~

2. Plans, et cetera, made at district and lower-level meetings, including expressions by local leaders and rank-and-file members

No information developed.

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

No information developed.

III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND INFLUENCE IN RACIAL AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

A. Black Panther Party (BPP)

The BPP is a black extremist organization started in Oakland, California, in December, 1966. It advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics to bring about the overthrow of the United States Government.

About a year or more ago, the CP in Seattle was making a concerted effort to assist and work with members of the BPP but was spurned and told the BPP did not want white help. BPP members alleged the CP talks big but does nothing.

SE T-1 (7/24/72)
SE T-2 (7/24/72)

BPP activity is at a very low ebb in the Seattle area at present. Most of the leaders are in California on a temporary but extended basis.

SE T-3 (7/24/72)

IV. MISCELLANEOUS OBSERVATIONS

There are not known to have been any policy decisions by the CP with reference to racial matters since the Washington State CP convention in January, 1972. The CP is not known to have any specific plans at present to exploit

SE 100-27267

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

racial unrest or to foment racial strife in the greater Seattle area other than to continue to attempt to exaggerate minority group problems and help these groups publicize their problems when possible.

SE T-1 (7/24/72)
SE T-2 (7/24/72)
SE T-4 (7/24/72)
SE T-5 (7/24/72)
SE T-6 (7/24/72)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Seattle, Washington
July 26, 1972

In Reply, Please Refer to

File No. 100-27267

Title COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS

Character INTERNAL SECURITY-COMMUNIST

Reference Report of SA [REDACTED]
dated and captioned as above
at Seattle, Washington.

b6
b7c

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE SAN ANTONIO	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 7/26/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 4/1 - 6/30/72
TITLE OF CASE <u>COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS</u>		REPORT MADE BY SA [redacted]	TYPED BY [redacted] b6 b7C
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCES: Report of SA [redacted] 4/19/72,
at San Antonio.

- P -

LEADS

SAN ANTONIO

AT SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS. Will follow and report
evidence of communist influence.

ADMINISTRATIVE

All persons mentioned in this report as being members
of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA) or Student National
Coordinating Committee (SNCC) whoreside within the San Antonio

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						☐ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO b6 b7C
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			
[redacted] 2529) 2 - San Antonio (100-9845)						SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
							100-442529-3546	
							12 JUL 31 1972	
							REC-39 EX-104	
Dissemination Record of Attached Report								
Agent	[redacted]	ISD	100-55					Notations EXT [redacted] b6 b7C
Request Recd.								
Date Fwd.		8/3/72						
How Fwd.		111						
By								

51 AUG 4 1972

COVER PAGE

SA 100-9845

Division are on ADEX or are sources or informants.

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source

File Where Located

SA T-1:

SA T-2:

SA T-3:

SA T-4:

SA T-5:

b3
b7D
b7E

CLASSIFICATION

This report is classified ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ inasmuch as it contains information from SA T-1 through SA T-5, confidential informants of continuing value, the unauthorized disclosure of which could reasonably result in the compromise of informants and adversely affect the national defense.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to:

Report of:

Date:

7/26/72

Office: San Antonio, Texas

b6
b7c

Field Office File #:

100-9845

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title:

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopsis:

JOHN STANFORD, Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), leader in Texas, and other CPUSA members have been active with members of the Student National Coordinating Committee (SNCC) in the San Antonio Committee to Free Angela Davis (SACFAD).

- P -

DETAILS: AT SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Unless otherwise noted, all activity took place in San Antonio, Texas.

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGYSA T-1 (4/11/72 - 6/14/72)

From the period of April 5, 1972, through June 7, 1972, the San Antonio Committee to Free Angela Davis (SACFAD) has held meetings almost on a weekly basis. [redacted] a member of the Student National Coordinating Committee (SNCC) who is Chairman of SACFAD; [redacted] member of SNCC and Secretary of SACFAD; and JOHN STANFORD have attended some or most of these meetings during which time they have taken an active part in the proceedings.

b6
b7c~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~GROUP I~~
~~EXCLUDED FROM AUTOMATIC~~
~~DOWNGRADING AND DECLASSIFICATION~~

SA 100-9845

SA T-2 (4/6/72 - 6/1/72)
SA T-3 (4/9/72 - 6/1/72)
SA T-4 (4/10/72 - 5/5/72)
SA T-5 (4/6/72 - 6/2/72)

These four sources can substantiate in part information furnished immediately above by SA T-1.

In addition, SA T-2 advised that JOHN STANFORD, Organizational Secretary of the CPUSA - Texas, member of the National Council, CPUSA, and who is the dominant figure of the CPUSA in Texas, and other CPUSA members have not only attended some or all of these meetings, but they have assisted in SACFAD activities. This includes expanding SACFAD's influence, raising money for SACFAD, and helping to distribute literature on behalf of SACFAD. There has not been any policy decisions or discussions in CPUSA Club meetings regarding racial matters during this period. While there has not been any specific statements made by STANFORD as to why the CPUSA in Texas is working on behalf of ANGELA DAVIS, it is obvious that the CPUSA in Texas is doing so because DAVIS is a fellow CPUSA member, a woman, and a black.

SAN ANTONIO COMMITTEE TO
FREE ANGELA DAVIS (SACFAD)

SACFAD was organized in San Antonio, Texas, on December 27, 1970, under the guidance of communist leaders. Its objective is to make the need to free Angela Davis a live proposition since Davis, as a woman, a black, and a communist, has not received fair treatment in the hands of the law, according to SACFAD newsletter.

STUDENT NATIONAL COORDINATING
COMMITTEE (SNCC)

The SNCC was formerly known as the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~SA 100-9845~~

and was founded in 1960 during the period of civil rights activity in the South. The organization advocates the use of force to achieve revolutionary goals and the destruction of the capitalistic system of government in the United States.

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

No information developed.

III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND INFLUENCE
IN RACIAL ORGANIZATIONS

No information developed.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
San Antonio, Texas

*In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.*

July 26, 1972

Title	COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
Character	INTERNAL SECURITY - C
Reference	San Antonio report of [redacted] [redacted] dated and captioned as above.

b6
b7C

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 7/26/72

b6
b7C

SAC, EL PASO (100-5860) (P*)

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
IS - C

OO: NY

ReBulet to all offices, 3/2/72;
EP let to Bureau, 5/1/72.

For information of the Bureau, there are no known Communist groups in the EP Division. Contact has been maintained with informants and sources in the extremist and security fields, and no information has been developed to indicate that the Communist Party has shown any interest in extremist matters in the EP Division.

In view of the above, no quarterly report is being submitted by the EP Office.

11c 6/28/72
2-Bureau
1-New York (Info)
1-El Paso

AIG:sf
(4)

EX-114 REC-66

100-442529-3547

JUL 31 1972

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283 11
AUG 7 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 7/28/72

FROM :  SAC, ALBANY (100-19249) (P*)

b6
b7C

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
IS - C

Re Albany letter to Bureau, 4/21/72.

Inasmuch as no pertinent information has been developed relative to captioned matter since submission of referenced letter, this letter is being submitted in lieu of a report.

ALBANY

AT ALBANY, NEW YORK

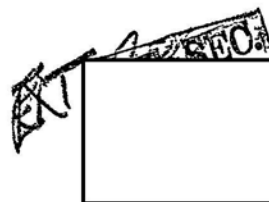
Will submit letter or report to Bureau by 11/1/72.

6/15/72
(2) Bureau (RM)
1-Albany
GCH:kac
(3)

EX-104
REC-53

100-442529-3548

JUL 31 1972



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b7C



AUG 7 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE SAN FRANCISCO	OFFICE OF ORIGIN SAN FRANCISCO	DATE 7/26/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 7/14-17/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY [redacted]	TYPED BY [redacted] b6 b7C
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCE: Report of SA [redacted] dated 5/1/72
at San Francisco.

b6
b7C

- p* -

ADMINISTRATIVE

Copies of this report are submitted to the agencies
and offices listed because of their interest in this matter.

This report is classified "~~Confidential~~" because
information furnished by SF T-1 and SF T-2, if disclosed,
could result in identification of confidential informants
of continuing value and compromise their future effectiveness,
thus adversely affecting the defense interests of the
United States.

th

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES		
APPROVED [redacted]		SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE [redacted]		DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW			
COPIES MADE: 9-Bureau (100-442529) (RM) 2-115th MIG (RM) 1-NISO, 12th ND (RM) 1-OSI, 19-D (RM) 1-Los Angeles (100-66078) (RM) 1-New York (100-153735) (RM) 3-San Francisco (100-53902)		100-442529-3549 6 JUL 24 1972 REC-49 EX-104 EC.					
Dissemination Record of Attached Report						Notations	
Agency	2-TSP	1-SS				[redacted] b6 b7C	
Request Recd.							
Date Fwd.	8/3/72						
How Fwd.	1-R/S						
By	CEC/EC						

54 AUG 8 1972
100-442529

SF 100-53902

[Redacted]

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INFORMANTS

Identity of Source

File Where Located

SF T-1

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

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b7D
b7E

SF T-2

[Redacted]

LEAD:

SAN FRANCISCO

AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA: Will follow and
report matters pertaining to captioned Subject.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATIONCONFIDENTIAL

Copy to: 2-115th MIG (RM)
1-NISO, 12th ND (RM)
1-OSI, 19-D (RM)

Report of: EDWIN O. RAUDSEP Office: SAN FRANCISCO
Date: 7/26/72

Field Office File #: 100-53902 Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopsis: At the Northern California District Communist Party (NCDCP) convention held in 4/72, a resolution was adopted that the incoming District Committee elect a Black Liberation Commission to be responsible for policy on the black liberation struggle in the district, and a Commission on White Chauvinism to quickly hold discussions on specific problems and questions on chauvinism as soon as they are brought to the attention of the Commission.

- P* -

DETAILS:I. COMMUNIST STRATEGYA. Communist Party USA (CPUSA)

At the April 29, 1972 session of the Northern California District Communist Party (NCDCP) convention, a 9 page mimeograph dated April 28, 1972, captioned

CONFIDENTIAL

Group I

~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

"RESOLUTION TO STRENGTHEN OUR WORKING CLASS ORIENTATION AND TO DEVELOP HIGHER STANDARDS OF LEADERSHIP, INCLUDING PROPOSALS ON STRUCTURAL CHANGES", was distributed, and at the April 30, 1972 session, this resolution was adopted by the convention.

SF T-1, 5/12/72

Pertinent portions of this mimeograph read as follows:

"We propose the following Commissions to be elected by the incoming District Committee.

"5. Black Liberation Commission to be responsible for policy on the Black liberation struggle in the district. Our emphasis will now be toward attention to the working class ector of the Black people's movement toward equality and freedom, and the Black Liberation Commission will be in part responsible for helping to build and give leadership to the building of forms to bring together workers, along with the Trade Union Commission and the political leadership of the Party.

"6. Chicano Liberation Commission, with responsibilities along same lines, including the building of a caucus movement in industry.

"7. U.S. Indian Commission, to be responsible for helping the Party nationally to make a Marxist-Leninist analysis of the status of the Indian Liberation movement, and to help the Party develop policy toward the right of Indians to work in industry, as well as to help give leadership in the struggles over land, treaty rights, equality in education, and racist discrimination.

"8. Asian Commission, to help the National Central Committee work out policy and perspective for a commission in this field, as well as to help the Party in the District to develop policy on the Asian liberation movement.

"11. Commission on White Chauvinism. This Commission has functioned since the last convention, with about seven comrades sharing the responsibilities by one or two helping the county and club leadership to quickly hold discussions on specific problems and questions of chauvinism as soon as they are brought to the attention of the Commission. The District Committee proposes the continuation of this commission to function along the same lines.

"In the discussion in the District Committee it was recognized that the District will have to qualitatively strengthen its work in the field of struggle for liberation for oppressed people.

"The central question remains white chauvinism and the struggles of the Black people for liberation. However, California has become the state with the largest Chicano population (some 3 1/2 million, the largest ethnic group in any state in the country); Asian population; and is rapidly becoming the State with the largest U.S. Indian population with over 100,000 and growing rapidly.

"We are also recruiting in all of these groups and if we are to become effective in integrating new recruits into the Party, the struggle against chauvinism must become a conscious part of our work throughout the Party and in all levels of leadership.

"The District will need to continue to organize conferences, schools, and do a much more effective job in mobilizing the Party for the struggle for equality for all oppressed people.

"We will need to use examples of outstanding achievements in the struggle against racism in industry, unions and in the communities to strengthen the work of all of our comrades in the

struggle for liberation of all oppressed people. Our Party must become the organization where the best of those who are emerging from the mounting liberation struggles and who come into our Party feel completely THAT THIS IS THEIR PARTY. THIS IS THE PARTY OF UNITY WHERE THE CONTRIBUTIONS OF THOSE WHO BEST REPRESENT THE VARIOUS OPPRESSED PEOPLE ARE BEST ABLE TO GIVE LEADERSHIP TO OUR PARTY AND TO THE MASS MOVEMENT.

At the April 29, 1972 session of the NCDCP convention, a 3 page mimeograph dated April 30, 1972, and captioned "Black Liberation Report", was distributed.

SF T-1, 5/12/72
SF T-2, 5/3/72

This mimeograph captioned "Black Liberation Report" read as follows:

School Integration

The school system in our country is in deep crisis. This crisis has been deepened and accelerated by the effects of the Vietnam war and the war economy. The crisis has laid bare three fundamental defects in the school system: the archaic method of financing education, now challenged by the courts; the ~~two-class~~ two-class system of education enforced by the corporate monopolists and their ruling state; and the racist policies and methods used against the most exploited sections of the working class - the Black, Chicano, Puerto Rican, Asian and U.S. Indian people.

The directors of the major corporations, the rich and economically powerful train their replacements in the exclusive private schools. In the public school system they enforce a system of two different kinds of education: a more and more minimal level for the future workers and unemployed and unemployable, and a different and higher level of education for the future managers and professionals, provided in the college preparatory courses in high schools and in colleges and universities.

The worst victims of the two-class system are the Black, Chicano, Puerto Rican, Asian and U.S. Indian youth, and large sections of the poorer white working class youth. Grammar schools and high schools in these communities graduate a large percentage of "functional illiterates."

Black people, both in the former slave states and elsewhere in the U.S., have always demanded a good education in their own community, and at the same time, full access to the better equipped, better financed and better staffed public schools reserved for the white managerial and professional strata.

The ruling class, together with many confused liberals, has distorted the demand for full access to mean that only predominantly white schools are capable of providing quality education, and that the demand for desegregation of schools is raised to "bring the races together."

As early as March 24, 1970 Nixon said "Transportation of pupils beyond normal geographic school zones for the purpose of achieving racial balance will not be required." He further stated: "One of the mistakes of past policy has been to demand too much of our schools; they have been expected not only to educate, but also to accomplish a social transformation."

The entire statement was fraudulent. The purpose of school integration was to force the overwhelmingly better schools provided for white students to open their doors to Black students. Nixon's $2\frac{1}{2}$ billion dollar offer for "disadvantaged" students along with his busing proposals is the phony old separate and unequal approach; it appears that even this money is available without special legislation. To propose as an alternative to busing an appropriation of $\$2\frac{1}{2}$ billion, while billions each year are required to overcome the totally unequal education provided for non-white students, and while asking for a $\$6\frac{1}{2}$ billion increase for so-called "defense" - as the war "winds down" - is a vicious, cynical cop-out on a major social crisis.

The Nixon program against busing gives full Administrative support to racist education and a segregated school system. Tweedledum Nixon and Tweedledee Wallace use the busing issue in a drive to repudiate and reverse every advance for civil rights of the past two decades, with the acquiescence of "liberal" opportunists of both major bourgeois parties.

Busing is the item but not the issue. The issue is the total struggle for civil rights. The issue is the reversal of every liberal or progressive decision of the Warren Supreme Court. The issue is Nixon's demand for power over the judiciary and the Congress. The issue is Nixon's attempt to divert attention from the war and from the disastrous U.S. economic situation.

Busing is a regular, long-established feature of the school system, involving 44% of the public school children. Of these, only two percent are possibly related to racial integration. The rich and middle class have their system of busing over a wide area. The whole system of consolidated schools in the country depends on busing; the same is true of all kinds of special programs in city schools. In many areas, busing is the traditional means used to maintain segregation in the schools.

Nixon's proclamation of himself as the spokesman for "the anger, fear and turmoil" and "agonizing concern of hundreds of thousands of parents" is an attempt to appeal to confusion, prejudice and wholesale racism. This is part of his whole reactionary program against Black and other oppressed peoples and against the working class and the masses of the people.

The racist arrogance of Nixon, Humphrey, etc., is nowhere more clearly demonstrated than in the attempt to identify this reactionary offensive with the legitimate suspicion and hostility of many Black people to programs for school "integration" imposed on Black communities from the outside, without Black leadership, and with no real struggle against racism.

In almost all cases, so-called "integration" of schools has meant simply placing Black and white students in the same schools - "to achieve racial balance". In such a situation, Black students and Black communities are often even worse off than before the "integration".^{1/}

The situation in the former slave states is well-known: "integration" has meant the closing or downgrading of schools in the Black community, the one-way busing of Black students to formerly lily-white schools, the demotion or firing of Black teachers and principals, the abolition of courses in Black history and culture, etc.

The situation in other sections of the country, while not as openly racist is also severe. The racism of white teachers, counselors and administrators toward Black students, their parents and the Black community that is often kept partially in check in a predominantly Black school located in the Black community, is unrestrained when Black students are sent to school at some distance from their own community, in a school whose student body as well as its staff is predominately white and overwhelmingly influenced by racism.

More and more scientific evidence indicates the central role that teacher attitude toward student plays in that student's ability to learn. The race and class bias of teacher training, educational testing, textbooks, etc. is well known. Busing students does not change that, nor does it remove racists from school site administration, local school boards or state departments of education.

Thus, Black students in a racially mixed school will be greatly over-represented in the "slow" classes. The school will be even less under the control of Black working class parents. They will have an even harder time protecting their children from the day to day and long term racism of the counselors, teachers, administrators and now, classmates.

Thus, while Black people as a whole continue to demand full access to first class education by any means necessary, including busing and remain opposed to the racist, two-class system of education, with elite, lily-white schools for the middle class, they are placing increasing emphasis on controlling schools in the Black community and making them the best possible schools for Black students. They correctly see "integration" that is limited to the shifting of bodies of students as a diversion from the struggle against racism in the schools, and for a good education for all.

Quality education is a survival issue to Black people and to the working class as a whole. The increasing mechanization of industry, and the accompanying destruction of unskilled and semi-skilled jobs - the forced lumpenization of sections of the working class, especially the Black workers - has its counterpart in the down grading of education in communities. The recently enacted

California state law granting high school diplomas only to those high school graduates who can pass reading and mathematics tests at the eighth grade level, is at once an admission of the two-class nature of education, and a genocidal attack on Black people.

The intensification of the class nature of public education is an important part of monopoly's all-out attack on the working class, and the struggle against the two-class system of education is a key aspect of the general anti-monopoly battle. This struggle, and the struggle against racism in the schools which is central to it, must therefore be an important part of our community work and our trade union work.

The organization of a coalition in Black communities led by the working class, and city wide coalitions, led by Black people as a whole, the working class as a whole, and Black workers in particular, to fight the racist, two-class system of education, is both necessary and possible. Such coalitions, in which rank and file caucuses, and Black caucuses in particular, will play a leading role in stimulating trade union activity and leadership in this struggle, are an important step in the building of the anti-monopoly coalition.

While we fight to build the broadest possible unity in this struggle, and fight against racist, elite white sanctuaries in the school system and fight for community control of schools, we advocate no simplistic program in terms of "integrated" or "all-Black" schools.

Thus in San Francisco, where busing was instituted "to achieve racial balance", where the NAACP's busing plan was rejected, where busing was instituted with no struggle against racism in the schools, the busing program has meant a split in the Black community and the intensification of racism in the city. (The situation of course was aggravated by the appeals to racism on the part of the school board and the pseudo-liberal major.)

In Berkeley, significant sections of the Black community, reacting to continued inequality in education, has raised the demand for all-Black schools and other all-Black forms within the desegregated school system. The failure of the white liberals to recognize that Black people have every right to make such a demand has effectively split the coalition that successfully fought for the desegregation of Berkeley schools as the vehicle for quality education.

Our approach to this struggle is based on the general framework of our Party's approach to Black Liberation: The Leninist approach to the national question. That is, we seek maximum unity of the working class, and recognize that such unity can only be based on voluntariness, on the recognition of the right of Black people to determine their own destiny. In the struggle against the racist educational system, as in all other aspects of Black Liberation, we recognize that the struggle can be waged only in such ways and through such forms as seem appropriate to Black people themselves.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~b6
b7c

On the afternoon of the April 30, 1972 session of the NCDCCP convention, reports on black liberation were discussed only briefly, since when they were brought up it was getting late in the afternoon and the delegates were getting tired.

SF T-1, 5/12/72

B. Other Communist Groups

No pertinent information has been received under this heading.

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

No pertinent information has been received under this heading.

III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND
INFLUENCE IN RACIAL
ORGANIZATIONS

No pertinent information has been received under this heading.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Francisco, California

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

July 26, 1972

Title COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
 RACIAL MATTERS

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reference San Francisco report of
 SA [redacted] dated and
 captioned as above.

b6
b7C

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 7/26/72

b6
b7C

FROM : SAC, JACKSONVILLE (100-670)(P*)

SUBJECT: CIRM.
IS - C
(OO: NY)

ReJKlet to Bureau, 5/1/72.

This office has no information to report on captioned matter. The Jacksonville Office has no communist party groups or individuals claiming affiliation with such groups in its division.

1-66892
② - Bureau
2 - New York (100-153785)
1 - Jacksonville
TEP:jcb
(5)

EX-114

REC-73

REC-73

100-442529-3550

6 JUL 31 1972

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b7C



5010-108-01



283
57 AUG 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

EX-114



b6
b7C

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 7/26/72

FROM : SAC, KNOXVILLE (100-3520) (RUC)

SUBJECT: CIRM
IS - C

OO: New York

Re Knoxville letter to Bureau 4/26/72.

No information has been received by Knoxville Office from any sources indicating there is any Communist influence being exerted in extremist matters in this division.

Any information of a pertinent nature concerning this subject received in the future will be reported.

This letter is being submitted in lieu of a quarterly report.

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② - Bureau (RM)
1 - Knoxville

HAM:plj
(3)

EX-104

REC-49

100-442529-3551

JUL 31 1972

EXT.

b6
b7C



5010-108

AUG 7 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 7/26/72

FROM: [REDACTED] SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-17122) (P)

b6
b7C

SUBJECT: CIRM
IS-C

ReBulet to Albany 8/28/64, and New Orleans letter to Bureau 4/26/72.

Informants and sources of this office have again been canvassed and could furnish no information regarding captioned matter during the past quarter and, accordingly, no report is being submitted.

2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - New Orleans
SMC:cmf
(3)

REC-58

EX-117

100-442529-3552

JUL 31 1972

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[REDACTED]

AUG 7 1972

[REDACTED]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

b6
b7C

ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 7/31/72

SAC, HOUSTON (100-10100) (P*)

SUBJECT: CIRM
IS - C

(OO: NEW YORK)

ReBulet to AL, 8/24/64, and HOlet to Bureau, 5/1/72.

Appropriate case files in the security and extremist fields were reviewed concerning captioned matter and security informants were contacted. No activity was noted or reported by informants during the past quarter. In the event any positive information is developed in the future, it will be furnished to the Bureau.

No investigative report is being submitted by Houston at this time pursuant to instructions contained in referenced Bureau letter. R

EX-105

REC-37 100-442529-3553

10 AUG 2 1972

- 2 - Bureau (RM)
- 2 - New York (100-153735) (RM)
- 1 - Houston

THC/jam

(5)

AUG 23 1972

56 AUG 8 1972



5010-108

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

b6
b7C

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 7/31/72

[REDACTED] C, KANSAS CITY (100-11934) P

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE

IN RACIAL MATTERS

IS - C

OO New York

ReKCrep of SA [REDACTED]

4/28/72.

On 5/30/72, a source who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that Committee to Free Angela Davis is no longer active in the Kansas City, Missouri area.

b6
b7C

EX-105

REC-3 100 - 442529 - 3554

10 AUG 2 1972

100-11934
2-Bureau (RM)
2-New York (RM)
2-Kansas City
(6)



58 AUG 8 1972

b6
b7C

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529) DATE: 7/31/72

FROM : [REDACTED], NEWARK (100-48052) (P*)

SUBJECT: [REDACTED] ^D COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
~~IS-C~~
(OO: New York)

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Re report of SA [REDACTED] dated 4/28/72 at Newark.

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b7C

During the period 4/21/72 through 7/31/72, there was no information developed involving the New Jersey District of the COMMUNIST PARTY, USA, particularly in regard to influence or activity in any manner concerning local racial matters.

[REDACTED] who has been primarily responsible for information of this type in the past, stated he had no information concerning captioned.

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REC-66

ST-103

100-442529-3555

10 AUG 2 1972

100-153735
2 - Bureau
2 - New York (100-153735)
2 - Newark
DDO:aas
(6)

b6
b7C



70 AUG 9 1972

F 162

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE CHARLOTTE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 7/31/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 5/1/72 - 7/31/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY SA [REDACTED]	TYPED BY [REDACTED] b6 b7C
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCE:

Report of SA [REDACTED] dated 5/5/72 at Charlotte.

b6
b7C

- P* -

ADMINISTRATIVE:

[REDACTED] referred to in this report. is included in the ADEX. Category III. [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] are subjects of pending investigations and will be recommended for ADEX in the near future.

b6
b7C

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED					☒ NONE	ACQUIT-TALS	CASE HAS BEEN:
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES		
							PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO

APPROVED [REDACTED] SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

COPIES MADE:

- (9) - Bureau (100-442529)
- 1 - New York (100-153735)
- 2 - Charlotte (100-10028)

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

100-442529-3556

AUG 2 1972

REC 68

EX 101

Dissemination Record of Attached Report			
Agency	Request Recd.	Date Fwd.	How Fwd.
2cc 150/10035	[REDACTED]	8/14/72	4cc dist
		60 AUG 28 1972	1cc 618 ab
By			

Notations

[REDACTED]

b6
b7C

50 AUG 16 1972

COVER PAGE

CE 100-10028

INFORMANTS:

<u>Identity</u>	<u>Location</u>	
CE T-1 is [REDACTED] [REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	
CE T-2 is [REDACTED]		<u>Characterization of</u> [REDACTED]
CE T-3 is [REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	

b3
b6
b7C
b7D
b7E

LEAD:

CHARLOTTE

AT CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA

Will follow and report Communist influence in racial matters activities in this division for the next quarter.

CE 100-10028

NON-SYMBOL SOURCES:

Identity

Location

CE T-1 is 




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b7D

(by request)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of:
Date:SA [REDACTED]
July 31, 1972

Office: CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C

Field Office File #: CE 100-10028

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopsis: Members of Young Workers Liberation League (YWLL) picketed courthouse in Charlotte, N. C. 7/12/72, protesting trial of three individuals for unlawful burning of a riding stable. Two defendants are reported to have been involved in black liberation movement in Charlotte. YWLL members participating in new organization formed to raise bail for and support defendants.

- P* -

DETAILS:I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

No information developed.

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

On July 12, 1972, CE T-1 advised that trial began

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] who are charged with the unlawful burning of Lazy B Riding Stables in Charlotte, [REDACTED]. The stable was burned about a year after a controversy in which the stable owner was accused of discriminating against blacks. T-1 stated that [REDACTED] have been involved in the so-called black liberation movement in Charlotte for several years, and [REDACTED] has charged that he is the victim of a drive by authorities to crush this movement.

b6
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CE T-1 stated that on July 12, 1972, about fifteen individuals picketed in front of Mecklenburg County Courthouse protesting the trial of [redacted]. They carried signs demanding freedom for all political prisoners and an end to racism and repression. One sign carried the letters "YWLL". T-1 stated that among the pickets there were at least four members of the Charlotte chapter of the Young Workers Liberation League (YWLL), including three of its leaders, [redacted].

b6
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"The Young Workers Liberation League (YWLL) is a front organization of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA). It was formed as a Marxist-Leninist youth group in February, 1970.

CE T-2 advised in April, 1972, that [redacted] is a member of the Communist Party (CP).

CE T-3 stated on July 10, 1972, [redacted] is chairman of YWLL chapter in Charlotte, North Carolina, and [redacted] is a member. YWLL meetings are held at the home of [redacted].

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CE T-3 advised on July 10, 1972, that [redacted] presided at a YWLL meeting in Charlotte, North Carolina on July 9, 1972. He indicated a desire to establish a new defense type organization, the purpose of which would be to aid all political prisoners, such as [redacted] and [redacted]. He discussed the implications of their trial at length and expressed the opinion that they are political prisoners and are being unfairly brought to trial by the establishment.

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The July 25, 1972 issue of The Charlotte Observer, a Charlotte, North Carolina daily newspaper, carried an article on page 5-A entitled "Bail-Raising Drive Begins." This article announced the formation of a new organization called the North Carolina Political Prisoners Committee. At the initial meeting on July 24, 1972, it was stated that they would seek to raise bail for the three men recently convicted for the burning of the Lazy B Riding Stables. A spokesman stated that members intend to speak on the issue of political repression as it occurs around the state.

CE 100-10028

According to CE T-1, [redacted] was
observed attending this meeting at the Public Library of
Charlotte, North Carolina on July 24, 1972.

b6
b7c



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Charlotte, North Carolina
July 31, 1972

Title COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS—

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reference Report of SA [redacted] at
Charlotte, North Carolina, dated and
captioned as above.

b6
b7c

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 7/31/72

B/M
FROM : SAC, SALT LAKE CITY (100-9845) (P*)

5/12
SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE
IN RACIAL MATTERS
IS - C
(OO: NY)

Re Salt Lake City letter to the Bureau dated 5/1/72.

This letter is being submitted in lieu of a quarterly report and covers the period from 5/1/72 through 7/31/72.

Salt Lake City has received no information relating to the following categories of the captioned matter:

1. Communist Strategy
 2. Communist Tactics
 3. Communist Penetration and Influence in Extremist and Other Organizations
- to*

Salt Lake City will, through informants and other sources, continue to follow the activities of the Communist Party, USA, as they relate to racial matters.

EX-114

REC-32

100-442529-3557

- ② - Bureau (REG.)
1 - New York City (Info) (REG.)
2 - Salt Lake City

WJG:nsb
(5)

54 AUG 8 1972

4 AUG 2 1972



5010-108-01

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 8/1/72

FROM : SAC, RICHMOND (100-10310) -P*-

SUBJECT: *Deputy*
COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
IS - C

(00 - New York)

Re Richmond letter to Bureau dated 5/1/72.

No information has been received by Richmond during the quarter ending 7/31/72 to indicate any communist influence in racial matters within the Richmond Division.

It is to be noted that there continues to be only one individual in the Richmond Division considered to be a member of the Communist Party, however, he continues to be completely inactive.

100-616-117
② - Bureau
1 - New York
1 - Richmond
REB:jbp
(4)

SI-111



b6
b7C

REC-46

100-442529-3558

15 AUG 2 1972

EXT. INT. SEC.



AUG 8

1972

U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 8/1/72

b6
b7C

SAC, MEMPHIS (100-4070) (P*)

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS (CIRM)
IS - C

(OO New York)

Re Memphis letter to the Bureau dated 5/1/72.

This letter is being submitted in lieu of a quarterly report due 8/1/72. During this quarter and previous quarters, the Memphis Division has developed no information concerning CIRM in the territory covered by the Memphis Division.

Sources and informants currently familiar with CP activities in the Memphis Division report that there is no information that the CPUSA or any other Communist front organization or group has made any specific plans to influence racial groups or legitimate civil rights groups in this division. Sources contacted are:

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In the event any subsequent information is developed in regard to this matter, it will be handled and reported in accordance with existing Bureau instructions.

EX-105

REC-4 100-442527-3559

- 1 cc 6 FB 9/2
- ② - Bureau
 - 1 - Knoxville (100-3570) (Info)
 - 2 - New York (100-153735)
 - 1 - Memphis
- KFH:mrp
(6)

6 AUG 3 1972

EXT. SEC.

b6
b7C



5010-108

AUG 8

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 8/1/72

FROM :  ALBUQUERQUE (100-2744) P*

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE
IN RACIAL MATTERS

b6
b7C

Remylet of 5/1/72.

Albuquerque's report for the current quarter is as follows:

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

A. COMMUNIST PARTY, USA

No information available.

B. OTHER COMMUNIST GROUPS

No information available.

b6
b7C

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

No information available.

III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND INFLUENCE
IN RACIAL AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

No information available.

Albuquerque informants and sources continue to advise there is no formal organization of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA) functioning at this time in New Mexico. These informants state that the members of the CP do meet on an intermittent basis in New Mexico, but there is no formal organization structure operating on a permanent basis in this state. They individually state that PAT BLAU BLAWIS, a member of the Central Committee of the CPUSA, and the recognized leader of the CP in New Mexico, has frequently stated during the past several years that she planned to create a functioning CPUSA organization in New Mexico but that in their opinion she has never achieved this goal. These sources state that

2 - Bureau (RAM)
2 - New York (100-15735) (RAM)

1 - Albuquerque

RJW:fd

(4)

REC-53

AUG 3 1972

SEC.

b6
b7C

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan



61 AUG 30 1972

PAT BLAU BLAWIS is the only individual in New Mexico who is in contact with all the other Party members in this state and that she reportedly makes contacts with these individuals on an intermittent basis. It is their opinion that she is the organization of the CPUSA in New Mexico.

[redacted] have individually advised in July, 1972, that in their opinions there are no serious racial problems in New Mexico, and representatives of the CP have not found racial matters in this state to be a fertile field for their exploitation.

b7D

A study of all the information available to Albuquerque reflects there has been no indication of any Communist influence in racial matters in New Mexico during the period covered by this letter.

Albuquerque informants have expressed their opinions that the action taken in connection with racial matters in New Mexico is on a legitimate basis.

The sources of this office have been re-alerted to immediately report any and all information coming to their attention concerning possible CP or other subversive organizational influence in racial matters.

Albuquerque's investigation concerning this matter has been completely negative for the past three months. Accordingly, no report is being submitted. In view of this negative character of Albuquerque's investigation, no local dissemination has been made.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

b6
b7c

REPORTING OFFICE LOS ANGELES	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 7/28/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 6/21/72 - 7/26/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY [redacted]	TYPED BY [redacted]
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCE: Los Angeles report of SA [redacted] dated 4/28/72.

b6
b7c

- P* -

ADMINISTRATIVE

Copies of this report are being furnished to New York as Office of Origin; San Diego and San Francisco for information in view of their interest in communist influence in racial matters in California.

Information furnished by sources contained in this report is classified ~~Confidential~~ because the unauthorized disclosure of either the information or identity of sources would be detrimental to the national defense.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						☐ NONE	ACQUIT-TALS	CASE HAS BEEN:
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			
								PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO
								PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO

APPROVED *Wgg* SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

COPIES MADE:
9 - Bureau (100-442529) (RM)
1 - New York (100-153735) (Info) (RM)
1 - San Diego (100-13259) (Info) (RM)
1 - San Francisco (100-53902) (Info) (RM)
1 - Los Angeles (100-66078)

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

100-442529-3561	REC-67
15 AUG 2 1972	

Dissemination Record of Attached Report

Agency	2 - ISD	RC-55		
Request Recd.				
Date Fwd.	8/9/72			
How Fwd.				
By				

Notations

EXT. CONF. SEC.
INT. SEC.

b6
b7c

LA 100-66078

INFORMANTS

SOURCE

LA T-1

LA T-2

LA T-3

LA T-4

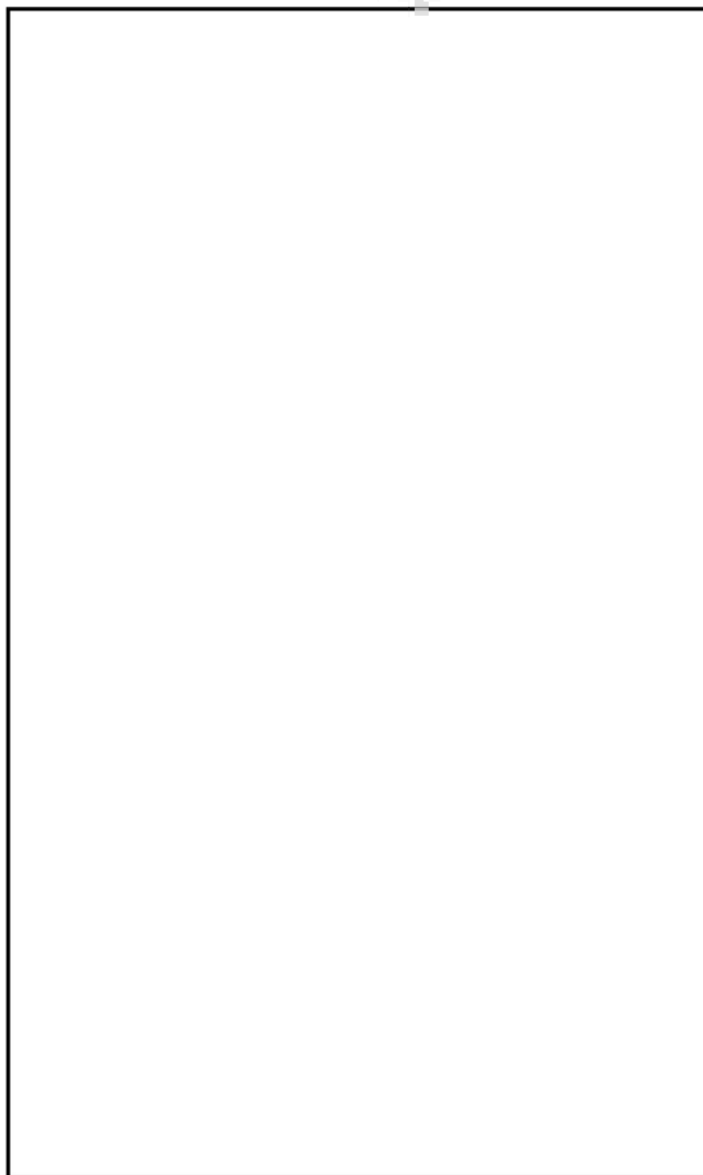
LA T-5

LA T-6

LA T-7

LA T-8

LOCATION



b3
b6
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- B -
COVER PAGE

LA 100-66078

LA T-9

LA T-10

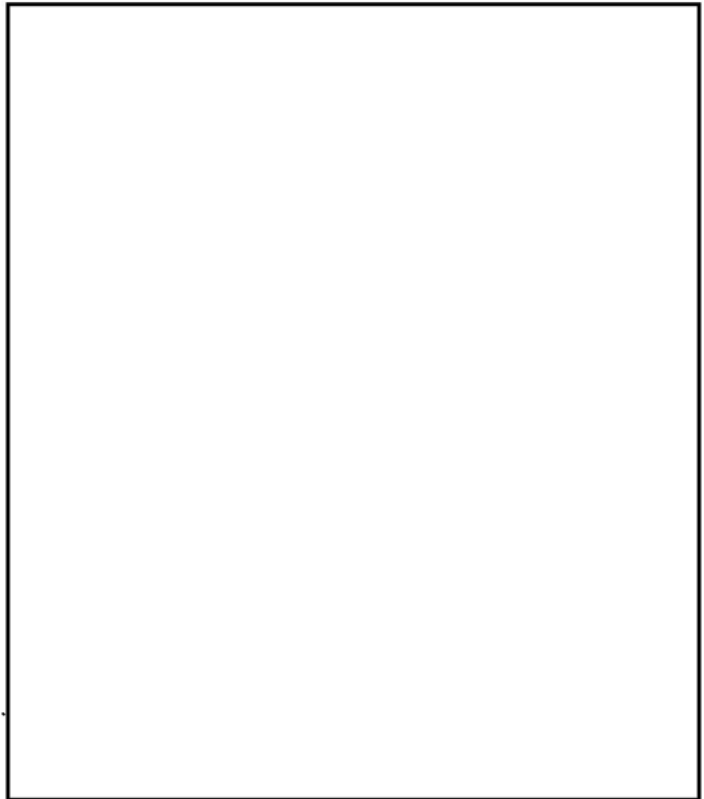
LA T-11

LA T-12

LA T-13

LA T-14

LA T-15



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COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to:

Report of: CHARLES C. WILSON
Date: 7/28/72

Office: Los Angeles, California

Field Office File #: 100-66078

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopsis:

The Southern California District Communist Party (SCDCP) is attempting to reorganize the Black Liberation Commission (BLC) which is responsible for the influence in racial matters by the SCDCP. Through the defense of ANGELA DAVIS, the SCDCP hopes to gain more black membership. The Chicano Liberation Commission has been sparsely attended by SCDCP members. At a benefit program for ANGELA DAVIS' defense on 3/4/72, a pitch for funds was made by a member of the SCDCP for the support of ANGELA DAVIS in her struggle. A recent growth in membership of the Communist Party, USA has been attributed to support for ANGELA DAVIS. The Los Angeles Local/Socialist Workers Party has attempted to gain support and recruit members in both the Chicano and black communities, but has been unsuccessful during the past several years.

- P* -

DETAILS:

All meetings unless otherwise indicated were held in the Los Angeles, California area.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

LA 100-66078

The Southern California District Communist Party, the Communist Party, USA, and the Black Liberation Commission, will hereinafter be referred to as the SCDCP, CPUSA and the BLC respectively.

SCDCP - STRATEGY AND
INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

LA T-1 (2/29/72 - 7/18/72)

On February 28, 1972, at a meeting of the Cyril Briggs Club, Moranda Smith Section, SCDCP, in a report from the recently held National Convention, CPUSA, it was noted that the convention had a composition of 40 percent youth, black youth being in the main from the deep South. They were from the colleges and other communities. This report emphasized how the blacks were joining the party based on the struggle for ANGELA DAVIS' freedom.

ANGELA DAVIS, self-admitted member of the SCDCP and member of the National Council and the Central Committee of the CPUSA, was declared not guilty by a jury at San Jose, California, June 4, 1972, on a three count charge of murder-kidnaping-conspiracy.

HENRY WINSTON, CPUSA National Chairman, also gave a report to the convention on the main obstacle to the unity of the working class, which he stated was white racism.

On March 4, 1972, a benefit program was sponsored by the Southern California Committee to Free Angela Davis and all Political Prisoners and held at the Shrine Auditorium in Los Angeles.

The Southern California Committee to Free Angela Davis (SCCFAD) is an adjunct of the National United Committee to Free Angela Davis (NUCFAD).

The NUCFAD was founded by the CPUSA, to free ANGELA YVONNE DAVIS, self-admitted member of the SCDP, who faced murder-kidnaping charges in California. The SCDP controls NUCFAD by use of CPUSA members in key positions. Headquarters are located at San Francisco, California. On June 4, 1972, following a jury trial held at San Jose, California, ANGELA-YVONNE DAVIS was acquitted of the above charges.

The audience was predominantly black and was told by the Master of Ceremonies at this function that the defense of ANGELA DAVIS is necessary to keep the oppressors' heels off the necks of thousands of ANGELA DAVIS' brothers and sisters. Unity of black and white artists was stressed in order to show protest, rejection, and repudiation against the racism of society. Many SCDP members were in attendance and working towards the above mentioned benefit.

On March 27, 1972, at a meeting of the Cyril Briggs Club, Moranda Smith Section, SCDP, it was mentioned that a special study was directed on Chicano defense at a conference of the Los Angeles Committee for Defense of the Bill of Rights (LACDBR).

A source advised in March 1971 that the LACDBR is a militant general defense organization allegedly seeking to safeguard the rights of various individuals. It is controlled by the Communist Party, USA through its leadership by ROSE CHERNIN, Executive Director, of the LACDBR, who is a current active member of the District Committee, SCDP.

LA 100-66078

On May 1, 1972, at a meeting of the Cyril Briggs Club, it was mentioned that May 20, 1972, would be the time for a "Big Actions" across the country linking ANGELA DAVIS' freedom with ending the war in Vietnam. People from all across the country were expected to gather for a mass demonstration in San Jose, California on that date. Also at this meeting, the educational discussion consisted of the following topics:

U.S."; "Class Composition of Black People in the
"Racism in the Trade Unions";
Workers"; "Reasons for the Special Militancy of Black
"Socio-Psychological Impact of Black Migration".

LA T-1 (7/18/72)
LA T-2 (7/18/72)

Sources advised that there has been no change in the basic policy of the SCDCP in that emphasis continues to be placed on issues common to minority or racial groups which can be exploited to further recruitment and sympathy for the SCDCP. Major issues with current interest of SCDCP are the defense of ANGELA DAVIS and all so-called political prisoners, particularly of minority groups. Another major issue of the SCDCP at this time is obtaining the necessary signatures to have the CPUSA on the ballot in the California November elections. As such, the SCDCP seeks to obtain more support from minority communities and therefore will direct their attention accordingly. The attempts previously put forth to gain support from churches in minority communities, especially black churches, has diminished because the churches and their leaders have failed to give their attention or support to the SCDCP.

LA T-2 (3/29/72)

LA 100-66078

On March 22, 1972, at a meeting of the South Central Club, Moranda Smith Section, SCDCP, it was mentioned that a member of this club had attended the Black Political convention that was held in Gary, Indiana during March 1972. This convention was publicly acknowledged as one attended by black delegates only and was held for the purposes of discussing black political interest in the U.S.

LA T-3 (3/5/72 - 4/18/72)

On March 4, 1972, at the benefit program held at the Shrine Auditorium in Los Angeles and sponsored by the SCCFAD, BOB KLONSKY mentioned to the audience that they who were in attendance at this program exhibited sympathy and support for ANGELA DAVIS and the struggle would be intensified to a higher and greater level.

LA T-3 (3/5/72)

KLONSKY is a member of the Cultural Club of the SCDCP.

On April 6, 1972, at a meeting of the Cultural Club, SCDCP, it was mentioned that the CPUSA had made gains in membership and that these gains were directly linked to ANGELA DAVIS and her defense.

On April 17, 1972, it was learned that the SCDCP intends to reorganize and concentrate efforts in the BLC.

LA T-4 (4/14/72)
LA T-5 (4/14/72)

On April 13, 1972, at a meeting of the BLC, it was stated that the BLC would be reorganized and BILL TAYLOR, Chairman of the SCDCP, would be in charge of the reorganization.

LA 100-66078

LA T-4 (7/20/72)
LA T-5 (7/20/72)

Sources advised that the major efforts of the SCDGP in influencing racial matters is featured in the BLC and this is the reason for the current reorganization of that SCDGP commission.

LA T-6 (4/21/72)
LA T-7 (4/21/72)

On April 18, 1972, at a meeting of the Northeast Club, San Fernando Valley section, SCDGP, it was mentioned that Marxism classes were being conducted to a group consisting predominantly of Chicanos and whites, with one black member in attendance.

LA T-6 (7/10/72)
LA T-7 (7/10/72)

Sources were unable to furnish any further information concerning communist influence in racial matters in the SCDGP.

LA T-8 (6/11/72)

On June 5, 1972, at a meeting of the Long Beach Club, SCDGP, two pamphlets were passed out to the members attending. One pamphlet was entitled "Black and White--One Class, One Side--The Role of White Workers in the Struggle Against Racism", written by HENRY WINSTON (supra), published by New Outlook Publishers, New York City. The other pamphlet was "Toward Chicano Liberation--the Communist Party Position", the publishers being the same as for the other pamphlet. These pamphlets were to be read and discussed by the members of that club.

LA T-9 (4/21/72)

On April 16, 1972, a meeting of the Chicano-Commission of the SCDGP was held and only three members were in attendance. Two of the members were displeased that no one else was in attendance. The other member

LA 100-66078

in attendance was unconcerned and did not appear to care about the lack of concern for this SCDGP commission.

LA T-10 (4/19/72)

On April 17, 1972, at a meeting of the Cyril Briggs Club, Moranda Smith Section, SCDGP, it was mentioned that the Mexican-American people were very good in arts and cultural pursuits. It was emphasized that the young Mexican-American people were trying to study and train their minds to the better things of life. It was pointed out that the older Mexican-American people were unable to contribute to the cultural side of life mainly because of their inability to communicate in English. The younger Chicanos were said to be learning the English language and with that in mind the American people will learn to think well of what the Mexican-American can do and accomplish.

LA T-11 (7/26/72)

Source advised that the BLC would be the SCDGP group primarily involved in influencing racial matters. Source is unaware of any specific intent of the SCDGP relative to racial matters.

LA T-12 (7/24/72)

Source advised that the SCDGP did not have a specific policy concerning racial matters. This source did indicate the SCDGP is involved in supporting individuals of minority groups presently on trial for various crimes. The support of these individuals is for the purpose of appealing to the minority groups which they are supposed to represent and with the objective of recruitment into the SCDGP of the members of these groups.

LA T-13 (7/7/72)
LA T-14 (7/7/72)

These sources have advised that they know nothing concerning SCDGP policy of strategy in influencing racial matters.

LA 100-66078

LOS ANGELES LOCAL - SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY
STRATEGY AND INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

LA T-15 (7/15/72)

This source advised that the Los Angeles Local of the Socialist Workers Party (LAL-SWP) is currently making an effort to influence the Chicano community in Los Angeles.

The LAL-SWP has been in existence since the 1930's. The LAL-SWP is a local branch of the SWP which has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

These efforts are mainly directed toward work within Chicano organizations. The goals the LAL-SWP pursues in such organizations are recruitment into the SWP and Young Socialist Alliance (YSA) and the encouragement of nationalist political orientation on the part of Chicanos.

As the youth organization of the SWP, the YSA serves as the main source of recruitment into that organization. The YSA is described in the masthead of its official publication, "The Young Socialist Organizer," as "A multinational revolutionary socialist youth organization."

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The SWP makes special efforts to undermine the traditional allegiance of Chicanos to the Democratic Party and the Roman Catholic church.

This source further advised that the SWP, whenever possible, attempts to influence the members of the black community in various ways. The main thrust of this work is the attempt to convince black people that they should not support either the Republican or

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LA 100-66078

Democratic parties, but should form an independent black party. The SWP tries to convince black people that their problems can never be solved under a capitalist system but that only a socialist revolution can help them. The SWP, through its publications and public meetings, attempts to get black people to become active in the anti-war movement. It emphasizes that the same system which is responsible for the plight of the black people is also pursuing a so-called "genocidal war" in Southeast Asia.

This source further advised that in Los Angeles during the past several years, the SWP has not been very successful in its attempts to influence the black people. The LAL-SWP has recently renewed its efforts to recruit more black people in Los Angeles.

- 9* -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Los Angeles, California
July 28, 1972

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Title COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reference Report of SA [redacted] dated
and captioned as above at Los Angeles.

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All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 8/1/72

SAC, NEW HAVEN (100-18290) (P*)

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SUBJECT:

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
IS - C

RE: NH letter, 5/1/72.

No information pertinent to captioned matter has been received since submission of referenced communication.

Sources who are generally familiar with the activities and policies of the CPUSA-Ct. District, have advised that they have no knowledge of any specific policy by the CPUSA-Ct. District with regard to racial matters.

The NHO will remain alert for any information pertinent to this matter and appropriate dissemination will be made upon receipt of same.

146 6/1/72
REC-49/100-442529-3562

2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - Boston (Info) (RM)
1 - New York (100-153735) (Info) (RM)
1 - New Haven
RRM:amm
(5)

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54 AUG 8 1972
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Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

INT. SEC.
INT. SEC.

REPORTING OFFICE PHILADELPHIA	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 7/31/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 4/3 - 7/26/72
TITLE OF CASE ✓ COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS (CIRM)		REPORT MADE BY 	TYPED BY
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS-C	

Report of SA [redacted], dated 4/21/72
at Philadelphia.

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LEADS

NEW YORK (INFORMATION)

One copy of this report is being designated for New York pursuant to Bureau instructions.

PHILADELPHIA

AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Will follow and report activities in this matter.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						☐ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			
APPROVED			SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE		DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW			
COPIES MADE: 9-Bureau (100-442529) (RM) 1-OSI, Philadelphia (RM) 1-NISO, Philadelphia (RM) 1-MI, Philadelphia (RM) 1-New York (100-153735) (Info) 2-Philadelphia (100-47672) <i>2. 7 to Phil 8/9/72. Correct Page 3 TP 2 line 7. CEG/ci</i>					b6 b7C EX-115			
Dissemination Record of Attached Report						Notations		
Agency	2 - FBI	1 - CISS				b6 b7C EX-115		
Request Recd.								
Date Fwd.	8/9/72							
How Fwd.								
By								

58 AUG 9 1972

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PH 100-47672

ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

This report is classified ~~confidential~~ since the data furnished by PH T-1 if revealed could reasonably result in the identification of a highly placed source and could adversely affect national defense interests.

All persons identified as members of the Communist Party and residing in the Philadelphia area are listed on the Administrative Index.

INFORMANT

PH T-1
[redacted]

[redacted]

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NEGATIVE INFORMANTS

[redacted]

7/5/72 SA THOMAS E. DEWAN
7/25/72 SA THOMAS E. DEWAN

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to: 1-OSI, PHILADELPHIA (REGISTERED MAIL)
1-NISO, PHILADELPHIA (REGISTERED MAIL)
1-MI, PHILADELPHIA (REGISTERED MAIL)

Report of: CHARLES J. WYLAND
Date: July 31, 1972

Office: Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

Field Office File #: 100-47672

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS (CIRM)

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Synopsis: THIS REPORT COVERS THE PERIOD 4/1/72 - 6/30/72.
The members of the North Philadelphia Club, CPUSA, EPD, will canvas black community seeking support for ANTHONY MONTEIRO, CP candidate for Congress. At General Membership meeting of CPUSA, EPD in 4/27, it was stated the U. S. Government is promoting racism and a mass movement must be built up to oppose this. CP in Philadelphia taking advantage of MONTEIRO campaign to get into the black communities. [redacted] CP member, planned to resign from the Philadelphia Angela Davis Defense Committee until she was advised consideration being made for these committees to become defense organization for release of political prisoners.

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DETAILS: I. COMMUNIST STRATEGYCommunist Party, USA (CPUSA)

B. Plans, strategy, Party line and the like, made at district and local level meetings including expressions by local leaders and rank-and-file members.

During the month of April, 1972, leaders of the Communist Party, USA, of Eastern Pennsylvania and Delaware (CPUSA, EPD) met for the purpose of discussing the members and activities of the North Philadelphia Club which consists of all blacks. It was decided at this meeting that several white CP members would be assigned to this club. It was stated the members of this club had been active soliciting signatures in the petition campaign to place the Communist Party on the

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ballot in Pennsylvania in November, 1972. As a result, group meetings had not been held regularly. Since the North Philadelphia Club is located in a heavily populated black community, the members of this club will be assigned to canvas the neighborhood seeking support for ANTHONY "TONY" MONTEIRO, CP candidate for Congress from the Third Congressional District.

(PH T-1, April 28, 1972)

TONY MONTEIRO is a member of the Central Committee, CPUSA, as well as a member of both the District Board and the District Committee, CPUSA, EPD.

(PH T-1, April 28, 1972)

A general membership meeting of the CPUSA, EPD, was held on April 4, 1972, at the First Presbyterian Church, Greene and Tulpehocken Streets, Philadelphia, Pa. MORTIMER "DANNY" RUBIN, National Organization Secretary, CPUSA, the featured speaker, stated the theme of the 20th National Convention of the CPUSA concerned the 1972 elections. According to RUBIN, the United States Government is promoting racism through repression of political prisoners, welfare chiselers, and crime in the streets. This means that a mass movement must be built up to oppose this. RUBIN specifically pointed out the importance of the campaign of TONY MONTEIRO and stated that this campaign should be used to obtain a foothold in the black communities. The CP in Philadelphia must work for a large vote which in itself would be a victory.

[redacted] a member of the CPUSA, EPD, during the question and answer session asked RUBIN if there were any change in the party's position on the "Black Question". RUBIN answered that the party has reiterated its stand on the question and that the Black Liberation Commission would soon publish additional material on this matter. RUBIN did not further clarify his remarks.

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(PH T-1, April 28, 1972)

The CPUSA, EPD, is taking advantage of the campaign of TONY MONTEIRO to get into the black community. MONTEIRO, a black male, is a dynamic speaker and has appeared in Puerto Rican and black communities in the furtherance of his campaign. The CP is hoping the distribution of literature and his appearances will result in the CP making additional contacts

in these neighborhoods.

(PH T-1, June 25, 1972)

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

In April, 1972, [] a member of the CPUSA, EPD, had threatened to resign her position as co-chairman of the Philadelphia Angela Davis Defense Committee. [] claimed that since the trial of ANGELA DAVIS had begun there was no need for this committee any longer. However, it was explained to her that the National Office of the CPUSA has discussed plans to set up a national defense organization or a defense organization for the release of political prisoners and these Angela Davis Defense Committees would form the nucleus of these organizations. After being advised of this, [] reconsidered and agreed to remain as co-chairman of the Philadelphia Angela Davis Defense Committee.

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(PH T-1, April 28, 1972)

The Philadelphia Angela Davis Defense Committee was established by the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA) of Eastern Pennsylvania and Delaware (EPD) in January 1971 to seek support and funds for the defense of ANGELA DAVIS who is in custody on kidnapping-murder charges. This committee is under the control and guidance of the CPEPD.

On Page 9 of the June 9, 1972, issue of the "Daily World", an east coast Communist publication, there appeared an article entitled, "Philly Celebrations Set Off by Acquittal". According to this article, a party celebrating the acquittal of ANGELA DAVIS was held on Sunday, June 3, 1972. JARVIS TYNER, the Communist Party candidate for Vice President of the United States, toasted the victory "of the World Socialist Movement" and ANGELA DAVIS "to a long, healthy political life."

Others expressed the hope that ANGELA DAVIS would lead the attack to free the political prisoners.

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PH 100-47672

Confidential informants who are aware of some of the CP activities in the Philadelphia area advised that they had no information concerning any policy decisions of the CPUSA, EPD concerning racial matters.

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CONFIDENTIAL



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

July 31, 1972

In Reply, Please Refer to

File No. 100-47672

Title COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL
MATTERS (CIRM)

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Reference Philadelphia report of Special
Agent [REDACTED], dated
and captioned as above.

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All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 8/1/72

FROM : SAC, BOSTON (100-35427) (P*)

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS
IS-C

Re report of SA [] dated 5/11/72 at
Boston.

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Continuing contacts among informants and sources has failed to develop any concrete programs or policies relative to instant survey during the period 4/1/72 - 6/30/72 by communist groups within the Boston Division.

Boston will continue to follow this matter via informants and alertness to policy formulation by pertinent groups.

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EX-115

REC-69

100-442529-3564

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② Bureau (RM)
2 Boston
CFA:mm
(4)

7 AUG 3 1972

EXT. INT. SEC.



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10 AUG 9 1972

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Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING
DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 7/31/72

FROM : SAC, PHOENIX (100-5951) (P*)

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

IS-C

00: New York

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ReBulet, 4/27/72.

Contact with communist informants in the Phoenix Office who are in a position to furnish information regarding policy decisions of the communist group with regard to racial matters, fails to elicit that any interest or action has been taken by the Communist Party in the Phoenix Division during the last quarter.

- 1-4461892
- 2 - Bureau (RM)
 - 1 - New York (Info) (RM)
 - 1 - Phoenix
- CLC:gjk
(4)

REC-71

100-442529-3565

AUG 3 1972

EXT. INT. SEC.

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54 AUG 6 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

(u) [] : Acting Director, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 7/31/72

[] : SAC Indianapolis (100-14403) (P*)

b6
b7C

SUBJECT: [] ST INFLUENCE IN
MATTERS
IS - C

Re Indianapolis report of SA [] 4/28/72.

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Sources familiar with Communist Party activities, Indiana District, have been contacted continually regarding above. There has been no information coming to their attention regarding infiltration or influence in racial matters suitable for inclusion in a report during the period 5/1/72 through 7/31/72.

11 100-442529-3561
②-Bureau
2-New York
1-Indianapolis

[]
(5)

REC-23

EX-117

100-442529-3561
AUG 3 1972

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EXT. SEC.

EXT. SEC.

107-3-27
58 AUG 8 1972



5010-108

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE MIAMI	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 7/31/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 5/9 - 7/26/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY 	TYPED BY
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCE Miami report SA [redacted] 5/9/72.

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- P* -

LEAD

MIAMI

AT MIAMI, FLA.

Will continue to follow and report CIRM activities
in the Miami Division.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED				☐ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO
CONVIC.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES		
APPROVED		SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE		DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW		
COPIES MADE:		277-35677 REC-67 AUG 3 1972 EXT. INT. SEC. FBI-SEC.				
⑨ - Bureau (RM) (100-442529) 1 - NISO, Charleston, S.C. (RM) 1 - 111th MI Group, Orlando, Fla. (RM) 1 - OSI, Patrick AFB, Fla. (RM) 1 - New York (RM) (100-153735) (Info) 2 - Miami (100-15058)						
Dissemination Record of Attached Report						Notations 10
Agency	2cc to SD/ICSS					
Request Recd.						
Date Fwd.	8/14/72					
How Fwd.	HQS 1-4 1972 Hcdush					
By	[signature] 1cc to 18db					

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MM 100-15058

ADMINISTRATIVE

Indexing

All persons named in this report as Communist Party members within the Miami Division are on or recommended for the ADEX or are informants or sources.

Copies of this report are being designated to appropriate military intelligence agencies pursuant to Bureau instructions.

This report is classified ~~Confidential~~ as MM T-1 through MM T-3 are informants of continuing value whose disclosure could have an adverse affect on the national defense interests.

INFORMANTS

<u>IDENTITY</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>
MM T-1 is	
MM T-2 is	
MM T-3 is	

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to:

- 1 - NISO, Charleston, S.C. (RM)
- 1 - 111th MI Group, Orlando, Fla. (RM)
- 1 - OSI, Patrick AFB, Fla. (RM)

Report of:

[REDACTED]

Office: Miami, Florida

Date:

7/31/72

b6
b7C

Field Office File #:

100-15058

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title:

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE
IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopsis:

Informants reported that the Angela Davis Defense Committee of Miami (ADDCM), organized by the Miami Communist Party (CP), is discouraged over the small number of black participants in its activities even though meetings are now held in a black residential area. ADDCM sponsored a rally 5/21/72 where spokesmen from the Black Afro Militant Movement (BAMM) participated and \$142 contributed to BAMM for former members on trial on local fire-bombing charges. There may have been individual participation by CP members in activities of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference and the National Welfare Rights Organization prior to and during the Democratic National Convention, Miami Beach, but no organizational plans by the CP for unilateral action or joint participation.

[REDACTED] CPUSA National Council member, stated large quantities of CP literature must be distributed to reach the new forces, including blacks, at the Democratic National Convention. Miami CP has not had for many years and does not now have any black members.

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~~Group 1~~
~~Excluded from~~
~~automatic downgrading~~
~~and declassification~~

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

DETAILS

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

A meeting of the Angela Davis Defense Committee of Miami (ADDCM) was held on May 5, 1972 in the Liberty City area of Miami. The ADDCM was very discouraged over the small number of blacks who attended even though the meeting was purposely held in a black residential area. It was agreed that no mass activity could be organized with the present black forces in Miami and any future such activity will have to be held elsewhere in Dade County, Florida. The ADDCM agreed to organize a rally at Flamingo Park, Miami Beach, in support of ANGELA DAVIS and the Black Afro Militant Movement (BAMM) and whatever is collected at the rally will be donated to the members of BAMM on State trial locally on fire-bombing charges.

A representative of BAMM at this meeting stated she will give the Miami Communist Party (CP) material on the fire-bombing cases so that it can be placed in the "Daily World" and also the foreign press.

MM T-1
5/8/72

ADDCM was organized in October, 1970, by the Miami CP. Its purpose is to raise funds for the defense of ANGELA DAVIS.

ANGELA DAVIS is a self-admitted member of the CP, United States of America (CPUSA) who had been a teacher at the University of California at Los Angeles.

The Black Afro Militant Movement (BAMM), composed of young Negroes, was organized in Miami, Florida, in January, 1970. Leaders warn revolution is coming. Each member must have and be fully trained in use of two weapons. Members of BAMM have considered the robbery of gun shops to obtain weapons and ammunition. A class has been taught in illegal bombmaking. BAMM became defunct in June, 1970.

The "Daily World" is an east coast communist newspaper.

An ADDCM rally in support of ANGELA DAVIS and the BAMM members took place in Flamingo Park on Miami Beach, Florida, during the morning of May 21, 1972.

According to BAMM spokesmen, "informers" were planted in BAMM by the "power-structure" for the purpose of instigating violence and these "informers" should have been the ones who are being tried. The BAMM spokesmen pleaded for unity of all people in order to free all political prisoners.

 spoke on behalf of the Miami CP. 
appealed for greater unity among black and white people in order to defeat reaction and racism.

b6
b7C

There were very few black people among the approximately 250 persons present, mainly elderly people.

A collection was taken amounting to approximately \$340. Of this amount, \$142 was given to BAMM to assist its members on trial and the balance was kept by the ADDCM.

MM T-1
6/5/72

MM 100-15058

[redacted] is Miami CP
Chairman, according to
MM T-2, on April 7, 1972.

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The principal strategy of the Miami CP since October, 1970, to acquaint more black people with the program and policies of the CPUSA has been centered around the ADDCM. ANGELA DAVIS was thought to be an ideal catalyst in that she is black and a communist. It was particularly hoped that some kind of working relation could be established with responsible black leaders in the community in order to give the ADDCM a broader mass base and appeal to more black youth, however, to date, progress in this endeavor must be regarded as one of minimal success.

While the black community is aware of the activities of the ADDCM, the principal black participants in its activities seem to have been those sensitive young black militants who were more interested in the defense of the BAMM members and other "black political prisoners" throughout the United States. There has been no recruitment of any black member as the result of activity on behalf of the ADDCM.

The Miami CP has not had for many years and does not now have a black member.

MM T-1
7/24/72

The Miami CP has not formulated any unilateral plans or initiated any action towards joint participation in activities of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference or National Welfare Rights Organization either prior to or during the Democratic National Convention held at Miami Beach from July 10 to 14, 1972. Although widespread CP support of the activities of the aforementioned organizations was

MM 100-15058

recently urged by DANIEL RUBIN, any such support will be on an individual basis rather than organized as a Party project as far as is known at this time.

MM T-1
6/27/72

The Southern Christian Leadership Conference is a civil rights organization founded by the late Reverend MARTIN LUTHER KING with headquarters at Atlanta, Georgia.

The National Welfare Rights Organization is a nationwide organization of welfare recipients formed to seek increased Government support.

DANIEL RUBIN is National Organizational Secretary of the CPUSA, according to MM T-1 on June 27, 1972.

There was no organized Miami CP effort to take part in activities of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference and the National Welfare Rights Organization either prior to or during the Democratic National Convention, however, individual Miami CP members may have joined in some of the rallies and demonstrations of these two organizations.

CP literature including the "Daily World" and the 1972 Election Platform of the CPUSA was passed out in large quantities to demonstrators and participants at the Democratic National Convention.

MM T-1
7/24/72

MM 100-15058

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

At a meeting of the Miami CP held on July 14, 1972 at Miami Beach, the principal speaker was [] introduced as the Executive Editor of the "Daily World."

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During his analysis of the recently concluded Democratic National Convention, [] praised the role of MRS. SHIRLEY CHISHOLM, a Democratic candidate for President, prior to and during the Convention. He said the black vote cannot be taken for granted any more by the Democratic Party.

[] said the CPUSA must continue to publish and distribute large quantities of literature in order to reach these new forces which were represented at the Democratic National Convention especially the youth, progressives, Chicanos and blacks.

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Concerning [] praise of Mrs. CHISHOLM, the Miami CP leadership had instructed its members to support Mrs. CHISHOLM even though the majority of local CP members had expressed a preference for Senator GEORGE MC GOVERN.

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MM T-1
7/24/72

[] is a member of the National Council of the CPUSA, according to MM T-3 in February 1972.

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b7C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

100-15058

Miami, Florida
July 31, 1972

Title **COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS**

Character **INTERNAL SECURITY - C**

Reference Report of SA
dated and captioned as above,
at Miami, Florida.

b6
b7C

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: [REDACTED] DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 8/1/72

b6
b7C

FROM: [REDACTED] COLUMBIA (100-22) (P*)

SUBJECT: CIRM
IS - C

Re Colet to Bureau, 4/24/72.

b6
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There is no Communist Party (CP) organization and/or activity in South Carolina at the present time. Neither is there any indication that the CP outside of South Carolina is attempting to influence racial groups in South Carolina.

In view of the foregoing and since there is no pertinent information to report, this letter is being submitted in lieu of a quarterly report.

tr

100-18900

- ② - Bureau (RM)
- 1 - Columbia

EX-105

CGS: ge
(3)

REC 44

100-442529-3568

3 AUG 3 1972

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[REDACTED] [REDACTED]
EXT

SEC.

0 AUG 11 1972



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 8/1/72

b6
b7C

FROM : [REDACTED], MINNEAPOLIS (100-13148) (P*)

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS
IS - C

Re Minneapolis report of SA [REDACTED]
dated 5/1/72.

b6
b7C

Established sources and informants who have been currently contacted in regard to captioned matter have advised no pertinent information is available; therefore, Minneapolis will submit no report at this time.

Case being placed in pending inactive status.

100-618972
2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - New York (info) (RM)
2 - Minneapolis
DEW:cjp
(5)

REC-23

20 AUG 4 1972

EXT. INT. SEC.
6/2/72



AUG 11 1972

5010-108-02

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE PITTSBURGH	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 7/31/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 5/1/72-7/31/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY [redacted]	TYPED BY [redacted] b6 b7C
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS-C	

REFERENCES

Report of SA [redacted] dated 5/1/72 at Pittsburgh.

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- P* -

LEADS

PITTSBURGH

AT PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA (ALLEGHENY COUNTY)

Will continue to follow and report activities in this matter.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						☐ NONE	ACQUIT-TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			
APPROVED [redacted]		SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE [redacted]		DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW				b6 b7C
COPIES MADE:		100-442529-3570 REC-46 20 AUG 4 1972						
9 - Bureau (100-442529)								
2 - New York (100-153735)								
2 - Pittsburgh (100-15125)								
Dissemination Record of Attached Report								Notations EXT. INT. SEC.
Agency	DEC 130/100 SS							
Request Recd.								
Date Fwd.	8/14/72							
How Fwd.	[redacted] Hc [redacted]							
By	[redacted] 100-618-25							b6 b7C

COVER PAGE

PG 100-15125

ADMINISTRATIVE

This report is classified "~~Confidential~~" since information from PG T-1 could reasonably result in the identification of informants of continuing value and compromise future effectiveness thereof which could have an adverse effect on the defense interests of the country.

INFORMANTS

Informant

Location

PG T-1 is

PG T-2 is

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b7D

B*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of:

Date: 7/31/72

Office: PITTSBURGH, PA.

b6
b7c

Field Office File #: 100-15125

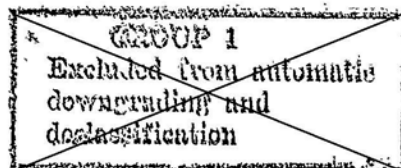
Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Synopsis: Members of the Western Pennsylvania District, of the Communist Party - USA, have been active in and exert substantial influence in Angela Davis Defense Committee (ADDC). At suggestion of Western Pennsylvania District - CPUSA, ADDC to change focus from support of DAVIS to support of all "political prisoners."

- P* -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

PG 100-15125

DETAILS:

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

— On July 13, 1972, PG T-1 advised that members of the Western Pennsylvania District, Communist Party - USA (WPD-CPUSA) have been active in the Angela Davis Defense Committee (ADDC) and have asserted substantial influence over the organization. The informant said that through the ADDC the WPD-CPUSA was able to reach into the Black community where they may have been unable to do so through their own organization.

The ADDC was established in Pittsburgh Pa., during January, 1971, to gain support for the defense of ANGELA DAVIS, a self-admitted member of the CPUSA who was acquitted during June, 1972, on a charge of supplying firearms used in the kidnapping and murder of a California judge and included members of the WPD-CPUSA.

PG T-1 further advised on July 13, 1972, that JAMES FERLO, has stated that the WPD-CPUSA does not want to see the ADDC fold so they have suggested that the ADDC be continued by change its focus from support of ANGELA DAVIS to support of all "political prisoners." This suggestion has been accepted by the ADDC.

PG T-2 advised on September 7, 1971 that is a member of the District Committee, WPD-CPUSA.

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II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

No information developed

III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND INFLUENCE IN RACIAL ORGANIZATIONS

No information developed.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

July 31, 1972

Title	COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
Character	INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST
Reference	Report of SA [REDACTED] b6 dated and captioned as above at b7c Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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REPORTING OFFICE CHICAGO	OFFICE OF ORIGIN CHICAGO	DATE JUL 31 1972	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 7/10 - 7/24/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS CHICAGO DIVISION		REPORT MADE BY SA [redacted]	TYPED BY [redacted]
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	b6 b7C

REFERENCE: Report of SA [redacted] dated 4/28/72 at Chicago.

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- P* -

LEAD

CHICAGO

AT CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. Will continue to follow and report communist influence in racial matters in the Chicago Division.

ADMINISTRATIVE

All persons mentioned in this report warranting investigation by reason of Communist Party (CP) activities or membership are either on the ADEX or under investigation.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						☐ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			
APPROVED		SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE				DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW		
COPIES MADE						100-442529-357		
						16 AUG 4 1972		
						REC-4		
						REC-5		
						16 AUG 4 1972		
						INT. SEC.		
						GLASS		
						Notations		
Agency		2cc. BD / 1cc. SS						
Request Recd.								
Date Fwd.		8/14/72						
How Fwd.		[redacted]						
By		[redacted]						

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70 AUG 18 1972

COVER PAGE

CG 100-41324

[redacted] who are associated with the Chicago Branch of the Socialist Workers Party (CBSWP), and the Young Socialist Alliance, Chicago (YSA-C), have advised that these organizations at the present time have made no progress in infiltrating, directing or in any way controlling the civil rights movement in the Chicago area. [redacted] a leading member of the Proletarian Party of America, has advised that this organization has made no progress in influencing policy matters within the civil rights movement in the Chicago area.

b7D

This report is classified ~~confidential~~ because the unauthorized disclosure of the information from CG T-1 through CG T-5 mentioned herein could result in damage to the national security.

INFORMANTS

<u>Source</u>	<u>Location</u>
CG T-1 is [redacted]	[redacted]
CG T-2 is [redacted]	
CG T-3 is [redacted]	
CG T-4 is [redacted]	
CG T-5 is [redacted]	

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- B* -

COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1 - OSI, Chicago (Via courier)
1 - NISO, Chicago (RM)
1 - SAC, Department of the Army,
Headquarters, Region 7, 112th
MI Group, Building 105,
Ft. Sheridan, Ill. 60037 (Via courier)

Copy to:

Report of:

SA [REDACTED]

Office: Chicago, Illinois

b6
b7c

Date:

JUL 31 1972

Field Office File #:

100-41324

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title:

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS
CHICAGO DIVISION

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopsis:

The Illinois District of the Communist Party, USA, continues its efforts to influence and direct the civil rights movement in the Chicago, Illinois, area. Illinois District continues to exert little or no influence on policy matters in the civil rights movement in Chicago.

- P* -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

GROUP I
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

DETAILS: AT CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

A. Illinois District of Communist Party, USA (CPUSA)
Plans, Strategy and Meetings, Including Expressions
by Leaders of the Illinois District of the CPUSA

a. Second Session of the Illinois District
State Convention of the CPUSA

The Second Session of the Illinois District State Convention of the CPUSA was held on March 4 and 5, 1972, at Chicago.

Several speakers discussed the importance of recruiting new CPUSA members within the labor movement and stated that the CPUSA must also continue their fight against racism in the labor movement.

A resolution on racism and the white working class prepared by [redacted] a member of the Illinois District of the CPUSA, was discussed. This resolution stated that white workers must be shown that:

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1. White workers share a common enemy with the black people as a whole. That enemy is the United States imperialist ruling class.

2. Because black people are special targets for oppression, super-exploitation and repression the probability is high that blacks can give leadership to white workers.

3. Because of the common enemy, the demands of the black people are usually demands that will benefit all white workers.

4. Racism is an enemy ideology intended to split the working class internally and from its natural allies.

5. The ruling class of the United States has throughout its history used the oppression of blacks in particular, and other minorities, first for primitive accumulation, then for super-profits, and finally to maintain power by splitting.

[] resolution was referred to the State Committee for consideration.

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A Position Paper on the "Hospital Situation in the City of Chicago," prepared by the Health Club of the Illinois District, CPUSA, was also considered. This paper deplored the level of health care afforded to the working poor, and especially black people, by the Cook County Hospital. The paper called for the private and voluntary hospitals to open their doors to the poor and the black people and a comprehensive health care system for all people adequately funded by the Federal, State and local Government. This paper was also referred to the State Committee for appropriate action.

A Resolution on "Education" was also considered. This resolution stated that the public schools are being used by the authorities to produce generations of workers who are racist competitive fodder for the machines of the present system. There must be a struggle for better education of young people, for an end to the racist, chauvinistic, competitive school system, for more teachers, better pay, smaller classrooms, etc. This Resolution called for discussion and formation of a broad-based youth group to educate young people and to counteract the propaganda which young people are being taught in public schools. This Resolution was also referred to the State Committee.

(CG T-1, 3/21/72
CG T-2, 3/13/72)

b. Executive Committee Meeting of the State
Committee of the Illinois District of the CPUSA

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the State Committee of the Illinois District of the CPUSA was held on April 10, 1972, at Chicago.

ISHMAEL FLORY, Co-Chairman of the Illinois District of the CPUSA, spoke on the problems of racism and white chauvinism in the Illinois District of the CPUSA. FLORY's report indicated that there had been a slackening of the struggles against white chauvinism in the CPUSA and he gave several examples to indicate that the leadership needed to play a more dynamic role in combatting racism. He added that the black struggle was the key to freedom and socialism in this country.

(CG T-3, 4/21/72)

c. State Committee Meeting of the
Illinois District of the CPUSA

A meeting of the State Committee of the Illinois District of the CPUSA was held on April 23, 1972, at Chicago.

[redacted] a member of the staff of the Illinois District of the CPUSA, spoke concerning racism. He stated that the seeds of racism are born from capitalism. Racism flows through the majority of white people in this country, including a number of trade unionists and even in some members of the CPUSA. He said that racism works in such a way that one does not know many times that they are committing acts of racism. He added that in their delegation which had attended the recent National Convention of the CPUSA, some of the white CPUSA members tended to commit acts of racism. He recommended that the CPUSA hold educational classes for its members to discuss the question of racism and how they can rid the CPUSA of racism.

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ISHMAEL FLORY discussed the liberation of the black people and stated that racism is the one thing that has hindered the liberation of the black people in this country. He said that only when racism is done away with in the labor unions and in the CPUSA will the black people be free. He added that the Illinois District of the CPUSA held a conference on racism last year, but as yet he has not seen any signs that any headway has been made to end racism.

He added that President NIXON is the leader of those who are practicing racism and specifically accused President NIXON of being a racist because of his position on busing school children. He added that President NIXON's position will only bring about all white and black schools again and, therefore, the blacks in this country will receive an inferior education.

(CG T-4, 4/26/72)

II. ILLINOIS DISTRICT OF CPUSA TACTICS

A. Meeting of Black Liberation Commission of the Illinois District of the CPUSA

A meeting of the Black Liberation Commission of the Illinois District of the CPUSA was held on March 29, 1972, at Chicago. The group discussed the white chauvinism problem which arose during the 20th National CPUSA Convention in New York City. The feeling now is that the issue seems to be straightened out; that presently there is a better understanding between the blacks and whites in the CPUSA; and that the CPUSA now will "cut" the blacks in on policy-making decisions and not just give the blacks a program and expect them to carry it out.

(CG T-5, 4/14/72)

B. Young Workers Liberation League (YWLL)

The Young Workers Liberation League (YWLL) is a front organization of the CPUSA. It was formed as a Marxist-Leninist youth group in February, 1970.

A meeting of the leadership of the YWLL and the Illinois District of the CPUSA was held on April 5, 1972, at Chicago. ISHMAEL FLORY spoke about how the YWLL needed to begin fighting on the issues and having regular meetings. He stated that if there was no organizational structure, the people who are thinking about the YWLL would have nowhere to go. Also if the YWLL is going to succeed, it will need activities based upon peace and racism and other current issues of the day.

(CG T-3, 4/21/72)

CG 100-41324

III. ILLINOIS DISTRICT OF CPUSA PENETRATION AND
INFLUENCE IN RACIAL AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

The Illinois District of the CPUSA continues to exert little or no influence on policy matters in the civil rights movement. Civil rights organizations active in the Chicago area in which the Illinois District of the CPUSA endeavors to exert some influence are as follows:

Concerning the Chicago Urban League and the Congress of Racial Equality, the Illinois District of the CPUSA at the present time exercises no influence within these organizations.

The Negro-American Labor Council (NALC) apparently has ceased to function in the Chicago area and the Illinois District collective which formerly operated in the NALC is no longer functioning.

Concerning the Southern Christian Leadership Conference and the West Side Organization, at the present time, there are no CPUSA members in these organizations and the Illinois District of the CPUSA exercises no influence in these organizations.

The Illinois District of the CPUSA continues to attempt to establish a relationship with the Black Panther Party (BPP), however, this is quite difficult since the Illinois District has to date, been unable to influence the policies of the BPP and it is believed that the BPP will not take any orders from the CPUSA.

(CG T-3, 7/11/72)

The BPP is a black extremist organization started in Oakland, California, in December, 1966. It advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics to bring about the overthrow of the United States Government.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Chicago, Illinois

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 100-41324

JUL 31 1972

Title COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS
CHICAGO DIVISION

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reference Report of Special Agent [redacted] b6
[redacted] dated and captioned as above. b7c

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE ST. LOUIS	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 7/31/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 5/1-7/31/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY SA [redacted]	TYPED BY [redacted]
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

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b7c

REFERENCE: St. Louis report of SA [redacted] 5/2/72.

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ADMINISTRATIVE:

This report is being classified ~~confidential~~ because it contains information from confidential informants, the unauthorized disclosure of which may lead to their identification and compromise their future effectiveness. All individuals named herein residing within the territory covered by the St. Louis Division are on the ADEX of the St. Louis Division or are under investigation to determine their potential threat to the internal security of the United States.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						☐ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO	
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES				
APPROVED		[redacted]		SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE		DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW			
COPIES MADE:								100 44-227 3572	
⑨ - Bureau (100-442529) (RM)								18 AUG 7 1972	REC-73 EX-114
2 - New York (RM)									
2 - St. Louis (100-19352)									
Dissemination Record of Attached Report								Notations EXT. INT. SEC.	
Agency	2cc/ISD/ICC SS								
Request Recd.									
Date Fwd.	8/14/72								
How Fwd.	4cc-dist								
By	1cc 618aB								

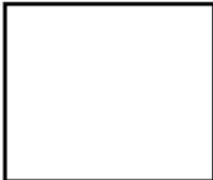
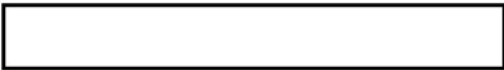
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COVER PAGE

SL 100-19352

INFORMANTS:

<u>Source</u>	<u>Location</u>
SL T-1 is 	
SL T-2 is	Instant
SL T-3 is	Instant

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LEADS:

ST. LOUIS DIVISION

AT ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

Will submit report by 11/1/72.

B*
COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATIONCONFIDENTIAL

Copy to:

Report of:
Date:SA [REDACTED]
July 31, 1972

Office: ST. LOUIS

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Field Office File #:

SL 100-19352

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title:

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNISM

Synopsis:

HERSHEL WALKER, State Chairman, Missouri District Communist Party, United States of America (MDCPUSA), stated that the all Black ANGELA DAVIS group of the MDCPUSA could not go on much longer as a Communist Party group. Members of this group will not accept party discipline and do not pay dues or hold regular meetings. MDCPUSA has no influence in local chapter of National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) or Congress of Racial Equality (CORE) and has no significant contact with an influence over local Black militant organizations.

- P* -

DETAILS:

The following concerns the period of May 1, 1972 to July 31, 1972, inclusive.

~~GROUP I~~
~~Excluded from automatic~~
~~downgrading and declassification.~~

CONFIDENTIAL

SL 100-19352

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

MISSOURI DISTRICT COMMUNIST PARTY, USA

On July 25, 1972, SL T-1 advised that during a conversation with HERSHEL WALKER, State Chairman, Missouri District Communist Party, USA (MDCPUSA) on June 27, 1972, WALKER stated that he had recruited four members of the St. Louis Free Angela Davis Committee to form the Angela Davis Group of the MDCPUSA, but that this group could not go on much longer as a Communist Party group, because they refuse to accept any white individuals as group members. WALKER said that the four individuals in this group led by [REDACTED] will not accept Communist Party discipline, nor will they pay their dues to the Communist Party. WALKER also said this group does not hold regular meetings. WALKER further stated the Angela Davis group is the only all Black group in the MDCPUSA and that it is the only group which has more than one Black youth member.

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The St. Louis Committee to Free Angela Davis (SLCFAD), was organized in January, 1971, to secure support for ANGELA DAVIS, admitted member of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), indicted on murder-kidnaping charges in Marin County, California. Although the CPUSA in Missouri closely cooperates with the SLCFAD, the SLCFAD is not CPUSA originated, influenced, or dominated.

WALKER said the matter of [REDACTED] and his group not accepting discipline, not paying dues, and not holding regular meetings will be fully discussed at the next meeting of the State Committee, MDCPUSA.

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CONFIDENTIAL

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

No information developed.

III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND
INFLUENCE IN RACIAL AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

On July 26, 1972, SL T-1, SL T-2 and SL T-3 advised that between May 1 and July 31, 1972, there were no members of the Missouri District Communist Party, USA (MDCPUSA), working in any racial or other organizations and that the MDCPUSA has no significant contact with or influence in any local Black militant organizations; that the MDCPUSA has designated members who are to attend meetings and report on activities of the Congress of Racial Equality (CORE) and the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP), but that these individuals have shown limited interest in these groups and exert no influence whatsoever therein.

CONFIDENTIAL



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 100-19352

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

St. Louis, Missouri

July 31, 1972

Title	COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
Character	INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNISM
Reference	St. Louis report of SA dated and captioned as above.

b6
b7C

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 8/3/72

FROM: SAC, OKLAHOMA CITY (100-7212) -P*-

SUBJECT: CIRM

b6
b7C

ReBulet to Albany, 8/28/64, and Oklahoma City
letter to Bureau, 5/2/72.

No information pertinent to this matter has
been developed by the Oklahoma City Office during the
past three months.

EX-114

REC-55

- 2 - Bureau
- 1 - New York (Info)
- 1 - Oklahoma City

(4)

3573

b6
b7C

70 AUG 11 1972

REPORTING OFFICE: CLEVELAND
OFFICE OF ORIGIN: NEW YORK
TITLE OF CASE: 0 COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

PERIOD: to 7/28/72

b6
b7C

REFERENCE

Cleveland report of SA [redacted] 5/2/72.

- P -

LEAD

CLEVELAND:

AT CLEVELAND, OHIO

Will follow and report Communist activities in the Cleveland area as they pertain to racial matters.

b6
b7C

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						☐ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN:	
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES	PENDING OVER ONE YEAR		☐ YES ☐ NO	
							PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS	☐ YES ☐ NO	
APPROVED: [redacted]						SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW		b7C
COPIES MADE: 9 Bureau (100-442529) (RM)							100-442529-3574		
COPIES CONTINUED COVER PAGE B							16 AUG 7 1972		REC-5
3 - Cleveland (100-27056)							EXT-111		
Dissemination Record of Attached Report						Notations			
Agency	2cc ISD / 1cc SS								
Request Recd.									
Date Fwd.	8/14/72								
How Fwd.	HCC dest								
By	[redacted]								

51A

COVER PAGE

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE : 1970 O-375-139

CV 100-27056

COPIES CONTINUED

- 1 - CO, Region IV, 109th MI Group,
P.O. Box 868, Columbus, Ohio (RM)
- 1 - OSI, Wright Patterson AFB,
Dayton, Ohio (RM)
- 2 - NIS, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania (RM)
- 1 - Cincinnati (100-14535)(Info) (RM)
- 2 - New York (100-153735) (RM)

INFORMANTS

CV T-1 is

Location:

CV T-2 is

Location:

b7D

CV T-3 is

Location:

ADMINISTRATIVE

This report is classified ~~confidential~~ because it contains information from CV T-1 which, if disclosed, could result in his being identified. He is an informant of continuing value to the national defense interest and his disclosure would compromise his future effectiveness.

B*
COVER PAGE.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to:

- 1 - 109th MI Group, PO Box 868,
Columbus, Ohio (RM)
2 - OSI, Wright Patterson AFB, Dayton, Ohio (RM)
2 - NIS, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania (RM)

Report of:

SA [REDACTED]

Office: CLEVELAND

b6

Date:

August 2, 1972

b7C

Field Office File #:

100-27056

Bureau File #:

100-442529

Title:

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopsis: FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD
MAY 1, 1972 TO JULY 31, 1972

CPUSA, other Communist groups, SDS, SWP YSA, made no attempts to gain influence among Negroes. No racial demonstrations occurred during this period in which Communists were involved.

- P -

DETAILS:

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

A. Communist Party, USA (CPSUA)

CV T-1 advised on July 28, 1972, that as of this time he was not aware of any designs, tactics or policies on the part of the CPUSA, nationally or locally, or other Communist groups, to influence the racial situation. He pointed out that the black communities in the Cleveland area are relatively stable at this time, and he was unaware of any plans by subversives to exploit the racial situation. He stated that the acquittal of ANGELA DAVIS has cost the CPUSA a "cause" around which they could appeal to the black community.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
~~GROUP 1~~
~~Excluded from automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ANGELA DAVIS is a self-admitted member of the CPUSA in Los Angeles, California, who was arrested in New York, New York, and subsequently extradited to California to answer murder and kidnapping charges. She was acquitted of these charges after a jury trial.

B. Students For a Democratic Society (SDS)

CV T-2 advised on July 25, 1972, that as of this time, there is no evidence that the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) has become active in influencing the black community.

SDS was founded during June 1962 at Port Huron, Michigan, and in the 1960s functioned as the leading New Left campus-based student organization in the U.S. From an initial posture of "participatory democracy," SDS moved to a radical-revolutionary position, with debate centering on how best to create a revolutionary youth movement. Internal factionalism produced a split during the SDS National Convention in June, 1969, which resulted in the following three factions: Weatherman; Worker Student Alliance (WSA); and Revolutionary Youth Movement (RYM). The Weatherman and RYM are no longer affiliated with SDS. The WSA continues to use the name SDS and maintains its national headquarters in Chicago, Illinois.

Weatherman, formerly a faction of SDS, controlled the SDS National Office from June, 1969 until its closing in February 1970. Weatherman then entered an underground status and adopted a tactic of "strategic sabotage," with police and military installations designated as primary targets.

WSA, a faction of SDS, was expelled from SDS in June 1969, by the then dominant Weatherman faction, but continued to use the name SDS and opened an office in Cambridge, Massachusetts. It aligned ideologically with the Progressive Labor Party (PLP) and, in February 1971, moved to Chicago, Illinois, where it opened the SDS National Office at 1225 South Wabash Street.

PLP was founded in 1962 by individuals expelled from the Communist Party, USA, for following the Chinese Communist line. Its objective is the establishment of a militant working-class movement based on Marxism-Leninism and MAO Tse-tung thought.

C. Socialist Workers Party (SWP) and
Cleveland Branch Young Socialist Alliance (YSA)

CV T-3 stated on July 25, 1972, that neither the SWP nor the YSA is making a concerted effort to recruit Negroes at this time, nor is there any evidence that they are trying to influence the black community.

The SWP has been designated by the Attorney General of the U.S. pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The Cleveland Branch of the YSA is the youth group of the SWP in Cleveland, Ohio.

II. COMMUNIST TACTICS

There were no racial demonstrations during the period of this report in which Communists were known to have participated.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

III. COMMUNIST PENETRATION AND
INFLUENCE IN RACIAL AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

There is no information to report for this period that is pertinent to this section of the report.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



In Reply, Please Refer to:

File No. CV 100-27056

Title COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reference Cleveland report of SA [redacted]
[redacted] captioned and dated as
above.b6
b7c

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 8/1/72

FROM : [REDACTED] SAN JUAN (100-6702) -P*-

SUBJECT : [REDACTED] NIST INFLUENCE
IN RACIAL MATTERS
IS - C
(OO:NY)

b6
b7C

San Juan letter to Bureau, 5/1/72.

The files of the San Juan Office contain no pertinent information regarding captioned matter.

On the dates indicated, the below listed informants, who report on communist activities in Puerto Rico, were contacted concerning captioned matter, and all advised that at the present time, there is no communist interest or influence in racial matters in Puerto Rico. It is noted that one of the below listed informants, [REDACTED] is a member of the Partido Comunista Puertorriqueno (Puerto Rican Communist Party) (PCP). It should also be noted that there is limited racial activity at the present time in Puerto Rico.

b6
b7C

b6
b7C
b7D

<u>Source</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Agent</u>
[REDACTED]	7/19/72	SA [REDACTED]
	7/24/72	SA [REDACTED]
	7/26/72	SA [REDACTED]

This case is being placed in a pending inactive status for submission of quarterly report or letter by 11/1/72.

ST-111 REC-5

- 2- Bureau (RM)
1- New York (Info) (RM)
1- San Juan

[REDACTED]
(4)

100-442529-3575

10 AUG 7 1972

b6
b7C

6 AUG 14 1972



5010-108

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 8/1/72

b6
b7C

SAC, TAMPA (100-630)(P)

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS
IS - C
(OO: NY)

ReTPlet to Bureau 4/28/72.

Tampa has no information to report for quarter
ending 7/31/72.

- (2) - Bureau
- 1 - New York (100-153735)
- 2 - Tampa

[Redacted Box]

(5)

b6
b7C

[Redacted Box]

ST-116
REC-19 100-442529-3576

15 AUG 7 1972

EXT.

[Redacted Box]

[Redacted Box]

b6
b7C



5 AUG 15 1972 Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

DATE: 7/31/72

[REDACTED] AC, LAS VEGAS (100-263)(C)

b6
b7C

SUBJECT: CIRM
IS - C

Re Las Vegas let to the Bureau dated 5/11/72.

No evidence has been developed or received to indicate any communist influence in racial matters in the Las Vegas Division, by any subversive organization or individual.

In the event information is developed indicating such influence, reports will be submitted in compliance with Bureau instructions.

2 - Bureau
1 - New York (INFO)
1 - Las Vegas
[REDACTED]

(4)

b6
b7C

X-105

REC-32

3577

AUG 4 1972

EXT

b6
b7C

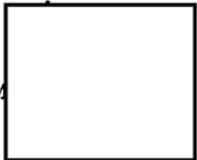


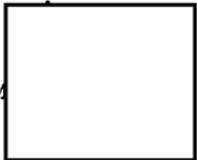
5010-108-02

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO :  ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI
(100-442529)

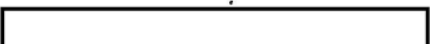
FROM :  SAC, BUTTE (100-8414) (P*)

SUBJECT:  CRIM
OO: New York

DATE: 8/2/72

b6
b7C

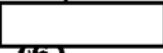
Remylet, 5/4/72.

 advised on 8/1/72, that the Montana CP District has no interest in racial matters, due to the lack of black population in Montana.

b7D

There are no CP members in Idaho.

- ② - Bureau (Reg.)
- 1 - New York (Reg.)
- 3 - Butte



(6)

b3
b6
b7C
b7D
b7E

EX-105

REC 44

100-442529-3578

18 AUG 7 1972

EX

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b7C



5010-108-02

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE CINCINNATI	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 7/31/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 7/11 - 28/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY SA [redacted]	TYPED BY [redacted]
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCES:

Report of SA [redacted] dated 4/28/72,
at Cincinnati.

-P*-

b6
b7C

LEADS:

CINCINNATI

AT CINCINNATI, OHIO

Will follow and report Communist activities in this
Division as they pertain to racial matters.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						☒ NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☒ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☒ NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			
APPROVED		[redacted]		SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE		DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW		
COPIES MADE: 9-Bureau (100-442529) (RM) 1-109th MIG, Cincinnati, Ohio (RM) 1-OSI, WPAFB, Ohio (RM) 1-NISO, Cincinnati, Ohio (RM) 1-New York (100-153735) (Info) (RM) 3-Cincinnati (2-100-14539) (1-100-18684)(Revolutionary Union)							100-442529-3579 2 AUG 7 1972 REC-4 EX-117	
Dissemination Record of Attached Report							Notations	
Agency	2cc 130/1cc 55						EXT. INT. SEC. INT. SEC.	
Request Recd.								
Date Fwd.	8/14/72							
How Fwd.	[redacted]							
By	51 AUG 1 [redacted]							

b6
b7C

COVER PAGE

CI 100-14539

ADMINISTRATIVE:

This report is being classified "~~Confidential~~" since it contains information from CI T-1 through CI t-3, sources of continuing value, the disclosure of which could be detrimental to the National defense.

INFORMANTS:

Identity of Source:

CI T-1 is

CI T-2 is

CI T-3 is

--

Location:

--

b3
b7D
b7E

-B*-

COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATIONCONFIDENTIAL

Copy to:

1-109th MIG, Cincinnati, Ohio (RM)
1-OSI, WPAFB, Ohio (RM)
1-NISO, Cincinnati, Ohio (RM)

Report of:

SA [REDACTED]
July 31, 1972

Office: CINCINNATI

b6
b7C

Field Office File #:

100-14539

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title:

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Synopsis:

FOR THE PERIOD 4/16/72 THROUGH 7/31/72:

Sources advised CPUSA in Southern Ohio and Cincinnati area have not currently expressed plans to foment racial unrest in the Negro community. "Movin On Up", an underground newspaper distributed in the Cincinnati area, in June and July, 1972, issue carried articles regarding racist policy of Cincinnati industrial concerns.

-P*-

DETAILS:AT CINCINNATI, OHIO~~GROUP I~~~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and declassification~~CONFIDENTIAL

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY AND TACTICS IN RACIAL AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA

The Communist Party, USA (CPUSA) has been designated by the Attorney General pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Sources advised that they had not heard of any plans made by the CPUSA to foment racial unrest in the Negro communities of Southern Ohio and the Cincinnati area. Sources advised they are not aware of any problems in this regard.

(CI T-1 on July 26, 1972)

(CI T-2 on July 11, 1972)

(CI T-3 on July 13, 1972)

II. COMMUNIST PENETRATION IN RACIAL AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

"Movin On Up" in the July, 1972, issue carried an article captioned, "Racism: A Hilton Davis Policy", which stated that the present policy of this company are racist in that whites received preference in hiring and promotion programs.

"MOVIN ON UP"

"Movin On Up is an underground newspaper distributed in the Cincinnati area which is published jointly by members of the Revolutionary Union and other individuals.

REVOLUTIONARY UNION
also known as
RED UNION
BAY AREA REVOLUTIONARY UNION

The Revolutionary Union (RU) was founded in early 1968 and is a militant, semiclandestine organization. Its objectives, as set out in its publications, are the development of a united front against imperialism, the fostering of revolutionary working-class unity and leadership in struggle, and the formation of a communist party based on Marxism-Leninism-MAO Tse-tung thought, leading to the overthrow of the United States Government by force and violence.

"Movin On Up" in an editorial on page two of the July, 1972 issue, reported that the Editorial Staff consists of a variety of types including members from "....members of revolutionary movements like the Revolutionary Union...."

The June, 1972 issue of "Movin On Up" on page five carried an article captioned, "Militant Worker Framed". This article stated that on April 21, 1972, LOUIS SMITH, Chairman, JOB (Justice, Opportunities, and Betterment), an organization of black United Automobile Workers, employed at the Cincinnati General Electric Plant, was convicted of carrying a concealed weapon and sentenced to one to three years in the Ohio Penitentiary.

The article stated that black workers were kept in the worst, lowest paying jobs, even in spite of seniority. JOB, which was founded by LOUIS SMITH, leads and fights racial discrimination in the Union and the company. This article stated that because of constant efforts to better the lot of black workers, that LOUIS SMITH was framed. This article further stated that the blacks on the jury panel were eliminated and that SMITH was tried by twelve white people.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Cincinnati, Ohio

July 31, 1972

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 100-14539

Title

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS

Character

INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Reference

Report of SA [redacted]
dated and captioned as above.

b6
b7c

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

b6
b7C

REPORTING OFFICE NEW YORK	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 8/2/72	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 4/1/72 - 7/10/72
TITLE OF CASE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS		REPORT MADE BY [redacted]	TYPED BY [redacted]
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C	

REFERENCE:

New York report of SA [redacted] 4/26/72.

b6
b7C

- P -

ADMINISTRATIVE:

The CP officials mentioned in this report who reside in the New York area are on the ADEX of the New York Division.

This report is classified "~~Confidential~~" because it contains information from NY T-9 which is so classified and because it contains information from NY T-5, which information it is believed could be detrimental to the defense interests of the United States if improperly disseminated.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED					☐ NONE	ACQUIT-TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES		
APPROVED		[redacted]			SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE:		[redacted]			[redacted]		
8 - Bureau		[redacted]			[redacted]		
1 - NISO, New York City (RM)		[redacted]			[redacted]		
1 - Second OSI District, USAF (RM)		[redacted]			[redacted]		
4 - 108th MI Group, NYC (RM)		[redacted]			[redacted]		
3 - New York (100-153735)		[redacted]			[redacted]		
Dissemination Record of Attached Report						Notations	
Agency	2cc 150/1cc 55					[redacted]	
Request Recd.	[redacted]					[redacted]	
Date Fwd.	8/14/72					[redacted]	
How Fwd.	[redacted]					[redacted]	
By	[redacted]					[redacted]	

60

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EXT. INT. SEC.

REC-6
3580
ST-116
AUG 7 1972

b6
b7C

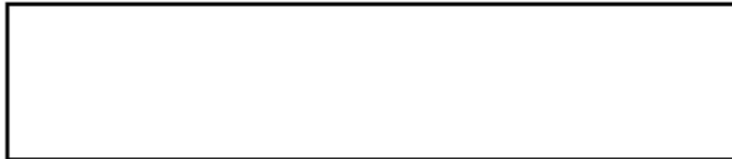
NY 100-153735

The confidential sources mentioned in this report as being familiar with CP activities and personalities in the New York area are:



b7D

The confidential sources mentioned in this report as being familiar with ELP activities and personalities in the New York area are:



b7D

INFORMANTS:

Identity of Source

Location

NY T-1 is

NY T-2 is

NY T-3 is

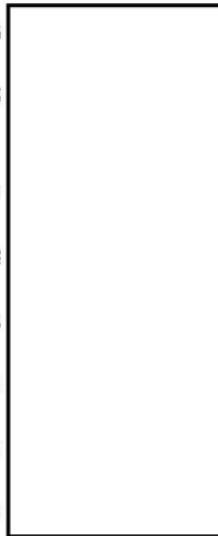
NY T-4 is

NY T-5 is

NY T-6 is

NY T-7 is

NY T-8 is



b3
b6
b7C
b7D
b7E

NY 100-153735

LEAD:

NEW YORK

AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Will continue to follow and report communist plans
and attempts to influence racial matters in the New York
Division.

- C*-
COVER PAGE

NY 100-153735

NON-SYMBOL SOURCE ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

Identity of Source

Location

NY T-9 is

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

b7D

CAUTION: NOT TO BE DISSEMINATED TO RESIDENT AGENCIES - DETACH

COVER PAGE

- D*-

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

4-108 MI Group, NYC (RM)
1-Second OSI District, USAF (RM)
1-NISO, NYC (RM)

Report of:

Date:

AUG 2 1972

Office: New York, New York

b6

b7C

Field Office File #:

100-153735

Bureau File #: 100-442529

Title:

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE
IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY-C

Synopsis:

The "Daily World", April 1, 1972, published in its magazine section, part of the report given by HENRY WINSTON at the Party's 20th National Convention and noted that this report deals with the problem of winning white workers to the freedom struggle. The report has been issued as a pamphlet "Black and White-One Class, One Fight." JOSEPH NORTH writing in the April issue of "Political Affairs" on the Party's 20th National Convention also mentions WINSTON's speech stating that it should be studied by all who want to persuade white workers to join the fight against racism. The CP National Labor Commission has requested each CP District to furnish lists of black, Chicano and Puerto Rican workers in the Districts to help the CP in organizing caucus movements among black and brown workers. The Economic Commission has issued a "Draft Outline for Study of Conditions of Black People in the United States". The CP has opened the Harlem Institute for Marxist Studies in the Harlem area of NYC to bring Marxism-Leninism to that area with the hope of building influence among the blacks and Puerto Ricans. The CP has claimed credit for contributing to the acquittal of ANGELA DAVIS. HENRY WINSTON spoke at Howard University in May, 1972, and called for the

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~~~GROUP 1~~~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

Synopsis (cont'd)

elimination of US imperialism as an enemy of mankind and said that any plan for African liberation which does not attack imperialism and neo-colonialism is harmful to the African liberation struggle. CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT has authored a book on "Racism and Human Survival: the Lessons of Nazi Germany for Today's World" which is to be issued in July 1972. The S.P. 1972 platform calls for a black political party independent of the two major parties to mobilize blacks to fight for control of their communities. A report was given at the YWLL Second National Convention in May 1972 on the black liberation struggle and black youth. The need to build the YWLL among black youth was discussed and it was agreed that the YWLL will work with and build Black Student Unions on college campuses. CP sources in New York have no information of CP influence in racial organizations in the New York area. In March 1972, VALENTIN M. BERESHKOV, Vice President of the Moscow Institute for Public Relations, stated at a meeting in West Germany that on a recent tour of universities in the US he made a study of the BPP on behalf of the Central Committee of the CP of the Soviet Union.

-P-

DETAILS:

I. COMMUNIST STRATEGY

A. Plans, Strategy and Policy
of the Communist Party, USA
(CPUSA) on a National Level

1. Twentieth National CPUSA Convention

The "Daily World", an east coast communist newspaper, issue of April 1, 1972, page M-4, contained an article "Black and White-One Class, One Fight" which the Editors described as a part of the report given by HENRY WINSTON, National Chairman of the CPUSA, at the Party's Twentieth National Convention. The foreword of this article by the Editors stated in part as follows:

"One of the most profound analyses of the working class in the United States is contained in the report to the Twentieth Convention of the Communist Party, U.S.A. by its national chairman Henry Winston. He probed the material, political and social factors that shape the consciousness of the workers in this country. The report pivots on the problem of 'winning the white workers', and how best to 'further develop class solidarity within their ranks.'

"Winston declared that 'lessons from history' teach us it is 'unthinkable' that class solidarity can be achieved 'in the absence of a conscious policy of fighting the racism of the monopolists, which expresses itself in various forms of discrimination especially directed against Black, Chicano, Puerto Rican, Indian and Asian workers.'

"A considerable part of Winston's report traces the ideological currents flowing through the labor movement especially since Gomper's time. Winston analyzed the impact of the Communist Party on the working class since its foundation in 1919 by developing its position regarding the liberation of the Black people in our country. Its influence, historically, he said, in the depression Thirties was a major factor in creating the powerful people's coalition, based on the working class that won such historic advances as the right to organize, social security, unemployment insurance, bigger victories than ever before in moulding the imperative unity of Black and white...."

The "Daily World", issue of May 31, 1972, page eight announced the issuance of a pamphlet, "Black and White-One Class, One Fight" which is concerned with, according to the article, the role of white workers in the struggle against racism. It stated further that the pamphlet is a reprint of a report to the Party's Twentieth National Convention, held in New York City in February 1972, by HENRY WINSTON, the Party's National Chairman. The article stated also that the pamphlet is an explanation of the need for working class solidarity as a means of defeating racism.

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JOSEPH NORTH contributed an article to the April 1972, issue of "Political Affairs" entitled "The 20th National Convention, CPUSA". NORTH comments on the unity that prevailed at this convention and notes that included in the agreements reached was one to eliminate every trace of racism in the United States and to motivate the white workers to take the lead in doing so, for their own political and material interests as well as for all other considerations. He cites the acclaim the convention gave to HENRY WINSTON, National Chairman of the CPUSA, in his speech on the subject.

NORTH, in referring to working-class unity and the fight against repression, states that racism is hindering working-class progress because it exists in every corner of the country and needs the greatest efforts of the working class, led by the Communists, to eradicate it. He writes that imperialism uses racism to divide the working-class and has been able, therefore, to curb every offensive by labor. He adds that WINSTON declared in his speech that the winning of white workers to develop class solidarity is central to success.

NORTH, in reporting on WINSTON's speech to the Convention, states that WINSTON claimed the ruling class is now trying to get back the gains made by the working class since the 1930's and that as a result millions are ready to listen to the Communist Party's (CP) viewpoints and advice.

NORTH concludes this portion of his article by stating that a study of WINSTON's speech is a must for all who want to understand how to persuade white workers that their interests are best guaranteed by eliminating racism from American life. He adds that WINSTON's speech would be issued in pamphlet form.

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"Political Affairs" is self-described as the "Theoretical Journal of the Communist Party, U.S.A."

JOSEPH NORTH is described in the "Daily World" of July 15, 1972, page 4 as the "Magazine Editor" of the paper.

The source made available a memorandum dated April 1972, under the names of DANIEL RUBIN of the CPUSA National Organization Department and [redacted] Chairman, and Roscoe Proctor, Secretary, of the National Labor Commission of the CPUSA. This memorandum is captioned "Implementation of Convention Resolution on Caucuses of Nationally Oppressed Workers" and requests each CP District to compile certain lists to be sent to the National Labor Commission.

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The memorandum notes that there is a sentiment among black people for organizing around their economic, social and political problems. This feeling of the need to organize, it is said, is also found among other oppressed people such as Chicanos, Puerto Rican, Indian and Asian Americans. It continues that there is in almost all the new movements among oppressed peoples a major ideological weakness, the lack of understanding of the relationship between the national struggle and the class struggle and the lack of a class orientation among oppressed workers. It claims that there is a need to develop a class consciousness among oppressed working peoples, that workers among the oppressed must gain an understanding of their role as workers and as members of the working class. The responsibility for developing this understanding is that of the CP.

The memorandum reflects that since this is an election year, the CP must find ways to relate its work around black workers, black caucuses and all oppressed workers to the election framework. The CP must move to organize caucus movements among black and brown workers.

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The Districts are to forward to the National Labor Commission a list of all known caucuses of black Chicano and Puerto Rican workers; a shop survey to determine which have large numbers of black, Chicano or Puerto Rican workers; a mailing list of black and brown workers whom the CP knows belong to a union or caucus, who are registered voters or who hold positions of leadership at various levels in unions; and a list of organizations of oppressed people.

NY T-1
May 11, 1972

The source made available a copy of a "Draft Outline for Study of Conditions of Black People in the US" which was issued by the Economic Commission of the CPUSA. The Economic Commission noted that the outline followed from discussions in the Economic Commission with the assistance of the Black Liberation Commission of the Party. It stated further that this topic is to be the major project of the Economic Commission for 1972.

The outline is set forth under the following headings:

1. Class Structure
2. Economic Discrimination
3. Segregation and Exclusion
4. Special Problems of Black Women
5. Cultural
6. Role of Government
7. Politics, Registration, Voting, Registration
8. Appraisal

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The Economic Commission asked that the outline be studied, that improvements in it be suggested and that it be indicated how the recipient can participate in the research. The results are to be forwarded to the Party's Economic Commission at 23 West 26th Street, New York, New York.

NY T-1
May 11, 1972

2. Harlem Institute for Marxist Studies (HIMS)

The "Daily World" of May 18, 1972, page six, columns one through four, announced that on Saturday May 13, 1972, the HIMS at 2715 8th Avenue, New York City was dedicated by WILLIAM L. PATTERSON, who was described as the "black communist leader and author." The article sets forth the dedication speech which he delivered at the ceremony that opened the new center.

The "Daily World" of May 17, 1972, page nine, contained an article on the opening of the HIMS. This article which was written by RON TYSON noted that WILLIAM PATTERSON was the master of ceremonies and that he stated that HIMS, in which Communists are playing a major role will provide a scientific approach to black liberation and the building of black-white working-class unity.

TYSON in this article reported that GUS HALL, General Secretary of the CPUSA, also spoke and stated that it is necessary for the working-class to be armed with the theory of revolutionary struggle, Marxism-Leninism, and that the Institute would make an invaluable contribution in bringing the science of Marxism-Leninism to the black and brown communities and especially the Puerto Rican and black workers.

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The article goes on to report that JOSE STEVENS, Director of the Institute, spoke on the need for such an institute in Harlem. STEVENS is quoted as saying that "Revolution is a Science" and as having added that the Institute would seek to bring that science to the community.

The article concluded with the statement that HIMS was officially opened for classes on April 17 and that more than fifty students are enrolled in a wide range of courses from political economy, black liberation and African-American History to the revolutionary role of black and Puerto Rican workers and an introduction to Marxism-Leninism.

The source furnished information reflecting that as of June 1972, RON TYSON was a member of the Section Committee of New York, Young Workers Liberation League (YWLL).

NY T-2
July 10, 1972

The Young Workers Liberation League is a front organization of the Communist Party, USA. It was formed as a Marxist-Leninist Youth Group in February, 1970.

RON TYSON, writing in the "World Magazine" section of the "Daily World", issue of May 27, 1972, page M-12, stated that the perspective is to make HIMS a true center for Harlem progressives. He states that not only will the facilities of the center be made available to other organizations, but that plans are being made for social activities to be held there on a regular basis for the people in the community.

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TYSON further writes that JOSE STEVENS, the Chairman of the Harlem Communist Party, was appointed the Director of the project and that STEVENS has stated that "the Institute will aid in the development of a scientific approach to the fight for black liberation."

HIMS was founded by the CPUSA, to bring Marxist-Leninist teachings to the black and Puerto Rican communities. However, it is apparent that the Communist Party hopes, through the Institute, to build influence in the black and Puerto Rican communities and to eventually gain recruits to the Communist Party.

NY T-3
July 19, 1972

3. Angela Davis Defense

ANGELA DAVIS is a self-admitted member of the CPUSA in Los Angeles, California, who was incarcerated in New York City and subsequently extradited to California to answer murder and kidnapping charges.

The "Daily World", issue of June 6, 1972, page one contains an article datelined June 5, 1972, at San Jose, California, on the acquittal of ANGELA DAVIS on the charges for which she was brought to trial. This issue stated that ANGELA DAVIS told HENRY WINSTON that she would attend the "Evening with Angela Davis", to be held at Madison Square Garden, New York City, on June 29, 1972.

Page one of this issue also contains a statement from HENRY WINSTON on the acquittal of ANGELA DAVIS, in which he states that her freedom "is a great anti-imperialist victory which presages a new initiative in the struggle of the masses to put an end to racism and reaction at home and US imperialist aggression abroad-Vietnam, in Indo China, in the first place".

WINSTON also is quoted as saying that the work of the CPUSA in the defense of ANGELA DAVIS "was an immeasurable contribution to the victorious outcome of this case".

The "Daily World", June 7, 1972, page three, noted that the "Evening for Angela Davis", scheduled for Madison Square Garden, New York City on June 29, 1972, was being sponsored by the Angela Davis Legal Defense Fund in order to defray its debts.

4. Plans and Policy indicated by
Speeches and Writings

The "Daily World", issue of May 26, 1972, page three contained an article concerned with a speech given by HENRY WINSTON at Howard University, Washington, DC on May 24, 1972. The article noted that the meeting which WINSTON addressed was sponsored by the Howard University Freshman Class and the University's Angela Davis Defense Committee. WINSTON is quoted as saying that "imperialism in general and US imperialism in particular are the enemies of mankind and must be wiped from the face of the earth."

The article stated that WINSTON explained the communist viewpoint on African freedom and the struggle for Afro-American Liberation when he addressed about one hundred students in a forum on "Black Liberation and Political Prisoners."

The article noted that WINSTON addressed most of his comments to a forthcoming conference called by the African-American National Conference on Africa. In this context, WINSTON is quoted as saying, "any concept for African Liberation which does not attack imperialism and neo-colonialism works in the best interests of imperialism and to the detriment of the African liberation struggle." He is quoted further as saying that "the only effective program for African liberation to which blacks in the US can ascribe is to build an anti-monopoly force capable of defeating monopoly." WINSTON called monopoly the enemy of African people and of black and white working people in the United States.

The "Daily World", issue of May 31, 1972, page eight, column three, announced that CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT, Co-Chairman of the Black Liberation Commission of the CPUSA had authored a book entitled, "Racism and Human Survival: The Lessons of Nazi Germany for Today's World," which was to be released in July 1972. The article states that LIGHTFOOT had made an extensive study of the educational system of the German Democratic Republic and in West Germany. It stated the book would be published in paperback form.

B. Other Communist Groups

The Socialist Workers Party (SWP) 1972 platform calls for a mass black political party independent of the Democrats and Republicans to mobilize black people to fight for control of their community.

The SWP influence in the black movement has been minimal.

NY T-4
July 10, 1972

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

NY 100-153735

The "Daily World", May 13, 1972, page nine, contained an article concerned with the "Second National Convention of the YWLL", which was held in Chicago, Illinois, during the period May 5-8, 1972. The article states that VICTORIA STEVENS in her opening remarks to the college students workshop at the convention claimed that the crisis of capitalism was coming to a head on the nation's campuses and that students were beginning to look to Marxism-Leninism as a way out.

The article noted that the workshop agreed on three main areas of concentration for student work, one of which was to bring the fight to free ANGELA DAVIS and all political prisoners to every campus in the country. It stated that agreement was reached that every area of student work must be related to the forthcoming elections and to the fight against racism. It added that the fight against racism will continue to be a central feature of all campus work by the YWLL. The article continued that YWLL members will work with and build black student unions, as well as all other progressive forms, and will make the fight for black and white unity an ongoing struggle on every campus.

The source furnished information reflecting that as of June 1972, VICTORIA STEVENS was a member of the Section Committee of the New York YWLL.

NY T-2
July 10, 1972

The "Daily World", May 17, 1972, page six contained an article by RON TYSON, "Battle plan in the fight for Black Liberation", dated May 16, 1972, at Chicago, in which he states that the Second National Convention of the YWLL, "added a major contribution to the struggles of the nation's Black youth in its concrete discussion and resolutions on the Black liberation struggle..."

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TYSON's article reported in part the following additional actions at the Convention:

[redacted] "national Black liberation secretary of the YWLL" gave a detailed report on the black liberation struggle and black youth which produced a full discussion on this aspect of the youth movement. Her report attacked the capitalist system for failure to meet the needs of youth especially black youth whom she said are the system's "worst victims". She criticized the system for its inability to provide jobs for black youth and her report also dealt with the special oppression faced by young black women. She claimed that many black youth in the search for solutions to their problems are seeking out the science of Marxism-Leninism and are joining or moving towards the YWLL.

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[redacted] in her report said there is a vacuum in the black community and among black youth. Her report reflected that only the YWLL with its understanding of the national question and its approach to black-white unity and democratic youth unity, could fill that space.

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The need to fight racism and build the YWLL among black youth was discussed by many speakers at the Convention.

Among the resolutions discussed at the Convention were building the educational level of League members in the areas of black liberation, Afro-American history, and the fight against racism and to intensify the effort to free ANGELA DAVIS.

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The Second National Convention of the YWLL was held in Chicago, Illinois, during the period May 6-8, 1972. At the opening session on May 6, 1972, JARVIS TYNER, Communist Party Vice Presidential Candidate, delivered the main political report. During this report, he commented on the YWLL's contribution to the success of the campaign on behalf of ANGELA DAVIS and the acceptance being won by the Communist Party and the YWLL among the oppressed, the blacks, Puerto Ricans, Asians, et cetera.

NY T-5
May 15, 1972

The YWLL strives to gain influence in the Negro and Puerto Rican communities by stressing goals that would attract these people. In the past, all their effort was directed to "Freeing ANGELA DAVIS." Now that she has been acquitted of the murder and conspiracy charges, other causes will be sought.

In its publicity, the YWLL stresses that it is a multi-racial organization. This of course is not attractive to "Black nationalists" and in many cases friction is created between whites and the Negroes when sensitivities are offended bringing about charges of white chauvinism.

NY T-6
July 1972

C. Miscellaneous

During June 1972, a number of confidential sources who are familiar with Communist Party activities and personalities in the New York area were contacted and advised that they have no knowledge of Communist Party influence in racial organizations in the New York area.

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The source who has knowledge of black extremists and black extremist organizations in the New York area, advised that he has no knowledge of any Communist Party activity or influence among extremists or extremist organizations in New York City.

NY T-7
June 28, 1972

The source who has knowledge of the plans, activities and personalities of the Black Panther Party (BPP) in the New York area advised that he has no knowledge of any Communist Party activity or influence in the BPP in New York City.

NY T- 8
June 26, 1972

The BPP is a black extremist organization started in Oakland, California, in December, 1966. It advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics to bring about the overthrow of the United States Government.

It was learned that VALENTIN M. BERESHKOV, Vice President of the Moscow Institute for Public Relations and Managing Editor of the Soviet newspaper "U.S.A.", met with certain officials of "Die Wahrheit" (The Truth), official newspaper of the legal Communist Party in West Berlin in March 1972. BERESHKOV informed the group that during a recent tour of universities in the United States, he made a study of the Black Panther Party on behalf of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU).

BERESHKOV learned that during its early stages, the BPP came under sharp criticism from the CPSU as well as the CPUSA because of its militant philosophy. Under the



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
New York, New York

In Reply, Please Refer to

File No. Bufile 100-442529

NYfile 100-153735

AUG 2 1972

Title Communist Influence In Racial Matters

Character Internal Security - C

Agent Reference is made to New York report of Special dated and captioned as above.

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All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

NY T-9 which is another Government agency that conducts security investigations.

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leadership of such militant leaders as ELDRIDGE CLEAVER, presently in exile in Nigeria, the BPP's political philosophy was adventurous and based on a philosophy of accession to power by force. BERESHKOV continued that during this period it was necessary for the CPUSA to keep its distance from the BPP. However, following the ouster of its militant leaders, especially during the past several years, the BPP has gradually replaced its militant philosophy with a policy of social reforms designed to help the underprivileged blacks. This change has helped the BPP to pursue a course designed to close ranks with the CPUSA.

According to BERESHKOV, the BPP with the continuation of its social reforms, could become a basis organization for mass membership in the CPUSA. The BPP is now stronger than ever and with sufficient financing, could become a power in United States politics.

BERESHKOV further stated that the present instructor of the CPUSA in California showed him a list of numerous firms, organizations and middle class personalities in California who donate a considerable amount on a regular basis to the BPP, because of its recently adopted program of social reforms in black communities.

NY T-9
March 24, 1972

During June 1972, a number of confidential sources who are familiar with activities and personalities in the Progressive Labor Party (PLP) in the New York area, advised that they have no knowledge of any PLP influence in racial organizations in New York.

The PLP was founded in 1962 by individuals expelled from the Communist Party, USA for following the Chinese communist line. Its objective is the establishment of a militant working class movement based on Marxism-Leninism and MAO Tse-tung thought.

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